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A Weekly Record of the News, the Work, and the Thought of the Church

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CHICAGO PARISHES NOTE A SHIFTING OF MONEY CENTERS. To Chicago Letter. By the Rev. H. B. Gwyn.

REPORTING for the War Commission, the Rev. Dr. W. H. Milton said the Church had 441 chaplains in service during in war, of whom five lost their lives.





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化. LXII

MILWAUKEE, NEW YORK, AND CHICAGO.-MARCH 13, 1920

NO. 20



## Virile Work Among Men

OT many voluntary societies for religious work live to attain the age of a quarter century. Much more than that is the age of the organization that has played so large a part in the development of virile on among the men of the American Church—the Brothd of St. Andrew. From the day when the members of Bible class at St. James' Church, Chicago, determined they would do something to put the results of their study into operation and so adopted the two rules of r and service, which are the foundation of the now -wide organization, more than thirty-six years have ed. The generation that founded the Brotherhood has d away or has relinquished its management to younger Almost in its original words, however, the call to the vance of the twofold rule still challenges the young of the Church, and the organization back of the call rves its youth and its sympathetic contact with youth. Brotherhood is singularly free from dry rot.

This is impressed upon us as we turn over the pages—y two hundred in number—of the revised Handbook \* e organization which has recently been received. The generation of Brotherhood workers could not have pro1 such a Handbook. It bears the marks of long expee and it may be accepted as the Church's current classic to problem of enlisting men in service for men and Fod.

THE FIRST GENERATION of laymen trained by the Brotheris now in, or past, middle life. We have a right to
at them critically and ask whether the Brotherhood is
icated in its product. If it is, it must be because the
of to-day shows some mark of Churchmanship that is
fully developed than it was in the previous generation.
believe this can be shown.

First, the insistence on spirituality in connection with rch conventions is largely due to the initiative of the herhood. The Brotherhood conventions have always ered about the corporate Communion. These are the first ern conventions of Churchmen that have. To-day, Gen-Conventions and diocesan conventions and Church meetof all sorts have their corporate Communions. They did when the Brotherhood conventions inaugurated the prac-

Our fathers of the clergy will not misunderstand us n we say that it was the laity, and not the clergy, that the the corporate Communion an essential part of Church terings.

Neither was this due to laymen from parishes that were ed "advanced". It was men of the type of Houghteling

\*Handbook of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew in the United States, or Edition. Published at the National Headquarters, Church se, Twelfth and Walnut streets, Philadelphia.

and Stirling and certain others whom we refrain from naming in the same connection because they are still living—men who were young men thirty years ago—that taught the laity, and the clergy too, that the layman valued the Holy Communion first among his spiritual assets. There has never been a Eucharistic controversy in the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, neither has there ever been within it any question as to the place of the Holy Eucharist in the normal life of the normal Churchman. The middle-aged product of the Brotherhood may sometimes be lax in the frequency of his attendance upon the early celebrations, but he knows that he is departing from the ideals of the great lay founders of the Brotherhood when he is. It is not too much to say that the Brotherhood of St. Andrew has been the greatest factor in our generation in restoring the Holy Communion to a normal place in the Church.

Second, the Brotherhood has, to some extent, broken into the Anglo-Saxon reticence with respect to prayer and to religion in general. Thousands of laymen are perfectly at home to-day when asked to open a meeting with prayer or to say grace at a public dinner. Thousands of them have learned how to broach the subjects of churchgoing, of the reception of Holy Communion, and of loyalty to the Church, in a perfectly natural manner. Thousands of them, not purporting to be theologians, can give a lucid answer as to the faith that is in them. We venture to say that the Churchly intelligence on the part of the new lay members of the House of Deputies to-day much exceeds that of the same class of men a generation ago. The lay readers of to-day have largely been trained by the Brotherhood. We have not nearly the abuses in the vestry system that we had a generation ago. These gains are very largely due to the influence of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew.

The organization holds tenaciously to its twofold rule of prayer and service. It expounds both in very sensible fashion. The Handbook is a manual of admirable directions in both fields. Indeed the "Points on Brotherhood Work", which extend over some twenty pages, comprise a model of terse, expressive sentences, few of them exceeding two lines in length, which would justify use as a model of rhetoric. Some of these we must quote: "Climb the mountain top and draw near to God. But don't stay there. Mountain tops were not made to live on." "Personal solicitation is the most effective in business. Witness the ubiquitous drummer. Men don't want to feel that committees are being appointed to reform them." "Work the home-acre first. Your home-acre is the next man. If you must seek a wider field, let your way there be bordered by well-worked grounds of your own." "Don't give up work because the interest is not a hundred-fold. You only receive six per cent. on your money." "The world for Christ' is a grand ideal to work towards, but it

will never be realized if you neglect your corner of the world and go poking into somebody else's." "Don't start off on a gallop. You are in for a long race, and will need all your staying powers." "You have not time, and probably not the ability, for an exhaustive critical study of the Bible. Try rather to learn how its teachings apply to your daily life." "Try to enter into the spirit of the writers. They were busy men and they wrote for busy men." [In welcoming men at church:] "Avoid extra effusiveness in welcoming a man. Otherwise you will give him the impression that you think it is a remarkable thing for him to come to church. Treat him as though his presence there was the most natural thing in the world." "Don't say that because the field is small you can do nothing. That was the poor, unmanly excuse of the man with the one talent. Just as beautiful a flower may be raised in a flower-pot as in an acre lot."

Who wrote these many proverbs? The Brotherhood owes it to the world to tell. Solomon, Dean Hodges, and Arthur Brisbane are his only rivals in the method of terse, pithy epigram. Two of these have an eternal alibi and the third will never be suspected of the authorship, because of the steady run of only common sense that adorns the Handbook.

THE BROTHERHOOD is long past its experimental days. It is a part of the normal machinery of the Church.

The Church is to be congratulated on its continued wise management.



HE letter from Bishop Mott Williams relating to the need for support of our churches in Europe, and particularly for that at Rome, presents a grave problem. These churches differ from the normal

church in that they are the spiritual representatives of the American people in other lands, and the adequacy of their

Our Churches in Europe

maintenance is a large factor in establishing the place that America takes in these countries. They are also the chief,

perhaps the only adequate spiritual influence appealing to Americans residing or travelling in those countries. American residents, under present conditions, are very few. Tourists, however, will arrive in hordes this coming season.

In normal times these churches have been no charge upon the Church at home. They had sufficient resident populations to maintain them, and their services were generally very well sustained. With the war the resident population vanished. The churches, however, became more important than ever as centers for American relief work. The LIVING Church family were good enough to supplement their incomes sufficiently during the war to keep them going. was impossible, however, that that manner of support should be permanent. It dropped off as the calls upon Americans for the great national funds became imperative, and the fund was closed with the cessation of hostilities.

A period of reconstruction now will require, not only for Rome but for the other churches, a considerable annual subsidy from Churchmen in this country. We feel that the unprecedented condition and need must be met sympathetically by the Presiding Bishop and Council from the current funds of the Church. Beyond that we feel that an active bishop must be sent to the field to deal with the unusual conditions, to appraise needs, and to make careful recommendations to the Church at home in regard to an adequate policy. This must deal with the churches in Germany as well as with those in Italy and France. We fear that the absence of close episcopal supervision at this critical time may be a wrong to these churches.

In the meantime, to meet an immediate emergency, we will very gladly receive contributions from our generous readers for the purpose, as Bishop Williams suggests. But these can be only emergency contributions. It cannot be anticipated that they can solve the problem of the anxious years that lie ahead. The Church corporately must deal with the problem of the European churches, and must either corporately maintain them or corporately assume responsibility for closing them. We have drifted too long.

The difficulty resulting from the depreciation of the lire is a serious one to those, resident in Italy, who give in Italian currency. But it is an advantage to those who give in dollars. Five years ago, when we were sending much n = 1. these churches, the gift of a dollar conveyed five lire to un Now a similar gift sends them nineteen lire. The image problem is therefore rendered a little easier to those at a -

Two things, therefore, we ask. First, that the Press Bishop and Council will deal at an early day with the problem of our churches in Europe and will provide for the maintenance. Second; that our generous readers will be: the immediate problem, as Bishop Williams now suggests.



N commending the proposed Washington's Elm. contributions for the maintenance of Holy In-Church, Paris, in THE LIVING CHURCH of Jan. 31st, we commented upon a statement made 1.

circular issued on behalf of a non-sectarian "Andrea is church" in the same city to the effect that "eventual to the American Character of the Character

The American Church in Paris

Paris may be assumed by the Lichard World Movement." We make

sented the grave danger that, after Holy Trinity had be par excellence, the American church in Paris during 400. and the center of all relief activities of Americans, a some obscure undenominational church in the same city, n == getically soliciting a fund of two million dollars in this an try in order that it may be made the chief American case. Paris, might soon supplant it. General Pershing, B. Brent, and a whole host of leaders in army and range behind the movement to make Holy Trinity a permanent a memorial, but it will need perhaps a half million dollars ? American Churchmen to make this an assured fact. It > meantime the other movement may obtain its two must first and a sad condition of rivalry be created, which ::: every point of view, would be deplorable.

We now learn that the Interchurch Movement he clined the request of the Paris undenominational church: assistance, and are informed that the use of their name connection with it is without their authority. Evilet there is a misunderstanding somewhere, for it is increthat the Paris church would seek to raise money under inpretenses. Whatever the mistake may be, the Interest Movement disclaims any interest in the Paris appeal is quite to the credit of those at the helm in that moves

In the meantime the necessity that Churchmen shows provide the necessary funds for Holy Trinity Chura a scarcely be over-estimated.



TES, the world moves.

When, twenty years ago, a group of bishops ered in the Fond du Lac Cathedral to consect the present bishop of that see, followed the

continued diocesan use by wearing copes and mitres, a to s was created throughout the Church, a Philadelphia Church

> The World Moves

paper, now defunct, made an exercise ally vicious attack, our New York \*\* temporary wobbled perceptibly, as ?? then Presiding Bishop issued a formal disclaimer

responsibility.

To-day, in our English letter, the account of the or secration of the Bishop of Bradford by the Archbisher York, assisted by ten other bishops, contains the brief, manter of-fact statement, "The Archbishop was attended in in chaplains and two choir-boys in scarlet cassocks who as cope-bearers."

Nobody attacks, nobody wobbles, nobody distant responsibility.

Yes, the world moves.



HE death of Bishop Adams at the advanced in 87 years removes one who was highly revered? those who knew him and who quietly and patient did whatever work might fall to him. He was !!

well known to the Church at large. He was not effect. attendance at Church gatherings outside his diocese. He 72

a humble, devoted worker in the til-Death of yard of his Master. God give 13 Bishop Adams rest!

With the episcopate vacant simultaneously in the [5]



184.16

ses of Delaware and Easton, lying side by side and with erms quite largely in common, the question of whether tle bishop for the two dioceses would promote the work no doubt, arise and receive careful consideration. Obly it can be determined only by those in the field.

## LIVING CHURCH ROLL OF BENEFACTORS OF THE "FATHERLESS CHILDREN OF FRANCE"

| he following is the report for the week of those of as assuming the responsibility of benefactors to a Children: |       |
|--|-------|
| H. н.  | 6.00  |
| fI. M. B. Peoria Ill   | 36.50 |
| C. W. Lockwood, Eau Claire, Wis  | 36.50 |
| La yman, St. Luke's Church, Germantown, Philadelphia,  |       |
| Pa   | 36.50 |
| G. B. K., Philadelphia, Pa   | 36.50 |

| Total for the week      | \$ 152.00 |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| Previously acknowledged | 59,627.43 |

| NEAR EAST RELIEF FUND                                | \$59,779.43 |
|--|-------------|
| • •  | \$ 3.00     |
| H., Calvary Church, Santa Cruz, Calif                | 2.00        |
| W. S. Claiborne, Melbourne, Fla., for March          | 5.00        |
| ry, Grammar, and High School Departments Cathedral   |             |
| unday School, Lexington, Ky                          | 1.00        |
| moriam, J. G. H                                      | 5.00        |
| ers of St. Clement's Church, Philadelphia, Pa        | 8.25        |
| h School Class of the Chapel of the Nativity, Cedar- | 0.20        |
| roft, Md   | 2.00        |
| B  | 5.00        |
| r's Aid of All Saints' Church, Chevy Chase, Md       | 25.00       |
| mory of dear ones                                    | 5.00        |
| ul's Mission, Quincy, Fla                            | 5.00        |
| Dorothy Dickinson, Bainbridge, N. Y                  | 5.00        |
| ames' Church, Alexandria, La                         | 26.14       |
| imes' Church Sunday School, Alexandria, La           | 33.18       |
| livet Chapel, Pineville, La                          | 10.75       |
| ng taken at first service in Ferriday, La            | 3.84        |
| Richardson, Norristown, Pa                           | 2.00        |
|  |             |
| Tirke W. Cushing Memorial                            | 35.00       |
| G., for February                                     | 2.00        |

| 'UND FOR CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL AT LILLE, FRAN   | CE                       |
|---|--------------------------|
| W., Washington, D. C                          | $\frac{5.00}{2.00}$      |
| FUND FOR HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, PARIS           | 7.00                     |
| J. A. Pennoyer, Kenosha, Wis\$  kline, Mass." | $25.00 \\ 2.25 \\ 25.00$ |

| mes' Parish, Washington, D. C        |      | 25.00                |
|--------------------------------------|------|----------------------|
|                                      | \$   | 77.25                |
| ND FOR FEEDING AUSTRIAN WOMEN AND CH | ILDI | REN                  |
| C. A. S., Fairfax, Va                |      | 2.00<br>8.45<br>1.00 |
|                                      |      |                      |

| FUND FOR FRENCH ORPHANS       | 11.45 |
|-------------------------------|-------|
| ary's Church, Haledon, N. J\$ | 5.60  |
| FUND FOR BELGIAN ORPHANS      | 1.4   |

For relief of children.

#### DAILY BIBLE READINGS

By the Rev. David Lincoln Ferris THE SECRET OF PEACE

Sunday: Psalm 23.

By Refusing to be Afraid

NE of the bravest expressions in the Bible is in the words: "I will fear no evil," or in other words: "I refuse to be afraid." If the religious experiences of the Hebrew poet could produce such confidence

ais Guide, how much more should it be possible for us! cause of fear is doubt, an anxious looking forward, in ly instances, to things which never come to pass. Its dote is the confidence born of a love which so implicitly ts the Good Shepherd that it refuses to be afraid. My ward circumstances may remain unchanged, filled with igs that hurt, but at the center of life there will be that ce which passes understanding. Strive each day to culte composure and to get rid of fear. Trust your Good pherd so entirely that your state of mind shall not be ermined by your outward circumstances.

Monday: Isaiah 26: 1-7.

The Peace of Fellowship with God

"Thou wilt keep him in perfect peace whose mind is 7ed on Thee." Like an intimate Friend, God is very near, I His shaping influence is motived by love. This fact of our religion can be made so to fit into our experiences as to bring peace. We do not take the initiative. God is ever waiting to be gracious. Only God can say: "I will never leave thee nor forsake thee," or "I will in no wise let thee Times without number comes the Bible phrase: "Fear not." Courage is the soil out of which every virtue grows, and peace of mind is the reward of fellowship with God.

Tuesday: St. John 14.

Peace was a Distinctive Feature in Christ's Life

The Christian religion does not promise immunity from the vicissitudes of life. The most saintly are often the most sorely tried; the right-minded are disciplined, as chosen vessels are heated in the furnace. To all such the Master says: "My peace I give unto you. Let not your heart be troubled." This was not the peace of outward circumstances, for these words were spoken only a few hours before Gethsemane and Calvary. It was the peace of unbroken union with the Father born of the consciousness of having always done the Father's will. "A Man of sorrows and acquainted with grief" had at the center of His life a profound and characteristic peace. That peace has been the magnet of all ages to draw unto Him the "weary and heavy-laden".

Wednesday: Ephesians 3.

The Realm of Peace is in the "Inner Man"

The inner man is the sub-conscious self, and the subconscious self is the place where the Holy Spirit operates to a large degree. Here is the basis of habit, the foundation of memory, and the spring of all automatic action. In the inner man is the indwelling motive through which we do right or do wrong, generally without premeditation. The true Christian does not do wrong intentionally; it is the impulse of the inner man. The Apostle's prayer is that we may have strength through the Holy Spirit dwelling in this inner man, that here we may store away high thoughts and noble ideals which are to become the dominating forces of life. It is the action of the hidden current on the submerged four-fifths of the iceberg which determines the direction in which it moves. It is the action of the hidden current of the Holy Spirit on the submerged inner man which determines the way we go. If we are to have God's peace in our lives we must store in the inner man the thoughts and ideals which make for peace.

> Thursday: St. Luke 9: 28-36. The Secret of Prayer is Peace

"As He was praying" He was transfigured. The transfiguring power of prayer expresses itself in the peace which looks out of the eyes of those who live close to the Master. To be like Christ, to share in His peace, we must live in the atmosphere of prayer. What the wing is to the bird, and the fin to the fish, the instinct to pray is to the soul. As the one needs the air and the other the water, so the soul needs communion with God. In that communion is the secret of peace. God calls "Seek ye My face". Man's response, "Thy face, Lord, will I seek", is the response of prayer. The proof of prayer is in the pray-er. As our Lord is the perfect Example of peace, so He is the supreme Example of the prayer-life. If in that Life there was the need for prayer, how much more so in ours!

> Friday: Galatians 5: 22-26. Peace is a Fruit of the Spirit

Nine elemental characteristics of life are here enumerated as the fruit of the Spirit. "The fruit of the Spirit is peace." In these days we hear much of the "acid test". St. Paul is here applying to the Christian life the "orchard test", which is a far better point of view. Whatever our outward circumstances may be, just so far as the Holy Spirit dominates our lives shall we have peace.

Saturday: St. Luke 12: 1-12.

Our Peace is Dependent upon a Religious Experience

He who walks with the Son of Man, and so confesses Him before men, has in that religious experience a Presence which ennobles his best and shames his worst. To him that Presence is like temperature in the water, or perfume in the air, invisible, yet pervasive, and it makes a difference in his life. As we order our lives on the spiritual plane we insure to ourselves the blessing of a divine peace.

#### NOTES ON THE NEW HYMNAL-XIII

BY THE REV. WINFRED DOUGLAS



YMN 1. "New every morning is the love".

The tune Melcombe first appeared anonymously in "An Essay on the Church Plain Chant" in 1872, in plainsong notation. Some years later, it was

published again in modern notation with a figured bass, by Samuel Webbe, the cabinet-maker and Church musician referred to in the comment on Hymn 110. It was composed for O salutaris hostia.

HYMN 2. "Awake, my soul, and with the sun."

HYMN 25. "All praise to thee, my God, this night."

Bishop Ken's three great hymns for morning, evening, and midnight were originally written at least as early as 1674, when he refers to them in "A Manual of Prayers for the Use of the Scholars of Winchester College". They were revised again and again with loving care until 1709. The Hymnal omits six stanzas of the morning hymn, and five of the evening. The missing stanzas show, in addition to the "manly piety, the inviolate conscience, and energy of duty" in the one, "and the spirit of serene humility and confidence" in the other, an extraordinarily lofty sense of heaven, of angelical worship in the presence of God, and of angelical assistance to ourselves. Here are some of them:

"Heaven is, dear Lord, where'er Thou art,
O never then from me depart:
For to my soul 'tis hell to be
But for one moment void of Thee.

"You my blest Guardian, while I sleep, Close to my bed your vigits keep: Divine love into me instil; Stop all the avenues of ill;

"Thought to thought with my soul converse; Celestial joys to me rehearse; And in my stead all the night long Sing to my God a grateful song."

At his own request, the morning hymn was sung at Bishop Ken's burial "under the East window of the Chancel, just at sun rising," at Frome parish church.

We do not know to what tunes the boys of Winchester sang these precious treasures. Music to the evening hymn by Jeremiah Clark (composer of No. 11) was published in 1693. But Tallis' famous tune, written over a century earlier, may well have been associated with the words from the first. The tune is called "Canon" because, as by a strict "rule", the tenor part sings the melody one measure later than the treble: the last four notes of the treble supplying the first four notes of the tenor. Sing serenely and steadily at a slow pace.

The bright, fresh-spirited setting of the morning hymn was composed by Francois Barthélémon, a French violinist, who, after several professional tours, made his home in England. It was written for the children of a large orphan asylum for girls, and at once supplanted the earlier tune by Clark.

We do not sing these two hymns often enough: the clergy should look to it that we use them more frequently.

HYMN 3. "Come, my soul, thou must be waking."

Baron von Canitz, the author, had an intense love of early morning. On the day of his death, he had his attendant carry him to the window of his sick chamber, to see for the last time the glories of the rising sun: and to prefigure by them the impending vision of "That far brighter Sun" of righteousness, so soon to dawn upon him.

The first tune, arranged from an orchestral composition of Haydn, is fine music: but it is less satisfactory as a vehicle for the words than the very expressive tune of Dean Lutkin, which has a true matutinal vigor and freshness, and a perfect correspondence with the natural rhythm of the words.

HYMN 5. "Now that the sun is gleaming bright."

This is a version of the ancient Office Hymn at Prime, Jam lucis orto sidere. The original text, no longer ascribed as formerly to St. Ambrose, nevertheless probably dates from the fifth century. But in 1736 Charles Coffin, rector of the University of Paris, altered the hymn extensively for the Paris Breviary; and this is the version which Cardinal Newman freely translated while still in the Anglican Com-

munion. The old French plainsong tune associated the words is found at No. 28; but could not be used up the English words are not in the original metal familiar tune chosen is almost always sung too facts should move at a moderate rate.

#### DEATH OF BISHOP ADAMS



died on Friday morning, March 5th, after a ness of two weeks, aged eighty-seven year, had been Bishop of Easton for a third of a reco

and member of the American episcopate for forty-treeshaving been consecrated first Missionary Bishop of Mexico and Arizona on January 17, 1875. His two interests, Misses Louise and Pauline, and his son, Dr. W. Adams, were at his bedside when he died.

Bishop Adams' last appearance in public was well blessed the banner and flag presented to Talbot Post ican Legion, at the memorial services held in Christ (1).

Easton, on Washington's Birthday.

Made deacon in 1859 and priest in 1860 at the of the first Bishop of Mississippi, the Rt. Rev. W. Mercer Green, D.D., he served first at St. Paul's Chr. Woodville, Mississippi. In 1867 he became rector of Peter's Church, New Orleans, and the following year derector of St. Paul's Church in the same city, where he result in 1875 he was chosen to the missionary episopath the following year he resigned his jurisdiction, became failing health, and became rector of Holy Trinity Chr. Vicksburg, Miss., leaving this parish in 1887 to be Bishop of Easton.

Bishop Adams was born in Enniskillen, Ireland it and in 1841 came to the United States, where he received education. The University of the South granted him degree of D.C.L. in 1874, and he later received the degree in divinity from St. John's College, Maryland that in laws from Washington College in the same same has admitted to the bar in the state of Mississippin in the state of Mississi

The bishops officiating at his consecration were Boreen, Wilmer of Louisiana, and Beckwith of Georgia

## THE SEVEN WORDS IN THEIR RELATION TO CHRISTIAN MISSIONS

BY THE REV. H. FIELDS SAUMENIG

[Arranged for Good Friday with suggested hymns, and property request of several of the clergy.]



IRST WORD: THE VISION OF MISSIONS. The man viewpoint. "Darkness and the shader death." The heathen in his blindness.

Hymn 249. "O Sion, haste", etc.

Second Word: The Vision of Rescue. Application of a Gospel to social conditions and problems. Missing the slums, reaching after the people outside the Characteristic for the world world, etc.

Third Word: THE VISION OF HOME MISSIONS. The its the parish. Mission Sunday schools and chapels tutional work. Divorce evil; child-labor, etc.

Hymn 253. "Fling out the banner."

Fourth Word: THE VISION OF THE HEATHEN. The cal in the mission field. The consciousness of the need of the need of the meed of the world."

Hymn 256. "Souls in heathen darkness", etc.

Fifth Word: The Vision of Missions. The divine it point. Jesus' passion for souls. "Go ye into all y world," etc.

Hymn 432. "Love divine, all love", etc.

Sixth Word: THE VISION OF THE CONSUMMATION. THE kingdoms of this world . . . of our Lord and Education Christ."

Hymn 329. "Thy Kingdom come".

Seventh Word: THE VISION OF RESCUE THROUGH SURF I.

The cost of missions. "The Good Shepherd given is life." Hannington, Livingston, Ingle, etc.

Hymn 176. "For all Thy saints", etc.



## Story of the Department of Education

By the Rev. William E. Gardner, D.D.

OME of the results of the Nation-wide Campaign in education are beginning to show.

The Presiding Biant. the new Department of Education \$65,000. This is crease of \$27,000 over the expenditures of the General d of Religious Education last year. The Council promthe Department that this appropriation is only a being and that as favorable reports are received from dioccommittees more money will be appropriated for

In every way within its power, the Presiding Bishop and icil is recognizing the importance of Religious Education. The Department of Religious Education presents a new iod of advancing the educational interests of the Church. men with the President of the Council, Bishop Gailor, direct the policy and the administration of such educail work as the Council decides to conduct.

The six men are all well known for their educational ints. Bishop Lawrence is a trustee of many educational tutions, notably Harvard University and Wellesley Col-

He is keen on having the Church formulate and pursue ducational policy that will make every educational intion a tangible asset not only to the Church but to the of the nation. Bishop Anderson is a staunch advocate ne teaching office of the Church and has been most outen in his diocese for religious expression in the home for the training of teachers. Bishop Reese of Southern has given much time to study of the difficulties present he methods of training men for the ministry. He has ten and spoken on the need of some system by which y man in the ministry shall be enabled to do the work he is best fitted to do. Dr. Z. B. T. Phillips of St. is is recognized for his interest in educational standards. is zealous that the Church in all her educational work ild be fearless in maintaining the value of the intellect ne greatest aid to faith. Mr. Harper Sibley of Rochester successful Sunday school superintendent and a business who gives his best thought to the welfare of the youth of hester. Mr. William M. Baldwin is an active member he Board of Religious Education of the diocese of Long nd and also a trustee of the excellent schools for boys and 3 within his diocese.

Under the leadership of Bishop Gailor, who has had a e share in making the University of the South one of leading educational institutions of the country, it is easy leasure the keen interest and expert judgment which these n will manifest as they sit around the table and make is for the educational work of the Church.

The organization of the Department is such that the m men will be able to center their interest on administra-. Expert knowledge and judgment will be secured by mission. According to the by-laws, the Department of igious Education "may invite persons expert in particular nches of education to serve on commissions, to investigate report on special conditions and problems in education. th commission shall exist until its report is acted upon the commission discharged. The expenses of the comsion shall be paid from appropriations made by the incil. The members of any commission shall have seat voice in Department meetings when their report is conered." Such an organization has been tested for a number rears by the General Board of Religious Education. Some he most effective work done by the Board was on the advice experts brought together for special tasks.

The programme as adopted by the Department of Religs Education consists of the following points:

"Inquiry Stations" and Work among Students

In the work among Church students, the policy of the partment is to learn what the Church ought to do before empting a plan on a large scale. An "inquiry station" ans a college center where the Department is trying out thods of Church work among students. In each "inquiry

station' the Department maintains a "university pastor". This man as an agent of the Department has assigned to him a territory which covers contiguous states in which are colleges and universities. As an agent of the Department he visits the rectors in these centers and sometimes calls them into conference. By this method the Department hopes ultimately to have twelve stations and through them touch over two hundred college centers. Every successful method of college work can in this way be made known to the two hundred college workers. They can be brought together in groups and consider the problems of a locality and at the same time feel themselves in contact with the college work of the Church as a whole.

The Department now has three "inquiry stations". Nine more are planned and will be started the moment the Presiding Bishop and Council makes the appropriations. The three that are in operation are at Iowa Agricultural College, Ames, Iowa, under the Rev. LeRoy S. Burroughs; at Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y., under the Rev. Cyril Harris; and at Dartmouth College, Hanover, N. H., under the Rev. John T. Dallas.

In addition to maintaining the "inquiry stations" the Department is interested in recruiting workers for the Church, men for the ministry, men and women for the foreign field, for directors of Religious Education and social workers among the twenty thousand Church students. It has also made plans to have oversight of the 130 students from our colleges in China and Japan now doing advance work in the universities of the United States.

The Council also made an appropriation for the National Student Council, an organization which attempts to enroll in religious study and Church work all Church students in the various institutions of the country. This organization is made up of representatives appointed by the various synods and selected from college faculties, university pastors, and the students themselves.

(2) Survey of Church Colleges

The Department voted to request President Kenneth M. Sills of Bowdoin College to survey the Church colleges. This survey was required because the Nation-wide Campaign contained askings from the Church colleges amounting to \$1,-490,000. President Sills will begin his work immediately and hopes to present a report at the meeting of the Council in Mav.

(3) Commission on Recruiting and Training the Ministry

The revision of the canons on ordination presented at the last General Convention was done by a Council of the General Board of Religious Education. That council has urged upon the new Department of Religious Education the importance of a commission not only to interpret the new canons but to take up the whole subject of recruiting, training, and admitting men to the ministry. The Department has provided for such a commission by requesting each seminary to send one representative from the faculty, and it has invited the president of the Board of Education in each province to send two representatives chosen from examining chaplains who are working pastors. This commission will meet immediately and consider the supply of the ministry, standards of training, and the application of the new canon.

(4) Survey of Church Boarding Schools

The Department has continued the survey committee for Church boarding schools, of which Dr. William G. Thayer of St. 'Mark's School, Southboro, Mass., is the executive. Dr. Thayer has been visiting schools in the South. Immediately after Lent he will make a western trip. It is hoped that during the summer Dr. Thaver will issue a report which will be of great value in determining the best lines along which our Church boarding schools should proceed.

(5) Experimental Schools Coöperating with Public Schools The Department has continued the plan for Church week-day schools cooperating with public schools where children can be excused for religious instruction. The appropria-



tion continues the appointment of Miss Vera L. Noyes as the Department's teacher at Christ Church, Gary, Indiana, and also Miss Edith H. James at St. Mark's, Toledo, Ohio. The appropriation provides for a secretary in the Department, whose attention will be mainly given to this important work. The Department hopes to secure a man who has had an experience in public school work that will command the respect of educators and win their interest in week-day religious instruction.

#### (6) Teacher Training

The Department made provision for a commission to provide better training for the teachers of Church Sunday schools.

This commission will devise plans to bring the largest possible number of teachers under some form of training at the earliest moment. It is to prepare, or supervise the preparation of, courses for the consideration of the Department. Its immediate work is the consideration of a manuscript for a textbook entitled *How to Teach the Life of Christ*. This commission will meet immediately and it is hoped to have this manuscript ready for use at the summer schools.

#### (7) Christian Nurture Production

The Department made provision to continue the revision and production of the Christian Nurture Series.

#### (8) Commission on Pageantry and Dramatic Art

On the basis of the success of the Nation-wide Campaign Pageant provided for the Church School Programme, the Council has made provision for a Commission on Pageantry and Dramatic Art. This commission is to report at the earliest moment to the Department suggesting a programme and methods for using pageantry in educational work.

#### (9) Commission on Provincial Boards

The Department has considered the difficulties under which provincial Boards of Religious Education are organized and developed. They decided to place the study of the methods of provincial organization for education in the hands of Dr. Charles H. Boynton of the General Seminary. Dr. Boynton has done successful work as executive secretary of the provincial Board of Religious Education of New York and New Jersey. During the General Convention he interviewed all the representatives from provincial boards who were present at the Convention. Under direction of the Department he will organize a small commission and after surveying the possibilities of provincial organization will report to the Department and make recommendations.

#### (10) Coöperation with Religious Education Organizations

The Department voted to coöperate with the Council of Church Boards of Education which is the interdenominational agency for dealing with the various Christian organizations in universities in such matters as conducting evangelistic campaigns, surveys, visits of secretaries of the various boards, and the study of problems common to all religious bodies in the vocational guidance and Church life of students. It also voted to coöperate with the Sunday School Council of evangelical denominations which is organized to advance economy and educational betterment in Church Sunday schools of the nation.

#### (11) Personnel Bureau

The Council authorized the Department of Religious Education to create a Church Personnel Bureau for all departments of Church work. It provided that a commission composed of the following secretaries who are vitally interested in Church personnel should have charge of the organization and development of the bureau: Drs. Gardner, Wood, and Gray, Mr. Clark, and Miss Lindley. This commission will immediately take up the organization of the bureau, whose objects are as follows:

- a) To receive and act upon requests for help from all who have vacancies in any form of Church work or desire to apply for any form of Church work in the United States.
- b) To work toward a personnel organization in the Church which will
  - (1) Discover and encourage future workers for the Church and assist them, if necessary, in training.
  - (2) Recruit those ready for work in the Church.
  - (3) Encourage the maintenance of standards of qualification, training, and service.

(12) Vocational Guidance of Young People

On the basis of the Life Work Conferences of Nation-wide Campaign conducted by Mr. Gordon Rethe Brotherhood of St. Andrew the Department applications of the Carry on this important work. The George A. Strong was requested to form this commission

Mr. and Mrs. Strong have held personal interies various cities with the young men and women who simulat these conferences a desire for life work in the Crafter the information gained, it is evident that the Crafter is losing a large amount of personal power. While to is searching for young men and young women, can methods and schools for their training, forcing them for into positions of responsibility, the Church is leaving whole subject to chance and in many cases allaying consulty a pious declaration that God will call workers to man his Kingdom. The Vocational Guidance Bureau which gradually be developed should become the method by rethe will of the Church cooperates with the Will of God.

(13) Junior Auxiliary and Church School Service Lag.

By the vote of the Presiding Bishop and Court work of the Junior Auxiliary and the Church School Sch

These items give a glimpse of the definite tasks that Church sends up to its Department of Religious Education. These are not all the tasks. In the original budget appear by the Department there were many other items, we some day will appear as the Church more clearly assumeducational responsibility and gives the money to meet a cost.

The most important task is to make religious educations the imagination. To that end a pamphlet will be published with illustrations and descriptive resimilations will be made available to every congregation. If every congregation will be asked to share in a wise plant equip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-most sequip the youth of to-day to become the Church of to-day to be youth of to-day to be youth

#### WHAT IS YOUR SIN FOR LENT?

WHEN POOR Hugh Benson was a little boy at True is children of that remarkable Benson family were wont to properly a rayming game. In one of these, so the Monsigners is rapher tells us, each player wrote a question which was to answered by some other player in a poem. Hugh, who had be talked to about the necessity of overcoming some besetting service, wrote in perfect good faith as his question: "What is got sin for Lent?"

I do not know what the rhymed answer was, but I do to that the question is a very good one; for Lent is what the tary men in this day would call a "drive", a forty days drive" on definite and spiritually strategic positions.

Sins, like soldiers, entrench. They dig themselves in all, a habit is a trench—that is just what it is. We mis up barbed-wire entanglements, we may entrench our better into good habits that face the bad, we may all the year restrive to be on guard, alert, watchful, and occasionally so in popping off one of the enemy. But now comes Lent the order goes along the whole line for a determined that the heavy artillery tunes up; forces behind us are covering advance; the big drive of the year is on. We know the suct out for us. It is not easy; it is hard; but we know exact the point of the enemy's trench that we are directed to state. The Apostle called it "the sin which doth so easily beset us.

It is the sin which has sent us again and again. we're and almost slain, to the base hospital. We are going after the one particular sector of the enemy's line. We are not got wander about in a befuddled and ineffective way: we launch to selves like a bolt for the definite objective. As Hugh Bensyl is "What is your sin for Lent?"—Rev. George Craig Stewart the Diocese of Chicago.

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## Dr. Manning on the Concordat Movement

PEAKING before a crowded congregation at Trinity Chapel, on March 3rd, on Present Efforts towards Christian Unity, in the series of addresses on Some Present Religious Questions, in United Lenten services of Trinity parish, New York,

Rev. Dr. Manning said, in part:

"This Proposal for Approach towards Unity known as 3 Concordat' is a subject which has been much miserstood by some very good people, and, I am bound to . much misrepresented by some others. In any approach ards unity there are two principles which must guide us. "First. In loyalty to our Lord we may not demand as ondition of unity anything that is not actually essential he Christian Faith.

"Second. In loyalty to our Lord we may not comproe nor surrender anything that is an essential principle of Faith.

"Now some people hold that this Proposal called the cordat involves surrender of essential principles. But is not a question of opinion; it is a question of fact. If Proposal involves surrender of principle someone must w what the principle is which is surrendered, and this one has yet done.

"What are the essential principles of the Faith which st be the basis of all proposals for unity? They were set th in the famous Lambeth Quadrilateral. They are the eds, the Scriptures, the Apostolic Ministry, and the Sacnents as ordained and instituted by our Lord Himself. any of these principles surrendered in this proposal? t one of them. They are all specifically and most carely safeguarded. The principle of the priesthood is the which is distinctive of the Catholic Church, the requirent of episcopal ordination for the exercise of the priestd and the ministration of the sacraments. But this is surrendered. This is the very thing that the Congreganalist signers of this proposal are agreeing to accept.

"There are two questions to be considered; the question principle, and the question of policy. The question of nciple is not involved in this proposal because those prinles which are actually essential are carefully conserved. e question of policy is a different matter. As to whether s plan will work, whether it is practicable, whether it will helpful or harmful in its practical effects, there is room leed for wide difference of opinion among Churchmen ally wise, equally good, and equally loyal.

5 "The Concordat provides that the minister thus applyfor ordination shall satisfy the bishop 'that he holds the toric faith of the Church as contained in the Apostles' eed and in the Nicene Creed; that he shall be confirmed, it he shall be ordained deacon and priest, that he shall creafter use a prescribed rite and invariably use the elents of bread and wine in celebrating the Holy Communion, d that he shall continue permanently in relation with the shop and under his guidance and discipline.

"Do we realize what it means for the eminent and earst men whose names are signed to the Proposal to assent these provisions? Never before have a group of reprentative Protestant ministers been willing for the sake of ity to go so far as this. The step for them is a revolunary one. It requires much grace and humility and true ligion for men to be willing to take such a step. estion for us is, have we a right to ask more than this of ese men as a condition of unity? That is the question nich those who have been engaged in this matter have had ask themselves in the sight of God.

"The principal objection urged against this Proposal is at, although the minister thus applying will have been conmed and ordained to the priesthood, the people of his conegation will not have been required to be confirmed. That an important and serious matter. Those who have had irt in these conferences have not been unmindful of it. ut have we a right to reject the whole proposal on this count? Can we say that the Church never admits to the oly Communion any one who has not been confirmed? We

know that we cannot say this. The rule as to Confirmation preceding admission to the Holy Communion is a rule to which exception is made. Both in the Anglican Church and in the Roman Church those who have not been confirmed are under certain conditions admitted to the Holy Communion. For one hundred years no one in the Episcopal Church was confirmed, because we had no bishops, and, unfortunate as this was, the Church survived. This was a situation of emergency. May we not regard the situation created by these proposals for the healing of the wounds in the Body of Christ as one of emergency? Those who oppose the measure on this ground may be asked to remember that this is avowedly an ad interim measure. It is only a temporary arrangement; an approach towards full realization of unity. The Congregationalists feel this quite as strongly as we do. Consider what the situation will be. The minister will have been confirmed and ordained priest. The people will have formally assented to this. They and their priest will be in stated relation with the bishop. Is it not reasonable to suppose that many of them may soon desire Confirmation? Have we a right to reject the whole proposal unless the people are required at once to be confirmed?

"But someone says, 'If they are willing to go so far, why do they not go further and come right in? That question reveals a strange view of unity. What is meant by 'coming right in'? Surely we do not hold that in order to become a Catholic Christian a man must come into the Episcopal Church? We do not want to make Congregationalists and Presbyterians and Methodists into Episcopalians. That is not what we mean by unity. We want to see them, and ourselves, also, lifted out of our present divisions and sectarianisms into the full life and fellowship of the Catholic Church.

"And that is what this proposal has in view. The Congregationalists who accept this arrangement will not be in the Episcopal Church. They will not be under the canons of the Episcopal Church. They will not be required to use the Prayer Book of the Episcopal Church. But they will be unmistakably in the Communion of the Catholic Church. They will hold the historic faith as contained in the Creeds; they will accept the Scriptures; they will have the priesthood and the sacraments; they will be in communion with a Catholic bishop and under his guidance and discipline. And what else have we a right to ask of them? Was there ever any other test of Catholic Communion than this in the first centuries? If carried into effect, this bold step on the part of these congregations may be an epoch-making one. It may prove to be the greatest practical step in the direction of unity since disunity began.

"I have supported this proposal from the beginning, not because I though it was perfect; not because it is in all respects just what I should like to see it; but because, as it violates no principle of the Catholic Faith, I felt that I had no right to put difficulties in its way, and that I had no right to withhold my support from it. And I shall continue to give it my support unless in its further consideration it shall develop that it cannot be carried into effect without violation of principle. There are great difficulties and uncertainties connected with it, but that is likely to be the case in any real forward step, and if this measure can be worked out it may have results greater than any of us can now foresee.

"What is the present status of this proposal? It was presented at the recent General Convention and initial action was taken in regard to it. The proposal was not considered or passed upon in detail. The Convention said, practically, that there was promise enough in the proposal to warrant preliminary action making it possible to put the measure into effect three years hence, if the Convention shall then see fit to act favorably upon it.

"The Convention also appointed a Joint Commission to which was referred the whole subject, the original proposal together with certain important additional suggestions to be carefully considered in further conference with the Congregationalists.

"The Congregationalists on their part at their National



Council took corresponding action by appointing a Commission to continue the conferences with our own Commission.

"Is there anything in this situation to cause misgiving or alarm? Surely we ought to be glad that conferences are being carried on between the Congregationalists, or any other Christians, and ourselves, with the hope of finding a way of approach toward unity. There are three years for further thought and consideration. There are great difficulties to be met and overcome. No one can say what will be the result of the conferences nor what the final form of the proposal may be.

"Surely this is not a time for excitement and agitation, and attempt to stir up passion and prejudice against such an effort as this. It is a time for careful thought, for calm discussion, and especially for prayer that those who are charged with responsibility in this matter may have right guidance.

"In a recent issue, the Congregationalist, published in Boston, referring to the action taken by our Convention, said: 'Our Council in response has appointed a similar Commission. The Joint Commission thus constituted is not in any way limited to the proposals already submitted to the Episcopal Convention. It may and should take into studious and solemn consideration the whole possible way of recognition and unity. The Joint Commission has a right to ask for suspense of hasty criticism, for patient waiting, and for prayerful consideration and help. We should have the final

conclusions of the Commission before us before we may up our minds in regard to the price which evidently may be paid by both parties to such an agreement for manifestation of brotherly cooperation and united witness.

"And we Churchmen and Churchwomen should this this effort not with prejudice, and with minds closed said it, but with deep sense of our responsibility, with open and and with real desire that a true way of approach toward in may be found. We, too, should have the final conclusionable for us before we make up our minds. For us also it is time 'for suspense of hasty criticism, for patient waiting, a for prayerful consideration and help'. Instead of forms an organization to oppose this effort we should have consumptionable in all our churches for the help and support and an guidance of those upon whom the General Conventional laid the responsibility of having part in this most sent undertaking."

PROCRASTINATION is helping the devil in retarding righterness in the world. Remember that legend of how he summed his imperial staff and offered a reward to the member who was suggest the best way to destroy a human soul. One said. Contach him there is no God. Another said, Prove there is no immortain and no truth in the Bible. But still another suggested, Contach him that there is no hurry about his carrying out his good is lutions. And the devil gave that one the prize.—Bishop Table

## The Open Door

## By Louis Tucker

Scene: A Church at the End of the Eucharist.

PERSONS: OUR LORD. THE CONGREGATION. A PRIEST.

(As the candles are put out the light increases. Many look up. The light strengthens, gathers, collects into a Form on the chancel steps. His hair is white, His face, hands, and feet like molten brass, His robe like white flame. The light decreases until the congregation, no longer dazzled, can see clearly.

HE: Follow Me!

(He walks down the aisle. The congregation, amazed, rise and follow. Just inside the door He pauses. The congregation, incredulous, files past. He looks each in the eyes and says a word or two. When they have passed they are no longer incredulous. The first is a woman.)

HE: Mary!

(She tries to kneel at His feet. He raises her.)

HE: Go, feed My lambs. Zaccheus!

THE NEXT MAN: Lord, the half of my goods I give.
If I have wronged any I restore fourfold.

HE: This day has thy salvation come. Go, feed My sheep. Thomas! (The next man steps forward.)
Put thy finger in the wound in My hand. Go shepherd My sheep. Martha!

THE NEXT WOMAN: Yea, Lord.

HE: Go, tell the good news. Nicodemus! (The next man halts.) Go, teach men of Me. John!

THE NEXT MAN: My Master!

HE: Whoso loveth Me, John, keepeth My commandments. Go tell men so. Luke, go heal My sheep. Bartimaeus, thou art not forgotten. Go teach men to see Me. Peter, why slip by, face hidden?

THE NEXT MAN: Lord, I am not worthy.

HE: Go take up thy cross and lead men after Me.

MARY: (From outside.) Lord, Lord, I have told a
woman passing by on the street that You are here

and she will not believe. HE: Why?

MARY: She said she must go home to get dinner.

ZACCHEUS: I called one in. He was a foreigner and did not understand.

LUKE: (From outside.) I tried to bring in a sick man for healing, Lord. He said I was mad.

HE: Friends; did you try to bring a friend?

LUKE: The passers by are strangers.

ZACCHEUS: We dare not leave to go and tell our friends lest Thou be gone.

MARY: Lord, may we bring them later? What shall we do?

(The priest in his cassock comes to the door and kneels silently. Our Lord lays His right hand on the priest's shoulder.)

HE: Tell them, Paul.

THE PRIEST: Master, I do not know.

HE: Then follow Me.

(He walks out through the doorway and is gone. The priest and those in the shurch follow, and find themselves among those on the porch, but the Lord is not visible.)

VOICES: He is gone!

OTHERS: If He had only told us what to do. But He is gone.

MARY: (to the priest.) He laid His hand upon your shoulder. You tell us what to do.

PRIEST: I think . . . perhaps . . . it almost seems He meant . . . Yes, truly, I know. The very hungry cannot hear of Him. We must see that none go hungry; no, not one. That means great industries backed by great charities, Zaccheus. The very ignorant cannot hear of Him. Nicodemus, that means great schools, for children and for adults. The sick are often too sick to hear of Him. Luke, that means great hospitals and playgrounds. No one can easily bring strangers to Him: only our friends. That means we must each bring our friends: it means, too, that we must enormously enlarge the circle of our friends that we may bring more to Him.

VOICES: But He is gone. Where bring them?
PRIEST: We found Him in God's house, at the break-

ing of the bread: bring them there.

## The Church's Supervision of Social Agencies

#### By Clinton Rogers Woodruff

[Correspondence concerning the department of Social Service should be addressed to the editor of that department, Clinton Rogers Woodruff, 121 S. Broad St., Philadelphia.]

HAT is the responsibility of the Church to organizations working in her name or appealing in her name to the public, and what has the community the right to expect? In the article on Coördinating cial Service Work, reference was made to the recommendan of the Pennsylvania Commission that all such organizans should conform their business methods at least to the ry modest requirements for endorsement set forth by the namber of Commerce of the City of Philadelphia, and that ch institutions for whom the Convention makes apportionent on the several parishes and missions should be reired to submit to the budget committee a full account of eipts and disbursements in order that the committee may ve data to judge of the need and wisdom of the apportionent to be made on their behalf. In like manner that they ould bind themselves, as a condition for receiving such d, that they will not undertake special appeals and drives thout the consent of some ecclesiastical authority, which ould give the subject careful consideration.

This brings up the interesting and highly important estion of what is involved in an endorsement by a chamber commerce. This method has been described in an interting article by Robert W. Kelso, appearing in the National unicipal Review. He tells how the need of neutral overght became urgent, the necessity for protecting the comunity remaining constant. Charities multiplied; they edlessly overlapped in their activities; they competed with ch other for support ofttimes in a most unseemly way; and e contributor was much confused in his giving and often isled. It so happened, Mr. Kelso showed, that the majority these contributors found themselves united for business irposes. They were members of chambers of commerce or pards of trade. They could at least protect their own enevolences by insuring themselves against fraud. They oceeded, therefore, through the machinery of sub-comittees on charitable organizations to call soliciting societies account. They sought, like the Boston Chamber, to pure and punish fraudulent solicitation and false pretense. ach member of the body became entitled to the service of e committee because of his membership, as a privilege of nat membership. The element of community supervision id responsibility was lacking at that stage of development.

Then came the next stage. As Mr. Kelso tells us, to cure more effective control and in particular to obviate the bor of separate responses to each call from the members, ne endorsement card was invented. This method as now nployed in effect places the committee behind the soliciting gency as sponsor. In the matter of control it is as effective s a definite license, since a charity without such endorseent is deprived of much of its support, and business men onstitute the bulk of the contributors. For instance, about per cent. of the givers to charity in Cleveland are memers of the local chamber.

It was obvious from the beginning of the experiment, Ir. Kelso says, that intelligent sanction could not be given ithout the development of standards in social service, which night serve as a basis for judgment. If its remedy was to over the community need, the chamber must become comnunity supervisor; must develop a system of investigation; just take measures to keep itself posted, through report and equiry, on the conduct of endorsed agencies and societies esiring endorsement. In effect, it must cease to represent ts own members only, as at the outset, and must become he representative of all the people of the community.

The requirements of the Chicago Chamber are typical nd illustrative of the standards thus imposed. Its endorsenent committee requires that all societies seeking its backing nust be incorporated; must each develop a local board of lirectors which shall meet at least quarterly; must publish a report of their year's work; must employ approved methods in the raising of funds; their accounts must be audited by a public accountant: plans for new societies must have been passed upon by experts before adoption; the candidate must cooperate with other agencies in its field; and it must make use of the confidential exchange. These are substantially the requirements of the Philadelphia Chamber, in fact of all the progressive modern business bodies which have become great civic as well as industrial factors. Indeed, thanks to the leadership of men like Lucius E. Wilson of the American City Bureau, the modern chamber of commerce has become one of the potent forces in the redemption of the American city and American public life from the slough of inefficiency and degradation through which it was passing a generation Those who are interested in this phase of the subject will find Wilson's little book on Community Leadership \* highly stimulating. It was written out of rich experience and out of a heart and mind overflowing with love for his fellow men and of the new community life which they are now leading.

To return to our main theme: These standards which the chambers insist shall be met by those who appeal to the community set out the minimum guarantee of efficiency and represent in substance the most advanced stand taken in the charity endorsement movement.

They are also suggestive of a still broader field for the supervisor and raise the questions: What is to be done with the refractory agency? What with the predatory solicitor? How shall the chamber, on the discovery of an urgent social need in its city, establish a social agency to take care of it? On what justification can it draw back from constructive effort against all the unsocial conditions with which its experiment brings it in contact? The foremost executives in the movement, according to Mr. Kelso, are emphatic in their assertions that endorsing bodies to be effective must assume a definitely constructive and supervisory capacity; that they must concern themselves with every unsocial condition in the community. The farther the movement proceeds, the clearer becomes the perspective of the community needs and the relationship between the public and the charitable undertakings that serve it.

In some cities this duty and responsibility is discharged through a financial federation which I hope to treat in a separate article and which the National Municipal Review contribution incisively discusses as the next step in the development of community control and responsibility.

When the charity organization societies bestirred themselves to encourage such a relationship among the social agencies of their locality as would bring about better standards of service, they were recognizing, Mr. Kelso points out, a fundamental fact in the status of each of those agencies which, though it remained unexpressed, was still, like unseen stellar bodies, known to be present. When the chambers of commerce sought, first for selfish reasons and later on in a desire for better social conditions, to enforce a higher grade of service from charities, they were taking into account that same known but unrecognized proposition and the corollaries that arose out of it. It is that "a social agency is a public trust". In the words of the Review:

"'Of course!' the reader may say, 'Of course! That we have known for a long time.' Yet, by the practice, if not the law, of our several states, any group of persons may secure a public franchise for the asking, upon their unsupported assertion that they intend works of charity. Their enterprise is not for profit; it is, therefore, nobody's business but their own. While the Government has taken this unthinking view, the troubled course of society in our cities has been teaching us that the fundamental

<sup>\*</sup>Published by The American City Bureau, New York, of which Mr. Wilson is a vice president.



status of the charitable society and its true relationship to the public cannot be ignored. The social organization is a trustee for the benefit of the whole people. It is responsible to the whole people. Its task is the most difficult, perhaps, in the range of social experience. If it does a poor piece of work, it is vastly worse than no effort at all. Its aim is the public good. If under the claims of social service it seeks to perpetuate itself where no genuine need exists, it betrays its trust. If it wastes the fund which it holds in trust for the public by improvident investment or useless expenditures or the employment of incompetent agents, again it betrays its trust. If, falling into no specific wrong, it nevertheless carries on its functions with such a wretched degree of competence that no genuine good results to the community, here also it betrays its trust. It is for the public-the beneficiary of these trusts-to determine intelligence and high efficiency. It is they only, in the last analysis, who can develop standards of service and hold their servants up to them."

Systems of government arise out of the customs of the people. This instance of charity regulation is no exception, Mr. Kelso contends. The socially minded members of the community recognize the need, and dimly they perceive the remedy. Thus far observers of this process of supervision have been absorbed in its methods and details. They have said little about its moving principle. In truth the initial experiment of the charity organization societies, the endorsement systems, the financial federations, and the municipal regulations represent parts of one continuous experiment in governmental oversight carried on by private citizens, tending always toward placement of the function in the government itself.

It will be seen that the Pennsylvania Commission is for putting the Church in the line of modern thought in this matter of the community supervision of institutions depending upon community support. Other commissions should go on record to the same effect and should seek to put into motion the proper ecclesiastical machinery to bring their dioceses into line. Indeed the general Department should see to it that this whole subject receives constructive attention uniformly throughout the American Church.

## THE CHURCH'S NEED FOR SOCIAL SERVICE

By the Rev. C. W. Vernon



T is urgently necessary that the responsibility of the Church for Social Welfare work should be widely emphasized and fully realized by all Churchpeople.

The Church needs social service to display her real Catholicity in action and interest. We profess to believe in the Holy Catholic or Universal Church. Our missionary work illustrates the Church's Catholicity in that it demonstrates the fact that the message of the Gospel is for men of every race and kindred and tongue. Our educational work illustrates the Church's Catholicity inasmuch as the teaching office of the Christian Church is for the young as well as the old, from the primary class in the Sunday school to the adult Bible class. Our social service work illustrates the Church's Catholicity inasmuch as it is based on the recognition of the principle that the Church's mission and the teaching of the Gospel are for rich and poor alike, for employer and employee, for the urban and for the rural community, for the normal and for the sub-normal, for the office, the store, and the workshop, as well as for the church and the home.

The Church needs social service to be true to her history. To-day we are reading the story of the Church of the old dispensation, of which the Church of Christ is the flower and fruit, with a new and added interest. We are recognizing as perhaps never before the social content of the burning words and the passion for righteousness of the prophets of ancient Israel, the splendid contribution made to social progress by the Hebrew legislation, the social as well as the individual message of the Hebrew psalmists and the utterances of the wise men of old times. Coming to the Church of apostolic days we have scarcely yet realized the magnificent social teaching of the Holy Communion as it must in early days have impressed the heathen world. For the Caesar on his throne and the slave in his palace to be asked to kneel before the common table of a common Lord was indeed a magnificent demonstration of human brotherhood. The

order of deacons was called into being to discharge one be portant part of the social welfare work of the early Charge The epistles are full of a social as well as an indivimessage. The early Fathers emphasized strongly their a for social justice and their desire for a new order in vis the kingdoms of the world should become the Kingdom God. In the middle ages the Church bore witness in a state ing way to the solidarity of the human race. She led discovery and invention, in the development of agriculture and of the arts, in the care for the sick, the poor, and to afflicted, while by the system of the mediaeval trides give she placed her aggis over industry. In later years while great emphasis laid upon the value of the individual are have in some cases led to a too individualistic point of the which became a factor in the creation of the materials which was so characteristic a mark of the nineteenth certain it must not be forgotten that great Christian laymen let: such reform as the abolition of the slave trade and the leve ing of the horrors of child labor in the factories and miss while great Christian teachers and preachers like Kinzar and Maurice laid the foundations for the great revisal a social work and the growing recognition of the responsibility of the Church for social justice.

The Church needs social service in order to be true: the teaching of her Lord. Jesus declared: "I am come tir they might have life and that they might have it may abundantly." Surely this has reference not alone to its Eternal Life which consists in the knowledge of God and His adorable Son, but to the fuller enjoyment by all physical, mental, and moral life and well-being. It is income interesting to study the Holy Gospels with a view to be covering afresh the social content as well as the individu message in the teaching of our blessed Lord. The parable of the rich man and Lazarus, so largely taken as intended chief as a revelation of the life that lies beyond the grave, The surely meant in the first place as a condemnation of the isrich who had no thought for the suffering poor at their re-The parable of the laborers in the vineyard, with the exceeding bitter cry of those who had remained idle utthe eleventh hour, not because they did not want to work on because no man had hired them, emphasized amongst dis things the right of the laborer to opportunity for work and 2 a minimum wage. The parable of the sheep and the gott which tells in a dramatic way of the division to be made in that great day when the judgment is set and the books at opened, represents the judge as approving or condemnia each according to the way in which each has recognized an discharged his social obligations or has failed to do so. 1 asmuch as ye did it unto one of the least of these my line ones, ye did it unto me."

The Church needs social service to be true to her Ladi command. When our King, the lowly Jesus, on the night before He suffered, in the upper room at Jerusalem, took towel and girded Himself as a servant, filled a basin ritwater, and washed the travel-stained and weary feet of the apostolic band, He gave to us what has aptly been described as the Sacrament of Social Service.

The Church needs social service to realize her function as the living Body of the Living Christ. The mission of Him of whom Tennyson beautifully wrote,

"And so the World had breath

And wrought with human hands the creed of creeds.

In matchlessness of perfect deeds,"

fell naturally into three main divisions—missionary, edicated tional, and social service-preaching, teaching, and dist good. The mission of His Church, therefore, must so quately represent this threefold mission of her Lord Out Lord's social service work itself fell naturally into three mix divisions—doing good, healing diseases, and casting out deris The social service work of His Church must therefore with practical benevolence, including the carrying on of in stitutional and philanthropic work of every kind, with the ministry of healing, having regard to the mental and min as well as physical diseases to which the life of the or munity or individuals is subject, and with the ministry if exorcism seeking to drive out and to banish whatever dence or devils there be that mar, degrade, or corrupt either the life of the nation, the life of the community, or the life d the individual.—Canadian Churchman.



All communications published under this head must be signed by the actual name of the writer. This rule will invariably be adhered to. The Editor is not responsible for the opinions expressed, but yet reserves the right to exercise discretion as to what shall be published.

#### AID FOR OUR CHURCHES IN EUROPE

o the Editor of The Living Church:

OULD it be asking too much of you if I should express the hope that you will add to your many good deeds to our work abroad the reopening of a subscription for present needs among our American Churches in Europe?

I could not get late and full enough information at the time the General Convention to get these needs into the budget. hey are in part just materializing. We were facing an unrecedented situation and could not prophesy. The Living HURCH FUND had carried us through the war period, and peace, was confidently expected, would bring easier conditions. But ais has not proved to be the case, and our parish at Rome is aving a hard time.

The Rev. Mr. Lowrie wrote me in December that there would e a deficiency for two years' work of about \$2,000. This does ot seem very much, but it was a burden on a tired man, and his onstituency had almost evaporated. This showing is now renered much worse by the fall in value of Italian lire. They are ow 19 to the dollar instead of just over 5, and you can imagine he effect on contributions. A five-lire note has always seemed a ood contribution in church. It seems so still to those who are ccustomed to think of money in that currency, but it is now nly worth a little more than 25 cents. The deficiency, therefore, ill be nearer \$4,000 than \$2,000, and while I have hesitated to ppeal before this for the smaller sum, I now feel that it is my uty to call the attention of the friends of our Church in Rome o this need.

No one who has ever worshipped there can forget the charm f the building and the beauty of the services. It is immensely mportant that there should now be no break. Mr. Lowrie is a ational figure in Italy. They delight to honor him, and it hould be our welcome privilege to help support him and his work.

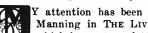
I do not enclose my contribution to you at this time because ust before receiving his last letter yesterday I sent him a conribution in pursuance of a previous promise. I told him I would e responsible personally for one tenth of the foreseen deficiency. Vhat I have just sent him was a quarter of my pledge. I shall e pleased to contribute the other three quarters through you as hey fall due. Faithfully Yours,

Annapolis, Md.

G. MOTT WILLIAMS.

#### RESERVATION

"o the Editor of The Living Church:



Y attention has been drawn to a brief letter from Dr. Manning in THE LIVING CHURCH of February 21st, in which he quotes a letter from Father Conran of my own Society that appeared recently in the Church Times, on

he subject of Reservation of the Blessed Sacrament.

Since many inquiries have been made if Father Conran in any vay represents the Society of St. John the Evangelist, I made aste to state in a telegram to you, sir, that Father Conran is speaking only for himself and as a private individual. Let me add urther that I cannot conceal my regret that he should have vritten as he did to the public press, knowing positively that his Superior could not endorse his views. As Provincial Superior of the Society of St. John the Evangelist in America, will you allow ne to disassociate the Society in this country entirely from the position that Father Conran maintains? I regard his theological riews, as do my brethren here, with the greatest abhorrence. not only believe in and practise Reservation, but we daily comnunicate persons from the Reserved Sacrament who would otherwise, perforce, live and die without the Heavenly Food. Moreover, we frequently have the Devotion of Benediction in church and in all our chapels to the great content and increased devotion of our people.

"The way to come to God has been Father Conran says: revealed to us by our Lord; we may not come as it seems best to ourselves, or as we like. We therefore need authority to make sure that we are coming in the right way when we use the Reserved Sacrament as a means of approach, reserved for that special purpose."

All this reads like Alice in Wonderland. "Alice was dreadfully puzzled: the Hatter's remark seemed to convey no sort of meaning, and yet it was certainly English."

Our Lord did not reveal to us detailed methods of approach to God. The Blessed Sacrament exists, it is true, for purposes of communion, but whether during the short period between the consecration and immediate communion, or the longer period involved in Reservation in the tabernacle. or in Exposition and Benediction, our Lord in the Blessed Sacrament receives worship from Catholics who believe in the Real Presence.

It seems unfortunate, at a time when we want above and beyond everything else to lead our people to prayer, that we should be engaged in a controversy among ourselves as to methods.

We are told that Exposition and Benediction were not the object of the Institution of the Blessed Sacrament.

Quite so; we are all agreed on that point. So why mention it? That they are Roman,

That is, for centuries they have commended themselves to the love and devotion of the majority of Christians in the West. would have supposed that this was a strong argument in their F. C. POWELL, S.S.J.E., favor.

Boston, February 26th.

Provincial Superior.

#### THE NAME OF THE CHURCH

To the Editor of The Living Church:



HAVE just enjoyed reading your editorial on the change of name. Of course it is an ex parte statement of the case, and yet I feel that you have softened much in your opinions about this old question. May I be allowed to

say a few words in reply? Do you not think that we are laying too much emphasis upon the superficial aspect of the question and too little upon the fundamental? "What's in a name all? Protestant Episcopal was adopted at a time (and I do not live very far from the church where this cognomen was put forth as perhaps the best possible because Romanists and Methodists were then active in the religious history of Maryland) when it seemed a wise compromise. And surely this name has distinctly made it plain that the Episcopal Church is the Via Media, and is conscious, without arrogance, that to be the extreme is to be narrow. And I am inclined, as I grow older, to think that the name of anything never does full justice, never really describes. Take the names of the various denominations, for instance, and you will find that they do not define the raison d'être of any of them. If a name could entirely explain the history, doctrine, and discipline of the Methodists it would be like trying to empty a lake into a teacup. We will let the Hebrews do that. A name is a mere suggestion, and a small one at that. The three branches of the historic and universal Church have their official names, but who knows what they are? They are buried in technical phraseology. But everybody knows something about the Greek, the Roman, and the English Churches. And you can not separate any of these names from a certain racial influence upon civiliza-But what do these names explain when you think of history and doctrine? Very little. We are not required to live up to a name but to a character, and when this old world finds that we have become a live Church it will take heed, not to a name, but to the fact that we are really a Church with a history proud of its length, a doctrine connected with apostolic integrity, and a polity sanely preserved by reason of its divine and New Testament origin. You say "American Episcopal Church" might be suggestive, as a name, from the patriotic and ecclesiastical point of view; but, when we remember that the episcopate is not American, what then?

There are more reasons than one why the so-called Protestant Episcopal Church has a right to a "place in the sun", and when those reasons are properly understood and emphasized by the rank and file of the Church it will take its place among those mighty forces that operate everywhere for the saving of mankind. Changing the name of the Church will no more save it and make it a power for good than calling a man a king who happens to wear a crown of gold found in the gutter. Let us stop discussing the nonessentials and get down to the rock-bed of greater zeal for the missionary and educational work of the Church, and all such things as mere names will take care of themselves. In spite of our differences in Churchmanship I believe there is more unity among ourselves now than ever before, and this fact means more than appears on the surface.

HUNTER DAVIDSON.



To the Editor of The Living Church:



WAS quite interested in reading your editorial in to-day's paper entitled "The Protestant Name". Among other things you say: "Why then do we continue to use a title (Protestant) that casts an aspersion upon the Mother Church of England?"

The King, the Head of the Mother Church, has to declare himself a Protestant at his Coronation and has to promise to maintain the "Protestant Reformed Religion established by law". Now how can a Church have at its head an avowed Protestant and maintain a Protestant religion if that Church has no Protestant

character whatsoever?

Then in the early days of this country there was considerable agitation over the question of the "Clergy Reserves". These Reserves were set aside by imperial statute for the support of a "Protestant Clergy" and the Bishop of Toronto, Dr. Strachan, stoutly maintained that the clergy of the Church of England. and no other, were the Protestant clergy referred to. To-day in Canada many of the men in charge of weak parishes are benefiting from the money obtained from these reserves.

The editor of the Canadian Churchman, in the issue of his paper for January 22nd, has this to say about the Mother Church:

"In 1800 in the union of Great Britain and Ireland, the fifth article declares that the Churches of England and Ireland, as now by law established, be united in one Protestant Episcopal Church. In the Catholic Emancipation Act of 1829 the Church of England is spoken of as the Protestant Episcopal Church.

The truth of the matter is that our communion is both Catholic and Protestant, and Protestantism is not a mere negative thing, as was pointed out very ably by the present Bishop of Michigan a few years ago.

Very truly yours,

Florence, Ontario, February 29th. P. H. STREETER.

[We have carefully refrained from saying that the Church "has no Protestant character whatsoever", though only in a loose way of speaking can such character be affirmed; but the Church of England is not responsible for any of the uses of the Protestant name which our correspondent has cited.—Editor L. C.]

To the Editor of The Living Church:



HANK you for your illuminating editorial of February 28th. It seems, while we have been enjoying a talking feast, and consuming reams of paper, and weeks of Con-

vention time, that a stray ecclesiastical cat has jumped on our table, and made off with the bone of our contention: "American Catholic" as the proper title for our Church. The bone being a total loss, and the supposed necessity for a new

name remaining, a suggestion may be in order. In the Century Dictionary, under the head of "Trope", "We acknowledge and believe the Catholic Reformed Church" is quoted from John Milton. That seems a satisfying name for our Church. The title is so peculiarly representative of the history of the Church of England, and our own Church, that it would not appeal to any other ecclesiastical cat as worth stealing. while we multitudinously and tumultuously discussed its merits. Those who would shy at "Catholic" might be soothed by the historical excrescence "Reformed". The Eastern Church thrives under the awkward title "Orthodox"; possibly we might survive "Reformed" for both adjectives indicate an admirable tenacity of faith and purpose. The loss of the term "American" is not lamentable, for the word only introduced a geographical puzzle in nomenclature, to cure a theological misnomer.

Oxford, N. C.

F. H. T. HORSFIELD.

#### SOCIAL SERVICE, ORGANIZED OR FREE

To the Editor of The Living Church:



T seems to me that the Church in this present day is depending altogether too much on organizations and committees. We have a social service committee in each diocese and a Social Service Commission for the

whole American Church. Now as a matter of fact the Church itself, if the clergy and the people rightly understand their obligations and duties, is one great social service body.

The fact that we have to have these various organizations in the Church would seem to indicate that the clergy and the people as a rule do not measure up to their obligations; and is it not a shifting of our duties and responsibilities to a committee? know one priest who does more social service work than the entire social service committee of his diocese and his work is never mentioned by the social service committee in its report, which deals almost entirely with what the committee has read and what it advises others to read and a lot of things that various lecturers

What we need in the Church is not more organizations of

this sort but a truer realization of the duties and obligates which we each and every one took upon ourselves when we baptized and when we were confirmed. The Master went is u doing good, and we who have been incorporated into Him in he Baptism should emulate His example—when we find a west a erring brother or sister do not leave him or her to be deal: 62 by a committee but do something ourselves, hold out a head

Here at Geneva we have a state industrial school for me and of the more than one hundred girls few, if any of them, are ever had any definite religious training. When they go on the this place into the world again what will become of them? When they go or in they have any one to look after them and give them a berg hand? Experience shows that they will not, except it may be exceptional cases. These girls, for the most part, are in this va because of ignorance of the things which their parents should us taught them. Their parents not having any definite knowledge religion themselves were incapable of giving them any instruce Their eagerness and their willingness to learn is pathetic. I. when they go out from here they feel that every one will tax them with having been sent to this place and their fear of the not without foundation, which only goes to show that the Case tianity of the average person is only superficial and has not take deep root in the heart. I took a religious census of the kay and found that of the 105 girls 95 were of Protestant anser Four were of the Church and six from the Roman Church.

I have baptized fifteen of the girls and am preparing a die of twenty-one for confirmation, but when the time comes for the to leave here, will the Church people in their own homes be will: to help them and befriend them? God grant that they may is the good of their own souls and the souls of the girls!

W. M. PURCE. General Missioner.

Geneva, Neb., February 25th.

#### "THE MINISTRY OF SISTERHOODS"

To the Editor of The Living Church:



N his letter of February 3rd, Mr. Cox speaks of the value of Sisters in a hospital. There is certainly a large in for this sort of work, and it is already carried on 2 many places in this country as well as in the many

field, but my plea, set forth in THE LIVING CHURCH of December 27th, was for the help of Sisters in homes, as nurses or momen helpers or housekeepers in times of illness or distress, or in to ease things up a little, now and then.

Some years ago a Sister made such a visit in a certain : tory, where things had become a little congested. She did sevaluable nursing, helped with the meals, made two smooth dresses for the baby of the family, made a birthday cake as surprise, darned a collection of stockings, taught the children see lovely songs, read a new book with the mother who "never 's time to open a book", played games with the whole family in evening, and unconsciously radiated the atmosphere of her less ground. When she went away, the verdict was: "She sared a life, made me ten years younger, and restored my faith in is Catholic Religion."

For such a worker a course of practical nursing would be invaluable, but one of the concentrated courses would be all is was necessary—baths, bed making, temperature taking etc. at simple cookery, without an exhaustive study of anatomy of materia medica or three years' hospital training. Of several have heard from, some are ready to take up the work but not to "life". Others want the "life" but are shy of the work.

Who can see a way to combine the two in a community is haps a "Second Order" of some existing community) of women sense, full of love of God and man, ready for service as ther " be needed, without pay or praise or promotion, with the last ground of a life of prayer, under rule, with renewable vows is the joy that radiates from the altar, to carry it on?

EMILY ELDREDGE SAVILLE

St. Mary's Rectory, East Providence, R. I., February 26th.

#### RECOGNITION OF SOVIET GOVERNMENT

To the Editor of The Living Church:



RAY counsel your readers at once to petition the Pres dent and Congress not to move for "recognition" of the "soviet government" in Russia, which has overtheer. the basic doctrine of civilization—religious toleration

by proscribing all religions; and persecuting, torturing. and mu: dering officers and members of religious bodies for their belief Yours truly,

ERVING WINSLOW.





#### SARAH S. PRATT, EDITOR

rrespondence, including reports of all women's organizations, should be addressed to Mrs. Wm. Dudley Pratt, 4215 Park Avenue, Indianapolis, Ind.

N a finely printed profile of Sir Oliver Lodge which I saw lately, there is noted in the refinement of the clear-cut silhouette a great resemblance to a brother of Sir Oliver, the Rev. Henry Lodge, who

ed a few years ago. Father Lodge was temporarily in arge of All Saints' Cathedral, Indianapolis, and as my old me was just across the street it was a privilege to see him ry often. Never before have I seen one in whom the body emed to be only the frail temple of the soul. Father Lodge ever forgot for a moment the eternities, the spiritual mysries. Without being too insistent, he made one feel that aven was the only thing worth while. His dark eyes fairly owed while in gentle and beautiful language he talked out those holy things which perhaps we reserve too much rour "Sunday" talk.

Father Lodge used often to come in when he saw me gging in my garden. He would come quietly—he was tall id spare and noiseless—and stand behind me. Once he id: "You love to dig, I fancy." When I said that I did said: "But you don't have many blossoms—perhaps the ossoms are in your heart." Father Lodge was very sad, here were sorrowful circumstances connected with his merican life. Our family grew very fond of him. He ould come at odd times, sometimes in the rain and late at ight. We often tried to have him speak of his distinguished rother, Sir Oliver Lodge, but without success. One evening hen he came a magazine containing his brother's picture by on the table. A member of the family opened it and anded it to him.

"Is that any one you know, Father Lodge?" He glanced t it and smiled. "Ah, my brother!" And then, instead of alking of him as we were all hoping, he put the book down and went on to say how much happier we would all be if we ent every saint's day to the early Eucharist.

He was in charge of a mission in an adjoining town, iter, and invited me to come over and speak of the Auxiliary ork. But just before the time a hasty note came breaking he engagement. This was followed by a personal call in hich Father Lodge told me with a pathos beyond description by he had cancelled the meeting. "Do you know," he said, o seriously as to be tragic, "that those ladies, forgetful of he holy season of Lent, were preparing to make a social ffair of your coming—having a feast and doing things which know would have shocked you?" (Dear Father Lodge did not know that I had lived in such an environment all my ife.) "So I told them we would not have the meeting."

We all recognized the ascetic beauty of his life and sympathized with him in whatever tragedy of life he was bearing and trying to make the best of. When I read of his death was glad. Father Lodge did not belong on earth.

ONE OF THE MOST SACRED and beautiful moments in the riennial Thank Offering service is just before the prayer for the Church Militant, when the names are read of those good women, consecrated as Church workers, who have passed but of life during the triennium. Here are names which have been familiar for years perhaps, and have stood valiantly for the Church in diocese and parish. And this list is no sooner read before the altar than another one begins to form for the next triennial.

Already we know personally of two consecrated women whose names will come very near the head of that 1922 list, Mrs. Thomas Underwood Dudley, wife of the late Bishop Dudley of Kentucky; and Mrs. Florence Greeley of the diocese of Chicago. First, best, and dearest in the loyal hearts of this twain, stood the Church. Their constant and multifold service to the Church was their joy, not their duty. Mrs.

Dudley organized the Auxiliary of Kentucky in 1884 and was its sole president until her death. She was an inspiring leader, keeping her Auxiliary well in the van of Auxiliary work. Her generosities were many and important. She built the parish house of the Church of the Advent, Louisville, of which her son-in-law, the Rev. H. S. Musson, has long been rector. Within the year she wrote a letter for this page, giving us an idea about the use of the blue mite-box. She was full of zeal and was happy in generously carrying out new and good plans.

Mrs. Florence Greeley, whose charming home is in Winnetka, has served the Auxiliary of Chicago in several capacities, president for many years, honorary president, and in other positions in which her interest continued despite her long invalidism. Mrs. Greeley radiated sweetness and light. Charming and lovely are two rather old-fashioned adjectives which well describe her. She loved all things beautiful and had a delicious sense of humor, but under it all was a serious and constant faith. She, too, within the year has written a little note speaking of a certain devotional book which in her illness she kept beside her. Thank God for these two noble women, who by their consecration have helped to bring heaven down to earth. May light perpetual shine upon them!

THE FIFTEENTH ANNUAL MEETING of the Woman's Auxiliary of the diocese of Harrisburg was held in St. Stephen's parish house, Harrisburg, on Wednesday and Thursday, February 11th and 12th.

Despite the very very bad walking, late trains, and illness in many quarters, there was a large attendance. Very cordial hospitality was extended by St. Stephen's people to all their guests and a luncheon was given for them on Thursday in the ballroom of the Penn-Harris Hotel.

The Rev. H. A. Post opened the meeting on Wednesday afternoon, and following the president's annual message came personal impressions of the Triennial from the diocesan treasurer, Miss Smythe; the vice-president at large, Mrs. Drinkwater, and from Mrs. James H. Darlington, wife of the Bishop.

A general conference followed on the expense fund and on pledges, and stress was laid on the great need of an educational secretary. The plan which met with most favor was for a secretary on a salary, who could give her whole time. Miss Boyer, educational secretary for the Bethlehem diocese, gave a demonstration study-class which clearly showed the value of such work and aroused interest in the new study-class book, Neighbors. Several classes with this textbook began with Lent.

Bishop Israel as well as the Bishop of Harrisburg spoke at the service in the evening.

On Thursday the session began with the Holy Communion in St. Stephen's Church followed by a quiet hour conducted by the Ven. Archibald M. Judd.

The delegates then adjourned to the parish house to hear Miss Lindley, who spoke on the Enlarged Scope of the Woman's Auxiliary. The box work to be carried on along Red Cross lines is one of the new ideas; also the Church League of Service, which combines all women's organizations in the Church. Miss Lindley is always forceful and accurate in her addresses, and the delegates carried away clear ideas and solid enthusiasm for the enlarged work and wider vision of woman's work for the parish, the Church, and the world.

The pledges for the coming year are four: Devastated Texas; the Emery Fund for the fiftieth anniversary of the Auxiliary; the Chinese student scholarship, \$100; Mt. Alto, and for Bishop Rowe's work in Alaska, \$200.

The branches all responded with generous pledges for all five purposes, beside pledges for the expense fund, to



carry on the work of the Woman's Auxiliary in the diocese of Harrisburg.

The Junior work has been under a great handicap for nearly a year owing to the illness of its president, Miss Hirlinger. Miss Anna M. Watts has been appointed president until such time as Miss Hirlinger may be able to resume her work.

The diocesan officers elected were: Mrs. Drinkwater, vice-president at large; Mrs. M. W. Van Horne, Secretary; and Miss Smythe, treasurer.

Two delegates to the provincial synod were also elected: Mrs. A. P. Perley of Christ Church, Williamsport, and Miss Anna M. Watts. Alternates: Miss Randall, St. Stephen's, Harrisburg; and Miss Culbertson, Lewistown.

At the close of the meeting on Wednesday afternoon, Mrs. Darlington entertained the delegates at a "tea" at the see house, which was thoroughly enjoyed by all. The Bishop in his usual happy manner told interesting stories connected with his art treasures.

The next annual meeting will be held in St. John's parish, Carlisle, in February 1921.

Greater interest has never been shown in this page than since the Convention in Detroit. Epiphany called forth many letters and the number containing the cut of the seven candles evoked many questions, which were passed on to those capable of answering them in detail. Now the Progressive Tea given by the Auxiliary of Georgia and described lately on this page bids fair to become fashionable. Already the description of this tea—of which we possessed one copy—has started on its rounds.

A LETTER FROM the Rev. George W. Davenport, executive secretary of the Seamen's Church Institute of America, brings great pleasure. The writer sends his thanks for a late suggestion on this page as to the importance of interesting the Church chapters of Boy Scouts in this important and exceedingly interesting institute. It seems to us the most novel, manly, and keenly fascinating feature toward which the attention of the Scouts could possibly be directed. Mr. Davenport says that literature will gladly be sent to inquirers. The address is 25 South street, New York. We quote from this letter a new feature:

"The work of the New York Institute fills now every nook and corner of its great sixteen-story building. They are compelled here to turn away a great many men for lack of accommodations and new departments are constantly opening. For instance, a woman has recently been put in charge of the Department of Missing Men, and during the six weeks of its operation nearly sixty men have been found and connected up with their families. This is a very real service and many interesting stories can be told of the gladness this has made possible.

"If you would like to have it, we should be very glad from time to time to send you interesting items. At a recent conference with Miss Lindley, it was suggested that since the reorganization of the Woman's Auxiliary many parish branches would probably like to know of the work of the Seamen's Church Institute of America. I have, therefore, sent a letter and literature to all of the diocesan presidents and secretaries calling their attention to what Miss Lindley has said and offering to give them any information possible. If you can suggest any way by which the women of the Church can be brought into closer relationship with our work, I should appreciate it."

In the new organization of parish units of the Church Service League, it seems to us that it would be very easy to introduce a knowledge of the S. C. I. and an interest in it.

INQUIRIES HAVE COME as to the Church Service League. Nothing has stirred the Auxiliary so much in years as this innovation following in the wake of the Nation-wide Campaign. The League will benefit by the enthusiasm left over from the Campaign. Doubtless the executive council has its hands overflowing, but judging from the interest already shown, and the inquiries that are bound to come, we believe that a leaflet containing the addresses of the seven united societies might with profit be sent out. One person writes that she has never heard of St. Barnabas' Guild and another that the Church Mission of Help is something new to her. Another question propounded is as follows: Suppose in your

parish you have some societies other than the seven viform the League—should they be included in your [6] unit?

Our conception of the parish unit, gained by consider the chart of the League, is that the parish unit shows a tainly include all societies of the parish—men's as rely women's—but that the Sunday school belongs in any organization.

## WHENCE? WHEREFORE? WHITHER? By HAYWOOD TUPPER

ov t

OWELL writes of humanity that it is a noise better two silences. "A flock of sheep rattling over, bridge" supplies the poet's illustration. Wazthis miracle of Being? So intangible a thin:

sentiment, emotion, and corporeity is developed a mean embodiment of an immaterial spirit; the one subject were viciositude of environment, the other free amid the

"Wreck of matter and the shock of worlds."

The recipient of this inexplicable gift awake we sciousness. He is Here. Reality needs no logic to correhim of the wondrous verity. Comparing his experient with that of others of his kind he feels assured that we no phantom, albeit he sees them disappear at death manner, apprehends that, in like manner, he, too, will vanish from earth.

What is the *motif* of this Pageant of Life in which finds himself one of the players? Frederick Robertson of forth: "Why man was formed was because of the human in the heart of God, who wanted human objects upon we to bestow His beneficence." The Creator purposed kindle love in the hearts of His creatures, glowing like the final life Own for them. In bestowing life He meant to imprifice divine, the human of his ideal reflecting the God Original as the dewdrop on a rose-leaf mirrors the beams the morning sun.

The power of a determining will was given man to see cise his moral nature to the loftiest attainable. The digit of the highest archangel consists in willing to obey the roof the Most High, which is the Law of Life, being "6.8 self-expression".

Man's choice between good and evil was subverted the enemy hath done this? clashed jangling dissonance into a sweet music of the Oratorio of Humanity, and, sad at lar conscious of frailty, man questions the wherefore of a existence.

In the words of the reverent Lacordaire: "God is per ular." Amid the pathos of the world, and the unrest of a individual experiences, we look up to Him, finding solars the trust that from the weltering chaos of sin's disorder a which we penitently own we have had our part, the kind in Father will, in His own way, educe good.

The Arab, with oriental hospitality proffering his to the way-weary traveler, says: "We are all the guest Allah." It is true. By invitation of our Divine Her are Here. Small, relatively, as is this little outpost of Ewide domain, we are the objects of His unwearied to Through the journey of years He has led us, until, our grimage ended—although the wherefore of our being been misinterpreted—vivified by faith, which is the confidence of love, on the jeweled bridge of His covenanted mera are cross from earth to the Great Beyond, His Tent Above. He welcomed guest in the long forever of eternity.

Most people, when they think at all of their faults call mind sins positively committed. But the list of sins of omission probably longer, in the case of every man, than that validated commissions of evil. Maurice, one of the putest of the English theological world, thus expressed his own acconviction with respect to his moral status: "Upon me lied burden which I cannot shift upon any other human creature the burden of duties unfulfilled, words unspoken, or spoken the burden of duties unfulfilled, words unspoken, or spoken wasted forever; of evil thoughts once cherished, which are exappearing as fresh as when they were admitted into the left of talents cast away; of affections in myself, or in others, the with; of light within turned to darkness. So speaks the science; so speaks, or has spoken, the conscience of each man. Zion's Herald.

#### THE LIVING CHURCH

## Church Kalendar



- -Monday.
- 7-Third Sunday in Lent.
- 14-Fourth Sunday in Lent.
- -Fifth (Passion) Sunday in Lent. 21-
- 25-Thursday. Annunciation B. V. M.
- 28—Sixth (Palm) Sunday in Lent.
- 31-Wednesday.

#### KALENDAR COMING EVENTS

arch 24—Consecration Bishop-elect of South-western Virginia, Trinity Church, Staunton, Va.

## Personal Mention

THE Rev. CLIFTON BREWER, rector of Trinity ourch. Branford, Conn., and in charge of eligious Education work at Yale University, ay be addressed at 1131 Yale Station, New aven, Conn.

THE Rev. ALAN R. CHALMERS has become car of Trinity Church, Thermopolis, Wyoming.

THE Rev. HUBERT COWLEY-CARROLL has been ected port chaplain of the New York City ission. for work with immigrants at Ellis land and the docks. He has entered upon s duties and should be addressed at 38 leecker street, New York City.

THE address of the Rev. Frank Dean ifford should be 415 East 13th street, New ork City, and not as given in *The Living* hurch Annual.

THE Rev. G. H. HARRISON should now be ldressed at 319 Fatherland street, Nashville,

THE Rev. S. C. Hughson, O.H.C., spent the rst ten days of Lent at St. Alban's, Sycamore, l. He preached at the school on the First and Second Sundays in Lent, and also at St. eter's, the parish church. He held a retreat r the Oblates of Mt. Calvary and one for the ostulants of the school giving two instructions a day, one for the older and one for the ounger boys of the school.

THE Rev. WALTER J. LOCKTON after twelve cars absence from the diocese of Northern adiana has become rector of St. John's hurch, Elkhart.

THE Rev. HENRY IRVIN LYNDS, curate at trace Church, Lockport, N. Y., has accepted be call to the Church of the Ascension. Bradord, Pa., left vacant by the consecration of ts rector as Bishop of Liberia.

THE Rev. LINN W. MCMILLIN should now be ddressed at 2401 South 19th street, Lincoln, ieb.

THE Rev. M. BELKNAP NASH, formerly of ackson, is now vicar of St. James' Church. ackson, is now vica temmerer, Wyoming.

THE Rev. E. E. OSGOOD, rector of Emmanuel hurch, Brook Hill. Richmond, Va., seriously II for two months, is well on toward recovery.

THE Rev. W. THOMAS REYNOLDS may now addressed at 205 N. Mill street, New Castle,

THE Rev. GEORGE H. RICHARDSON has reinquished the rectorship of Trinity Church, and an March 1st became rector of the Church of the Advent, Indianapois, Ind.

THE Rev. EDWARD H. RUDD, D.D., should now be addressed at Iowa Falls, Iowa.

THE present address of the Rev. Edwin R. MYTHE is: Seabury Divinity School, Faribault,

CERTAIN Church almanacs have given the address of the Rev. G. C. SUTTON, D.D., as Mercer, Pa., which is incorrect. He is still rector of Holy Trinity Church, Oxford, Md., and president of the Standing Committee of the diocese of Easton, and should be addressed accordingly. ccordingly.

THE Rev. WILLIAM TOOLE, vicar of the Little Snake River missions, Wyoming, is seriously ill in a Denver sanitarium.

THE Rev. J. GODFREY WILSON has entered upon his rectorship at St. Peter's, Westfield, and St. Paul's, Mayville, N. Y.

#### **ORDINATIONS**

#### PRIESTS

PRIESTS

Tennessee.—The Rev. James R. Sharp was advanced to the priesthood on February 28th at St. Barnabas' Church, Tullahoma, by the Rt. Rev. Troy Beatty, D.D., Bishop Coadjutor. The candidate was presented by the Rev. Prentice A. Pugh. The Litany was said by the Rev. W. H. DuBose, the Rev. R. E. Campbell, O.H.C., was epistoler, and the Rev. W. A. Jonnard, gospeller. The Rev. Hoard Cady, the Rev. A. C. Killeffer, the Rev. E. C. Whitall, O.H.C., were also present and joined in the laying on of hands. On Sunday, February 29th, the newly ordained priest was instituted as rector of St. Barnabas' Church by Bishop Beatty.

Beatty.

WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS —On Wednesday, March 3rd, the Rev. Edred May, deacon, of St. James's parish, Greenfield, was advanced to the priesthood by Rishop Davies in the Bishop's Oratory of St. Michael and All Angels, Springfield. The exhortation to the ordinand was given by the Rev. John H. Nolan. The Rev. Frederick H. Sleep acted as presenter. The Rev. Mr. May came to us from the Methodist ministry. He will continue as assistant minister at St. James' Church, Greenfield, and is carrying on missionary work in Franklin county under the direction of the Rev. John B. Whiteman.

#### CLASSIFIED NOTICES AND **ADVERTISING**

Death notices are inserted free. Memorial matter 2½ cents per word. Brief retreat notices may on request be given two consecutive free insertions. Additional insertions must be paid for. Marriage or Birth notices, \$1.00 each. Classified advertisements, wants, business notices, 2½ cents per word, including name and address, each and every insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than 25 cents. Persons desiring high-class employment or suitable work, and parishes desiring suitable rectors, choirmasters, etc., persons having high-class goods to sell or exchange, or desiring to buy or sell ecclesiastical goods to best advantage—will find much assistance by inserting such notices.

such notices

Address all copy (plainly written on a separate sheet) to The Living Church, Classified Advertising Department, Milwaukee, Wis.

#### **BORN**

MUNDAY.—To the Rev. Wilfred A. and Eliza-th (Barnard) MUNDAY, on March 5th, at rand Rapids, Michigan, a son, ROBERT heth Grand

HENRY.—On Thursday, March 4th, at Palm Beach. Fla., the Rev. H. ASHTON HENRY, formerly rector of Trinity parish. Wilmington, Del. Burial services at Bethesda Church on Monday, March 8th. Temporary interment at Palm Beach, Fla.

"Father, in Thy gracious keeping Leave we now Thy servant sleeping."

-Entered into rest at her home in Lancaster, Wisconsin, on February 20th. Annis, daughter of the late Martha Prindle and Edward David Lower, aged 60 years.

Morgan.—Departed this life in the communion of the Holy Catholic Church on February Orange, New Jersey, aged 76 years. Funeral services were held in St. Stephen's Church, Millburn, New Jersey, February 26th. Burial in St. Stephen's cemetery.

"Grant him eternal rest, O Lord, and let light perpetual shine upon him."

MORRIS.—At Buffalo, N. Y., February 21st, FLORENCE A. MORRIS, widow of the late Henry Burling Morris of Michigan City, Indiana.

NOBLE.—Entered into rest February 12th, Mrs. Callie B. Noble, wife of William R. Noble, of St. Petersburg, Florida, in the seventyfirst year of her age.

#### "Asleep in Jesus."

-Entered into rest, in Independence, Poor.-Poor.—Entered into rest, in Independence, lowa, Sunday, February 15th, Amelia L. (Herrick) Poor, widow of James A. Poor, and mother of Mrs. Charles J. Shutt; aged 81 years. She was a pioneer member and faithful worker of St. James' Church, of which her son-in-law, the late editor of the Witness, was for nine years rector.

PORKESS.—At a London Hospital, England, in his seventy-third year, Uriah Porkess, father of the Rev. William Porkess, rector of St. Stephen's Church, Wilkinsburg, Pa. A man active in business circles and equally effective in the work of the Church. Also a father indeed. Precious will be his memory.

SMITH.—Entered into life eternal, Tuesday, SMITH.—Entered into life eternal, Tuesday, February 25th, at Brooklyn, N. Y., Howama, Mapes, youngest son of the late James Parshall and Elizabeth Poole SMITH. Services were held at the Church of the Messiah, Brooklyn, where for many years he had been a faithful and beloved parishioner and vestryman.

"The victory of life is won Alleluia!"

#### WANTED

#### POSITIONS WANTED-CLERICAL

CLERGYMAN IN MID-WESTERN CITY will exchange June to September, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, preferred. Rectory included. Light duty. Address KAPPA, care LIVING CHURCH, Milwaukee, Wis.

C HOIRMASTER-ORGANIST IN ORDERS destres position in parish as curate-choirmaster and to take charge of young people's activities. Address W. C. S., care Living Church, Milwaukee, Wis.

WORK WANTED as locum tenens, by able VV clergyman. Excellent references. Address EPISCOPAL, care Living Church, Milwaukee, Wis.

#### POSITIONS OFFERED-MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED, AT ST. MARY'S, KNOXVILLE, Ill., for next school year, the following teachers: English (able to take classes in Latin), Science, French, Stenography and Type-writing, Plano, and Elocution. The services of a physical director are also required. Apply to the RECTOR.

N URSERY GOVERNESS WANTED. Young woman of refinement to take care of three children, a boy and a girl, twins, aged four years, and a boy aged two years, in clergyman's family. Address Mrs. Stanley M. Cleveland, Princeton, N. J.

A N EFFICIENT LEADER IN RELIGIOUS education wanted to direct constructive educational work in a New York State parish. Adequate salary for competent person. Write, stating age, training, and experience, to J. G. M., care Living Church, Milwaukee, Wis.

M ANAGING HOUSEKEEPER WANTED in home for boys, outside of Philadelphia. Salary \$60. Boys under the charge of a man. Home under the Episcopal Church. Answer with recommendations. Mrs. J. Ogden Hoff-MAN, Radnor, Pa.

WANTED, COMPETENT KINDERGART-ner, Key West. Perpetual summer. Good Churchwoman. Address Rector, St. Paul's, 415 Duval street.

#### POSITIONS WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS

XPERIENCED ORGANIST-CHOIRMASTER EXPERIENCED ORGANIST-CHOIRMASTER desires position at once. First-class credentials; loyal Churchman, successful trainer of men and boys; experienced with mixed choirs and choral societies. Good salary and field for teaching necessary; opportunity for reading with rector for holy orders would be desirable. Clergy looking for enthusiastic, devoted, and efficient help along these lines will do well to write without delay to Success, care Living Church, Milwaukee, Wis.

PRINCIPAL OF A LARGE RURAL GRADED PRINCIPAL OF A LARGE RURAL GRADED school, experienced in social work, and lay reading, desires a position during the summer vacation, from May until October. Will go anywhere, but prefers institutional work in the southern mountains, or cotton mills. Living quarters, board, and small stipend, all the remuneration required. Good credentials. Address L. A., care Box No. 51, R. F. D. No. 3, Hemingway, S. C.

GENTLEWOMAN, WIDOW, DESIRES position as social secretary or companion to elderly lady, or as chaperon for young girl. Has social and secretarial experience. Address Mrs. H. H. Buckman, 1518 Herschell street, Jacksonville, Fla.

O RGANIST-CHOIRMASTER, English Cathedral trained; Philadelphia church eight years; excellent success; desires change. Address E. C. T., care Living Church, Milwaukee,

#### PARISH AND CHURCH

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average remuneration for the three years' course is \$148 a year. Application blanks sent on request.

MISCELLANEOUS

A LTAR AND PROCESSIONAL CROSSES; Alms Basons, Vases, Candlesticks, etc., solid brass, hand-finished, and richly chased, 20 to 40% less than elsewhere. Address Rev. WALTER E. BENTLEY, Port Washington, L. I., New York.

ORGAN.—IF YOU DESIRE organ for Church, School, or home, write to Hinners Organ Company, Pekin, Illinois, who build pipe organs and reed organs of highest grade and sell direct from factory, saving you agent's profits.

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PIPE ORGANS.—If the purchase of an organ is contemplated, address HENRY PILCHEU'S SONS, Louisville, Kentucky, who manufacture the highest grade at reasonable prices.

#### UNLEAVENED BREAD-INCENSE

A LTAR BREAD AND INCENSE MADE AT Saint Margaret's Convent, 17 Louisburg Square, Boston, Mass. Price list on application. Address Sister in Charge Altar Bread.

HOLY NAME CONVENT, 38 Hope street, Stamford, Conn. Priests' Hosts, 1 cent. People's, stamped, 25c per 100; plain 20c per hundred.

PRIEST'S HOSTS: PEOPLE'S PLAIN AND stamped wafers (round). St. EDMUND'S GUILD, 179 Lee street, Milwaukee, Wis.

SAINT MARY'S CONVENT, PEEKSKILL, New York.—Altar Bread. Samples and prices on application.

#### **CLERICAL OUTFITS**

CLERICAL TAILORING.—SUITS, HOODS, Gowns, Vestments, etc. Write for particulars of extra lightweight Cassock and Surplice designed specially for travelling, and complete set of Vestments (from Five Guineas). Pat-terns, Self-Measurement Forms free. Mow-BRAY's, Margaret street, London, W. 1 (and at Oxford), England.

#### BOARDING-ATLANTIC CITY

SOUTHLAND.—LARGE PRIVATE COTTAGE delightfully located within two minutes' walk of Beach and Hotel Traymore. Bright rooms; beautiful lawn; table unique. Managed by Southern Churchwoman. Address 133 SOUTH ILLINOIS AVENUE, Atlantic City, N. J.

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THE VIRGINIA TEA ROOM, Fifty-seventh street and Seventh avenue, New York City, opposite Carnegie Hall. The Fifth avenue bus No. 5 passes the door. Owned and managed by Southern women. Luncheon 75r; dinner \$1.25.

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T. ANDREW'S CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL, 237 East 17th street. Under the care of Sisters of St. John Baptist. For women under 60 years recovering from acute illness, and for rest. Terms \$3 to \$5 per week. Private rooms \$10, \$20. Apply to Sister in Charge.

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L ADY WILL SHARE HER HOME preferably with two ladies; terms moderate. Fine location. References. Address Miss Gabrielle Saurmann, 19 Maple avenue, Bala, Pa.

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THE NURSES' TRAINING SCHOOL OF ST. John's Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., gives full training for becoming a Registered Nurse. The

POST CARDS OF EPISCOPAL CHURCHES. I wish to dispose of my stock of cards at two cents each in lots of 50 or more; \$4.50 for 300 cards (no duplicates). Former prices five and ten cents each. Nearly every state in the Union represented, but supply of some cards very limited. An excellent opportunity to start a collection. Address A. Moore, 588 Throop avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

SISTERS ENGAGED IN EDUCATIONAL work need large house in New York for school for little boys of moderate means. Will anyone interested in lending house for spread of Catholic Faith in this way address SISTER SECRETARY, care LIVING CHURCH, Milwaukee,

COPIES WANTED OF THE CHURCHMAN of early in 1915, containing a series of letters on Woman's Work in the Church, by Mrs. William D. Pratt. One copy each of this series wanted by Mrs. O. W. Mott, 761 W. Main street, Jackson, Mich.

LOOSE LEAF BOOKS. A GENUINE leather Cover. Loose Leaf Memo book. 50 sheets paper. Your name stamped in Gold on Cover. Postpaid 50 cents. LOOSE LEAF BOOK Co., Box 6, Sta. L., New York City, Dept. 22.

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#### CHURCH SERVICES

CATHEDRAL SS. PETER AND PAUL

Washington Blvd. and Peoria St., Chicago. (Five minutes from Loop via Madison St. cars.) Sunday services-7:30, 8:30, and 11.

#### **NOTICES**

#### BROTHERHOOD OF ST. ANDREW IN THE UNITED STATES

An organization in the Church for the spread of Christ's Kingdom among men by means of definite prayer and personal service.

The newer features of the Brotherhood's service to the Church include the intensive training of parish groups of men in stated forms of parish work, rehabilitation of the Junior Department, the adoption of a plan of individual Associate Membership, and such an adaptation of the old principles of the Brotherhood to the new needs of the Church as shall increase its usefulness to the Church.

On request a copy of the Brotherhood's official magazine, St. Andrew's Oross, and samples of other general literature of the Brotherhood will be forwarded.

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew, Church House, Twelfth and Walnut streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

#### LOANS, GIFTS, AND GRANTS

to aid in building churches, rectories, and parish houses may be obtained of the American Church Building Fund Commission. Address its CORRESPONDING SECRETARY, 281 Fourth avenue, New York.

#### **MEMORIAL**

#### ANNA ALICE CHAPIN CARTER

Of your charity pray for the soul of Anna Alice Chapin Carter, daughter of Dr. Frederick W. Chapin and the late Anna Jones Hoppin Chapin.

#### RETREATS AND QUIET DAYS

BROOKLYN.—The annual retreat for the women of Long Island and Greater New York will be held on Friday, March 26th, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. in St. Paul's Church, Clinton and Carroll streets, Brooklyn. Conductor, the Rev. John Fetherstonhaugh Briscoe of England. Tickets for luncheon will be forwarded free of

charge upon application to the Stores Andrew's House, 199 Carroll stret. Reader from Brooklyn Bridge, Manhatta: action from Holling Hall subway station. It is deal west of Court street on Carroll stret.

BROOKLYN.—Annual acolytes' regard Greater New York and vicinity will be by St. Paul's Church, Clinton and Carol, see -Annual acolytes' Brooklyn, on Saturday, March 20th 5th P. M. to 9 P. M. Those desiring to atterbe apply to the Chaplain, St. Andrews E. 199 Carroll street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CAMDEN.—There will be a quiet 41 women in St. Paul's Church. Camien N : women in St. Paul's Church. Camden N; Tuesday, March 16th. Conductor, the R: Paul Matthews, D.D., Bishop of New I-w Atlantic City, Burlington, Camden and N. bury districts especially invited. Women va-ing to attend will please notify Mrs. C.V. JOHNE, 109 W. Maple avenue, Merchan. New Jersey.

NEW YORK CITY.—A day of devotion vib-held at the Church of the Transferrer No. 1 East 29th street, New York Rese March 16th, for the New York Altar at and their friends. Conductor the Res. threand their friends. Conductor the feet the S. Hutchinson, D.D., St. Clements the Philadelphia. Holy Communion 9:13. L dresses 10 and 11:15 A. M., 2:30 P. M. All who care to attend will be welcome.

#### INFORMATION BUREAU



While many articles of merchandise and scarce and high in price, this department to be glad to serve our subscribers and reactor connection with any contemplated partise goods not obtainable in their own neighborh. In many lines of business devoted to work, or taken over by the government production of regular lines ceased, or wis production of regular lines are such that the sound is the state of the state

materials used are superior to those substance.

We will be glad to locate musical isoments, typewriters, stereopticons, building terials, Church and Church School styrequipment, etc., new or used. Dry social any classes of merchandise can also be some by samples or illustrations through this Ecolombia while present conditions exist.

In writing this department, kindly constamp for reply. Address Information Bard The Living Church, 19 So. La Salle 17° Chicago, Ill.

#### **BOOKS RECEIVED**

[All books noted in this column nat ! obtained of the Morehouse Publishin [L. Milnoaukee, Wis.]

General War-Time Commission of the Churches 105 East 22nd St. New York City.

War-Time Agencies of the Churches. Dirtory and Handbook. Edited is Margin Renton, Office Secretary.

Edwin S. Gorham. 11 West 45th Street Se York City.

The Teaching of St. Paul. (Manuals: Students of the Society for the Erstudy of Holy Scripture and Churcher tory Series.) By Burton Scott East D.D., Professor of the Interpretation: Literature of the New Testament. Grant Theological Seminary, New York. (Manuals)

Longmans, Green & Co. 4th Ave. & 30th Street New York City.

Galilean Days. By F. W. Drake Raped Kirby Misperton. (Net \$1.50.)

attenuated-some of the colleges, indeed,

were closed altogether—and it was a gen-erous action of Mirfield to offer hospitality

to the Society of the Sacred Mission. The

society, which educates for the priesthood

young men of a lower social and pecuniary

position than the average candidate for or-

dination, was turned out of Kelham Hall,

near Newark, by military necessities, and

cannot return thither. For some time past

it has been looking about for a new home,

and is at present in negotiation for Stowe

House, adjoining the town of Buckingham,

the famous seat of the Duke of Buckingham,

from whom it was inherited by Baroness

Kinloss, the daughter of the last Duke.

Stowe is the typical "white elephant" coun-

try house. It is of enormous size, and ex-

ceedingly costly to maintain as a residence.

The natural question how the poorest of the

theological colleges will contrive to make

ends meet there is partly answered by the fact that the students themselves do most of the house-work! It is to be hoped that

the "Kelhamites" will be successful in ac-

quiring Stowe House for their new head-

OPPORTUNITIES UNDER THE ENABLING ACT

## 'OBILIZATION DAY AND AFTER

had 393 subscribers for parish support before the canvass, now report 536, an increase of 36 per Amount subscribed was \$8,812, now

13,808, an increase of 56 per cent. For Church's mission eleven parishes and sions which before the canvass enrolled subscribers now have 249, an increase of per cent. Amount subscribed before canvass \$1,380; after \$3,829, an inuse of 177 per cent. One parish and se or four missions have not yet reted. Incidental to the campaign \$58,000 raised by subscriptions for the new hedral, at Phoenix, which will also be parish church of Trinity Pro-Cathedral. Stephen's Church, Douglas, raised 500 toward a new parish house. Nine ishes and missions have reported 748 rs of part time service.

GEORGIA.-The Church of the Good Shepd, Augusta, raised its contributions for ieral work from \$360 to \$3,600, 1,000 per t. Many have offered personal service. e colored mission of St. Ambrose, Wayss, raised its contribution to missions m \$12 annually to \$75; for local support pledges amount to \$200, doubling those

Los Angeles .- The Church of the Epiphy. Los Angeles, gained fifty new pledges, increase of 78 per cent. \$547.60 was oscribed for missions, being a 170 per it. increase; \$2,592.60 for parish support, increase of 100 per cent. This parish ggested a sliding scale of giving so that mbers might contribute in proportion to eir income. Contributors having incomes raising \$2,000 for chapel support.

RIZONA .- Eight parishes, which | less than \$1,200 were told to contribute up to \$24 per year. Contributors having an income of \$5,000 were told to give \$500 per year, or \$10 per Sunday, to maintain their proportion. Rector and vestry had already agreed to adopt this scale of giving for themselves.

> MICHIGAN.—Trinity Church, Bay City, pledges \$23,000 for general purposes, an increase of 76 per cent. of its budget for 1919. The number of subscribers increased 38 per cent. Since 1918 the budget of this parish has grown from \$4,500 to \$23,000.

> SOUTHERN VIRGINIA .- The congregation at Emporia has paid in full its indebtedness to the American Church Building Fund Commission, which, in its normal course, would not have been paid for four years to come. Consecration of the church will follow at the Bishop's appointment. St. Thomas' Church, Berkeley, merged the campaign with its effort to pay a \$14,000 parish indebtedness, the two sums amounting to \$23,000. At the close of the united campaign, approximately \$26,000 have been raised. Probably this church also will be consecrated somewhere near Easter.

> WASHINGTON .- The Church of the Epiphany reports three new organizations of men and boys as a result of the campaign. Financially the parish will raise \$8,000 for parish support, as against less than \$3,000; more than \$22,000 for the Campaign-the quota being \$20,412—as against \$2,000 under the former system. A second assistant has been engaged in the parish. Epiphany Chapel in Southwest Washington raised its full quota of \$937 for the Campaign, also

It is surprising to find how very few, even of the educated laity, have at present any knowledge of the great opportunities given to them by the recently-passed Enabling Act. But that is probably accounted for by the fact that it was discussed and passed when their minds were preoccupied by the war, as since by the problems arising from reconstruction. The Church of England had arrived at an almost impossible condition of affairs. Parliament, by reason of its composition, was unfitted and, to its credit in many ways, was unwilling to legislate upon

quarters.

purely Church matters. For example, from 1880 to 1913 there were no fewer than 217 Church bills introduced into the House of Commons, of which 33 were passed, 183 were dropped, and only one was negatived. Thus, abuses were allowed to continue, reforms were impossible, and progress to meet the needs of the day was checked.

The Church Reform League is actively engaged in endeavoring to bring home to the minds of Church people the urgent duties and responsibilities which the new Act imposes upon every parish in the land. The League is circulating leaflets and pamphlets of various descriptions giving just the information desired, and making clear the steps to be taken with regard to electoral rolls, parochial Church councils, and so on. Thus should open up a way for the removal of abuses and afford increased opportunities for active and progressive work, if only the laity-men and women-will rise to the occasion. An active parochial Church council, dealing with Church life in each parish, keen representatives on the ruri-decanal and diocesan conferences dealing with local and diocesan Church matters, and representatives in the House of Laymen with wide and statesmanlike outlook, and not merely "ecclesiastical laymen", should lead to an unfettered Church of England, entering into the splendid opportunities before her.

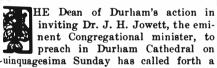
#### CONSECRATION OF BISHOP OF BRADFORD

The consecration of the Ven. Arthur William Perowne, Archdeacon of Plymouth, as the first Bishop of the newly-constituted see of Bradford, took place in York Minster on the Feast of the Purification, the chief con-secrator being the Archbishop of York, assisted by the Bishops of Exeter and New-castle and the Suffragan Bishops of Beverly, Knaresborough, Burnley, Whalley, Hull, Richmond, Jarrow, and Warrington. There was a large gathering of clergy, including many from the new diocese, whilst civic life was represented by the Lord Mayors of York

## DISCUSS OPENED PULPIT IN THE CATHEDRAL AT DURHAM

ishop Cancels His Engagement-Society of the Sacred Mission-Church Opportunities Under the Enabling Act

The Living Church News Bureau London, February 6, 1920



rong protest from the Council of the Engsh Church Union. Lord Phillimore, the ew president, writing on their behalf to the rchbishop of York, calls his Grace's attenon to the fact that the Bishop of Durham ad signified his intention of approving the ontemplated service by being present and iving his episcopal blessing, and asks: "Is ; yet too late for your Grace to exert your reat authority, and exhort and persuade our eminent Suffragan to refrain from so isorderly, and, I might add. so suicidal a ourse? I need not dwell upon the conseuences which such an opening of the floodcates of lawlessness may be expected to oring about. I feel sure your Grace knows hem too well."

The Archbishop, in reply to Lord Phillinore, stated that he was in communication with the Bishop of Durham on the matter. Such communication has apparently had the flect of inducing the Bishop to withdraw is approval of Dean Welldon's action, for in the theological colleges was necessarily

it is announced to-day (Friday) that "The Bishop of Durham finds himself obliged, with deep regret, to cancel his announced intention to be present in his place at evensong on February 15th in Durham Cathedral." The Bishop expressed to a press representative the wish to make a statement, and then to keep silent about his action. His statement was as follows:

"My sympathy with the ideals which prompted the invitation of the Dean of Durham to Dr. J. H. Jowett to be the preacher is as convinced and profound as ever. My reverent esteem for Dr. Jowett as Christian minister and teacher is unalterable. I hold decidedly that as a Churchman I could rightfully and gladly be his hearer on that occasion.

"But I have weighed afresh the fact that the question of 'interchange' is under the consideration of the Convocations, and that the Archbishop of Canterbury has published his desire that decisions should be postponed until the Lambeth Conference, with its world-wide membership, shall have reviewed it.

"I reflect that a diocesan bishop sustains special relations with the corporate responsibilities and action of the Church. And precisely as such a bishop, in loyalty at this time to such relations, I find myself unable, to my sorrow, to be present as I had proposed."

#### SOCIETY OF THE SACRED MISSION

During the war the number of students



and Bradford, the Mayors of Keighley and zine, the first of its kind, and also Church Pudsey, and other dignitaries from those The Archbishop was attended by his chaplains and two choir-boys in scarlet cassocks, who acted as cope-bearers. The sermon was preached by the Rev. C. C. B. Bardsley, and the music of the mass was Macpherson in E flat.

#### DEATH OF CANON ERSKINE CLARKE

Last Tuesday there passed to his eternal rest, at the ripe old age of 92, Canon Erskine Clarke, for many years vicar of the populous district of Battersea, in the southwest of London. Among his activities that of promoting education was not the least, and he will be held in remembrance for his work on behalf of religious education both in South London and at the National Society. He founded, in 1880, the excellent Bolingbroke Hospital at Wandsworth. But he will be best remembered, perhaps, as the founder and editor of Chatterbox and similar publications, the founder of the Parish Maga-

Bells, a weekly illustrated Church newspaper, which came to an end in 1895. Canon Clarke was a High Churchman of the old school, tolerant to a degree, and beloved by all who knew him.

#### APPROACHING CONVOCATION

Convocation of Canterbury will meet at Westminster next Tuesday and the three following days. The upper house will consider the report on post-war conditions in Europe, particularly with regard to the relief of famine-stricken areas; the Bishop of London will move a resolution expressing approval of the criminal law amendment bill to be brought before the House of Lords this session; and the Bishop of Gloucester will introduce the reports on revision of the Prayer Book. An interesting debate will doubtless ensue on the subject of crown nominations to ecclesiastical offices, proposals concerning which I was able to give in my GEORGE PARSONS. last letter.

## CANADIAN SOCIAL SERVICE COUNCIL ISSUES BULLETIN

On Dominion Provision for Returned Soldiers - With References to Profiteering and Its Unsocial Results — Historic Church Sold to Franciscans -Living Wage for Women

The Living Church News Bureau March 4, 1920



HE Council for Social Service of the Church of England in Canada has just issued a forty-page bulle-tin on "Canada's Provision for Re-

turned Soldiers, and for the Dependents of those who lost their lives in, or as a result of, their service in the Canadian Expeditionary Force". The bulletin was Expeditionary Force". The bulletin was prepared at the request of the War Service Commission of the Council by the Rt. Rev. J. E. Bidwell, D.D., Bishop of Ontario, and has been sent to all the Anglican clergy and many representative Churchworkers throughout Canada. It is meeting with an exceedingly favorable reserved for the reserved of the server of ception from the public press and from the organs of the various societies of returned men. It deals very completely with war service gratuities in Canada, Great Britain, other British Dominions, and the United States; pensions in the same countries; post discharge relief; land settlement; after care of the sick and disabled; artificial appliances; employment facilities; loans other than for land settlement; vocational training; care of the blinded; report of the Parliamentary Committee on the claims made on behalf of the returned men; including the reëstablishment plans submitted by the Great War Veterans Association and the United Veterans League. The bulletin

"One fact is clear. The returned men, whether justifiably or not, are evidently not altogether satisfied with what is being done for them. The main point of divergence between them and the government appears to be the determination of the latter to limit grants for reëstablishment to disabled men and some minors, with the exception of land settlement. There is not the slightest doubt that many men who were fortunate enough to escape disablement suffered greatly in their prospects because of their patriotic

action in enlisting. Businesses were given up in some cases, which it is well-nigh impossible to start again. Chances of partnership were lost. Situations were left, which are not now open. Young doctors and law-yers abandoned their practices, which they find very hard to gather together again. Students, both at universities and in industrial schools, gave up their studies to enroll themselves, and unless they did so under the age of eighteen find themselves now in the position of not only having lost very valuable years, but in many cases of being without the necessary means to continue their interrupted studies."

And again:

"The men came back to find on the one hand much higher taxation than when they left, and the price of living enormously increased; on the other hand, a wide-spread evidence of prosperity and luxurious living, apparently a result of conditions at home which had arisen during their absence at the Front. and in which they had no share, although they have to meet the increased cost of living like the rest. They are of opinion that the efforts to recover the ill-gotten gains of the 'Profiteerer' are not pushed with sufficient vigor, and that in any case those who, without any charge of profiteering being brought against them, have largely increased their wealth owing to war conditions are not by any means contributing enough of their gains to the state. Many, too, put forward as a reason that their claims should be specially considered, the fact that for years they only received \$1.10 a day, while their fellow-workmen who did not go to the Front were receiving four, five, or in some cases ten times that amount.'

On the other hand it is pointed out that: "It must also be remembered that there is throughout the country a very large number of salaried people who have in no way shared in the prosperity of the last few years, but who with incomes which have not increased in amount, but have lost half their purchasing power, have not only to meet the greatly increased cost of living, but also in one way or another contribute a very large share of the taxation of the country. They are simply unable to carry any further burden, nor would it be fair to ask them to do so."

The duty of the Church is stated as fol-

"In the first place, she can spread a correct information, and thus prevent: vague dissatisfaction, which is based a ignorance. The contents of this Ra which is compiled from original docar ought to be within the knowledge of . Churchman in the Dominion. So far is know, it is the only pamphlet in exlarge number of documents bearing x ferent aspects of the question into paper. In the next place, the Church & to maintain, and through her efforts & from the people at large, a thoroughly pathetic attitude with those who. as Thomas White so justly says, have in tably borne a burden and suffered a which can never be repaid them. No reat all within the bounds of reason T they make ought to be summarily dismibut listened to and given the most par enquiry. By every means it can, the C should prevent forgetfulness not one those who made the supreme sacrifice. those who returned disabled, but also if large numbers who have returned physical safe indeed, but with largely diminprospects of advancement in life. Fur. wherever possible, the Church, through clergy, should keep in touch with the var organizations of returned soldiers, and sist them to use the influence they pos for the maintenance of those high idea. the time of peace which they have their capacity for grasping when to country was endangered by war.

"Further, while accepting as a whole indeed on the evidence she is bound to the statement of the Government of its ability for financial reasons to grant see of the requests of the men, yet the Chur ought to consider carefully whether funds improvements cannot be made in wist . being done, without involving expenditure on an impossible scale. And in this cost eration the principle of selection stouk urgency of need. On this principle the paramount claim of the widow and orphan w. undoubtedly come first; and next, the assir ance of those whose course of training whether industrial or university, was into rupted by enlistment, and who now. 2 being disabled, are not eligible for a govern ment grant, and are without means to :- sume their training."

With regard to war orphans the Bulle states:

"We are of opinion that the War Com" sion Sub-Committee of the Council for So Service should take this matter of the a of orphans of members of our Church it special cognizance, and should at once proach the government with a view to taining the necessary information as to t location of these children, which would a able the committee, through the local class to keep in constant touch with these orphan and to make their welfare its special char-In this way, the personal and human into est in individuals, which is apt to be is: ing even in the best government schemes! dealing with cases of this kind, would supplied. No doubt the War Commission of other Churches would undertake a similar oversight and charge of their own orphus To take every care of these children is . once the duty and the privilege of t Church."

#### Historic Church in Montreal Sold to the Franciscans

Old Trinity Church on Viger Square at St. Denis street, Montreal, has been soid! the Franciscan order, the congregation which Canon Almond, who was senior char lain of the Canadian forces overseas, is per tor, having been amalgamated with the Church of the Good Shepherd in Not Dame de Grace. The vestry passed a reco



their old church would still be used for ous purposes and not secularized.

e original Trinity Church, no stone of remains to-day, was built in 1840 on Paul street, immediately opposite the e of the Bonsecours Market, at the perexpense of Major William Plender-Christie, a son of General Christie, of 'Royal Americans", subsequently desig-1 the Sixtieth Rifles.

e second Trinity Church was on Gosstreet and was purchased by the contion in 1860.

tring Trinity congregation's occupancy is Gosford street edifice, many military ents of note occurred, conspicuous ngst them being the obsequies of Gen-Wyndham, the attendance there to worof General MacGruder from the South-States, brother of General MacGruder ne United States Northern Army, and se daughter afterwards married Lord ige, an officer attending the church; and hasty recall from divine service one lay in July, 1866, of the 25th Regiment iobilize for the Fenian raid.

ne building of the present Trinity rch on St. Denis street was commenced v in 1864 and the cornerstone was laid Thursday, June 23, 1864, by the Lord op and Metropolitan, Bishop Fulford. band of the 30th Regiment being in The church was opened for ic worship on September 17, 1865. The , lectern, reading-desk, and pulpit were s from military officers, then in England, had attended the old church when they e stationed in Montreal.

he progress of time has led to the real of the congregation of Trinity to r parts of the city, and thus the amalnation with the Church of the Good Shepl has been brought about.

#### or a Living Wage for Women Workers

he Social Service Council of Ontario, of ch the Bishop of Toronto is president, ough its Industrial Life Committee, on sday interviewed the provincial governit of Ontario with a view to securing slation establishing a minimum wage for nen and girls. The committee, of which fessor T. M. Robertson is chairman, has e some excellent work, including much eful investigation.

'he committee reported that board and ging to-day costs \$8 per week. Clothes, reation, car fare medical and dentistry ention, and other incidentals aggregate Therefore a woman earning \$14 a week but a "hand to mouth" existence at best. The committee canvassed 16,425 women 1 17,024 men, industrial and office workthroughout the province. Of this total 3 per cent. of the women received \$10 or s per week, as did 8.3 per cent. of the

Eleven thousand of the 16,000 women canssed received \$12 or less per week, which regarded by the committee as less than minimum wage for a decent subsistence, ile 12.5 per cent. of the men received less ın \$12 per week.

The figures compiled show that 64.6 per it. of the women employed in the manuture of biscuits and confectionary, earn 0 per week or less, as do 35.7 per cent. of ose engaged in the production of boots d shoes, 76.4 per cent. of the women manacturing paper boxes and bags, and 37.7 r cent. of those employed on carpets.

Seventy-nine women canvassed employed the manufacture of agricultural impleents showed 7.6 per cent. receiving \$10 er week or less. Another investigation owed 22.6 per cent. of a certain class of

placing on record their gratification | less, and another canvass showed 36.89 per | Dean Prince will make the journey to the cent, of the women employed earning less than \$8 per week.

#### Lent in the Canadian Church

As the Canadian Churchman well puts it: "The dominant notes of the Lenten pastorals from our Archbishops and Bishops are repentance, humility, and the essentialness of the things of the Spirit. We can be thankful that we have a group of men on the bench who insist on the dominance of things unseen amid all the present emphasis and pressure of things material."

The feeling everywhere is that the financial campaign of the Forward Movement must be followed up by an effort this Lent to reach spiritual objectives hitherto unattained.

In the Pacific Coast diocese of New Westminster special stress is now being laid on an organized effort to introduce more of religion into the home life of the people.

The Rev. Walter Frere, D.D., Superior of the Community of the Resurrection, will take the Holy Week services at St. Thomas', Toronto. His last visit was early in March, 1911, and as memorials of that visit and the mission which he conducted there is the work at Humewood House, a small society of Companions of the Resurrection, a larger society of the friends of the Community, and the altered lives of many.

Special speakers at the mid-day Lenten services at St. James' Cathedral, Toronto, include Prof. Wrong, Sir Robert Falconer, Premier Drury, Judge Mott, of the Children's Court, Prof. Hooke, and Dr. Miller.

At St. Alban's Cathedral the Lenten preachers include Archdeacon Warren, Canon O'Meara, Canon Seager, Archdeacon Ingles, Canon Brain, Canon Fidler, and Canon Paterson. The Three Hours' Service on Good Friday will be taken by the Bishop of Toronto.

#### War Memorial at St. Peter's Cathedral, Charlottetown

A beautiful service was rendered at St. Peter's Cathedral, Charlottetown, at the unveiling of the war memorial of bronze with raised lettering erected in memory of those who made the supreme sacrifice in the war, especially those connected with the congregation.

The Rev. A. E. Andrew, M.C., a former assistant at St. Peter's, who served overseas first as a combatant officer and later won the military cross while serving as chaplain with the Royal Canadian Regiment, unveiled the tablet and subsequently preached an eloquent sermon.

The tablet has been erected on the back wall of the church immediately above the font. Designed by Mr. L. W. Watson, the organist, it bears a border of maple leaves, the coat of arms of the diocese on one side, the crest of St. Peter's Cathedral on the other, and the cross in the centre, with appropriate wording. Amongst the names commemorated is that of Stewart Simpson, a son of the incumbent, Canon Simpson.

#### liscellaneous Church News

The Archbishop of Nova Scotia and Mrs. Worrell sail for Bermuda on March 3rd. They will be away about two months, returning in time for the Encaenia at King's College, and the synod of the diocese.

All lovers of historic Halifax will be pleased to know that the "Little Dutch Church" has been put in a state of good repair. The old stone walls have been put up and the building completely restored. The Nova Scotia Historical Society helped St. George's Church in this work.

The church which has recently been erected on the Birch River Reserve, Mani- sent to one of the other addresses that apomen workers receiving \$7 per week or toba, is now ready for opening and Rural pear in the advertisement.

reserve, accompanied by Archdeacon Thomas, in the near future. Archbishop Matheson intends to appoint a catechist who will have charge of the school and the church, and live on the reserve.

The Rev. Conway Cartwright passed away at the residence of his son, C. Edward Cartwright, Vancouver, B. C. He was in his 83rd year, and had been very ill, as a result of heart trouble, since July. He was a son of the late Rev. Robert Cartwright, at one time chaplain to His Majesty's garrisons. He was a graduate of Trinity College, Dublin. His first parish was in Belfast. Later he came to Canada, and was for some years curate of St. James' Cathedral, Toronto, and a friend of Bishop Strachan. Later he moved to Kingston, but since retiring, owing to ill health, has resided in Vancouver. For more than forty years Mr. Cartwright was Protestant chaplain at the Portsmouth penitentiary.

The Rev. Herbert Girling, the Arctic missionary, whose early death of pneumonia was recorded in a recent issue, has left behind a suitable and lasting memorial—the Gospel of St. Mark, which is the first complete Gospel to be translated into the dialect of the Coronation Gulf Eskimo.

In appreciation of long and faithful service, the synod of the diocese of Columbia presented to Mr. Percy Wollaston, for the past twenty years treasurer of the body, and who has just resigned office, with a handsome silver salver, together with an illuminated address. The Bishop of Columbia made the presentation, immediately following the reading by Mr. Wollaston of his report as retiring treasurer of the synod.

Columbia diocese has decided to make the minimum clerical stipend \$1.400.

Archdeacon Cody announced that 1001 contributors in St. Paul's Church had given over \$79,000 to the Forward Movement. St. Paul's led the Anglican Churches in Canada, not only in the amount given, but also in the number of contributors.

#### ANNIVERSARY FUND FOR KEMPER HALL

A STATEMENT in regard to the projected anniversary fund for the partial endowment of Kemper Hall, Kenosha, Wis., appears in the advertising columns of this issue, and should be read with care.

Kemper Hall, under the care of the Sisters of St. Mary, is a thoroughly successful school and among the Church's most creditable educational institutions. It is shortly to celebrate its fiftieth anniversary. Some months ago an enthusiastic friend offered \$40,000 on the condition that an additional \$60,000 be raised, completing an anniversary fund of \$100,000 toward the endowment of the school. Friends, and particularly a group of the alumnae, set quietly but seriously to work to raise the \$60.000. The help of the Nation-wide Campaign was necessarily refused because it had been determined that projects for endowment could not be made a part of that movement; and on the other hand it was felt that loyalty to the Church precluded a general appeal for what might seem a rival fund while the Nation-wide Campaign was under way. In spite of these difficulties \$51,000 of the \$60,000 has been subscribed.

But the remaining \$9,000 is not in sight and must be pledged by April 1st. Hence this appeal. The school is in no sense local and its needs are as important to the Church East as West. THE LIVING CHURCH is hoping that a splendid response may be made either through this office or by gifts

## CANADIAN FORWARD MOVEMENT PASSES A SECOND OBJECTIVE

Living Church News Bureau | March 5, 1920 |



HE Anglican Forward Movement has now passed the increased financial objective of \$3,000,000, financial objective or po,000,11 the total reported from diocesan 1-40 amounting to \$3,065,-

headquarters to date amounting to \$3,065,-221. Every one of the Eastern dioceses, Algoma, Fredericton, Huron, Montreal, Niagara, Nova Scotia, Ontario, Ottawa, Quebec, Toronto, and Moosonee, has passed its objective. Of these Toronto has subscribed \$670,000, about one fifth of the amount subscribed throughout the Dominion, Quebec has doubled its objective, Ottawa has almost done the same; Niagara, Algoma, and Moosonee are over 50 per cent. past their objectives.

In the West, Kootenay, New Westminster, Rupertsland, and the missionary diocese of Mackenzie River are past their objectives. It is reported that many of the other western dioceses will be brought up to their objectives as a result of work in the spring

and summer. On the prairies a winter canvass presents great difficulties.

The results by dioceses to date are as

|                 |            | Reported to  |
|-----------------|------------|--------------|
| Diocese.        | Objective, | March 5th    |
| Algoma          | .\$ 35,000 | \$ 54,700    |
| _               | ' '        | No report    |
| Athabasca       | . 10,000   | available    |
| 'aledonia       |            | 3.40         |
| algary          | 70,000     | 51,700       |
| algary          | . 10,000   | 3.518        |
| 'olumbia        | . 31,000   | 25,000       |
| Edmonton        |            | 2,000        |
| Fredericton     |            | 125,900      |
| Huron           |            | 328,000      |
| Seewatin        | . 10,000   | 1.30         |
| Kootenay        |            | 30,000       |
| Mackenzie River | . 1,000    | 1,050        |
| Montreal        |            | 292,000      |
| Moosonee        |            | 38.256       |
| New Westminster | . 95,000   | 128,600      |
| Niagara         | . 180,000  | 293,000      |
| Nova Scotia     |            | 186,000      |
| Ontario         | . 90,000   | 140,000      |
| Ottawa          | . 125,000  | 229.60:      |
| Qu'Appelle      | . 90,000   | 48,400       |
| Quebec          |            | 180,000      |
| Rupertsland     | . 180.000  | 185,559      |
| askatchewan     |            | 45,930       |
| Toronto         |            | 670,000      |
| ukon            |            | To be can    |
|                 |            | vassed later |
|                 |            |              |

#### PROTEST AGAINST CONTINUANCE (4 TURKISH DOMINATION

Bishop Burch has sent the following to to the Archbishops of Canterbury and Va "One hundred Bishops of the Andrea Church join me in the following mesi-

"We are grateful for your leaders." the crusade against proposed retention Turks in Constantinople and the spilat of Armenia. Any compromise with Iz will be condonation of crime and will m rage conscience of Christendom. Webse Armenia landlocked and robbed of her is: est portions cannot achieve real in less ence or self-support. We respectfully to energetically protest against proposed make ures and appeal to people of Great Brisi to prevent the perpetration of a free in of injustice against martyred Armel. American people have always place > plicit faith in the pledges of England E. cannot believe that England will disappear them by failing to deal justly with 2 menia."

#### DEATH OF F. S. BANGS

A widely known citizen and Churcher Francis Sedgwick Bangs, died on Mr. 2nd, after a brief illness at his home

Mr. Bangs was a son of the late Fran N. and Amelia (Bull) Bangs, and was bein this city sixty-five years ago. Heregraduated from Columbia College in 3 and from the Columbia University is School in 1880, and thereafter practical in in this city. He was a trustee of Color: University, a vestryman of Trinity Charand a director of numerous corporation He is survived by his wife, formerly M-Helen Whitney, and by his younger broke John Kendrick Bangs, the author m lecturer.

Funeral services were held in Trix Church on Friday afternoon, the official clergymen being the Rev. Dr. William 1 Manning, rector of the parish; the Rev. P. William W. Bellinger, vicar of St. Are-Chapel; and the Rev. Dr. Raymond C. Krin chaplain of Columbia University.

Interment was made in Greens of cemeterv.

#### IN MEMORY OF DR. MUHLENBERG

The founder of the Church of the H Communion was the Rev. William Augusti Muhlenberg, of illustrious Revolutions ancestry, who made this the first free charin the land, introduced in it the week and the early Communion, the daily more ing and evening prayer, the daily nextservice, and had the church open all der He was the first to provide fresh air 🖾 ings for the poor. He founded St. Luisi Hospital, the first Church hospital in the land, and also the Community of St. John land, the large domain on Long Karl where ideal provision is made for orphiof all ages, for homeless old men. old were and aged couples. As far back as 1851, # extraordinarily practical man of vision : augurated the movement for Church or 7 and laid before the House of Bishops, the assembled at St. John's Chapel. New Yes a prophetic document—The Memoriawhich is the seed plant of the Conortis favorably passed upon by the recent Green eral Convention.

In his memory a service was held in the church on March 7th, "expressive of the people's appreciation of this man's Extra control of the sided service for the good of humanit. The preacher was the Rev. John A. W. Hall D.D., president of Muhlenberg College.

#### WELSH SERVICE FOR ST. DAVID'S DAY

Soul-stirring hymn-singing by a grat congregation was heard in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine last Sunday afterned the eve of St. David's Day, the occasion

## NEW YORK CHURCHMEN UNITE IN PROTEST AGAINST TURKS

Mass Meeting in Synod Hall — Bishop Burch, for American Episcopate, Writes to English Archbishops - Death of F. S.Bangs

New York Office of The Living Church 11 West 45th Street New York, March 8, 1920



ATHER than see Armenia left in the hands of the Turk we were the hands of the Turk we would

William T. Manning told an audience of more than seven hundred on Sunday afternoon, February 29th, in the Synod Hall of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine. A wave of handclapping broke on his words. There were several shouts of "Hurrah!" and as the applause continued the crowd, which filled the seats on the floor and overflowed into the galleries, rose and rendered to the speaker the tribute of an ovation.

"I say," the rector of Trinity Church continued, after the outburst had died, "that if it were necessary we would fight this out until an end is made of the Turk and all that he stands for in the world. I do not believe this is necessary. We have the power of decision in our own hands; we must insist that this decision and no other shall be made."

This, declares the Tribune, was the climax of an "emergency mass meeting", held under the auspices of the Cathedral, to protest against any agreement between the powers which would permit the Turks to remain in Constantinople and allow the partition of Armenia among other than the Armenian peoples. Copies of the resolution of protest, unanimously adopted by a rising vote, were forwarded to President Wilson and to the Supreme Council at Paris.

Dr. Manning presided. The principal ish bonds were held in France.

speaker was Captain George B. Hyde, an American Red Cross worker recently returned from the Near East. He described the many outrages inflicted upon helpless Armenians by Turkish raiders, which he said were not mere outbursts of religious fanaticism, but carefully planned campaigns of ferocity aiming at the complete exter-mination of the Armenians.

"The Turk," the Red Cross officer said, "is the butcher of the ages. stantinople to the Black Sea the roads are lined with the skeletons of human beings who have been martyred by Turkish criminals in the guise of free men. One million nameless graves stare you in the face in Turkey and all the wells in the Christian sections of Armenia are sealed because they are packed with the bodies of murdered Christians."

The speaker stated that he had seen the opening of one well in the playground of an Armenian school. After 211 bodies had been taken out the task was given up as im-

"When our soldiers went away to war," he said, "they went secure in the knowledge that when they returned they would find their mothers and their sisters and their sweethearts safe and cared for in their These men went to battle against overwhelming odds with the almost certain knowledge that when they came back, if they ever did come back, it would be to find their wives and their mothers and their sweethearts outraged, dragged into slavery, or nailed to the doors of their desecrated homes."

Bishop Darlington said he had questioned men of many Near Eastern races and found a unanimous opinion that the main reason behind the proposed rearrangement of the Near East settlement which would permit Turkey to retain Constantinople lay in the fact that many millions of dollars of Turk-

#### THE LIVING CHURCH

The annual service of the St. David's ety of the state.

rening prayer was intoned by the Rev. on Robert E. Jones, chaplain; the lesin Welsh were read by ministers of sh churches. The sermon, mainly hisal, was preached by the Rev. William gan Jones, sometime Canon of Bangor iedral. Wales.

wo hymns took the place of the evangelcanticles, and these with two other ns were sung in four-part harmony by . women, and children in the ancient ue. One of these hymns, habitually r at all funerals in the homeland. was slated by the Canon Bursar of the tedral, Dr. Jones, and printed on the gramme, like the other hymns with mul notation:

myriad sweet surprises will come that

blessed day, nen earth's redeemed children from death's grasp break away,

in their blood-washed garments, heaven's peauty on their brow,

likeness to their Saviour, o'er death tri-imphant now.

Saviour's fullest glory at last will be

nen earthly wounds and sorrows by Him are

To Jesus high enthroned, earth's kingdoms at the exploitation of to-day but individual-His feet.

The myriads of the ransomed shall render praises meet."

Church musicians who remembered the analysis and comments on Welsh psalmody, written by Mr. J. Spencer Curwen and published in his Studies in Worship Music, were prepared to hear beautiful and appropriate music reverently sung with great impressiveness, and they were not disappointed. Certain characteristics in technique and method were faithfully carried out. A layman without display "beat the time" and the great company of singers, considering the length of the building, kept well together.

The prevalent use of the minor mode was noticeable in the tunes, but there was nothing to suggest a dirge; there was much to suggest the beauty of holiness and the reverence due Almighty God and His holy temple. The great number of men singers gave a strength and beauty to the progression of the harmony too frequently lost in these days of comparative neglect in supporting Church choirs.

The Cathedral choir sang the processional and recessional hymns in English, and Brahm's, How lovely is Thy dwelling place, O Lord of Hosts.

ism?

"'The birds and beasts of the forests are Mine, and the cattle upon a thousand hills'; yes, and the forests, the water powers, the iron, the coal, and the oil, God's richest material gifts to all His children. Who gave to any individual or set of individuals the right to exploit those gifts? Men are asking these questions and demand an an-While means and methods of bringswer. ing about a new order advocated by some extreme types cannot be tolerated, the idealism preached is not pernicious—it is not immoral-it is not selfish.

"I have never sat at the feet of Marx or any of his teachers. I could give only the faintest outline of the political and social systems propounded by the so-called radical leaders of the past century. What I am firmly convinced of, and what I believe many thinking people are slowly coming to acknowledge to be the one great compelling fact of our present day experience, is that too long have we closed our eyes and deafened our ears to wrongs in our social, economic, and business systems 'too grievous to be borne' and that unless we are ready to meet the issue, if we continue to indulge ourselves in the pleasant persuasion of complacency, small vision, and a selfishness which seems to-day to be the bone and sinew of most of our business, there will come a time when the great masses of people will rise in their might and compel reforms too long delayed. Since the great war we have become the victims of propaganda, intended, without question, to arouse us from lethargy to service for the nation and mankind. At the same time we have taken into our souls the poison of pride and prejudice, suspicion and hate, to such an extent that we seem to have lost our God-given faculty of reason.

"It has been my good fortune to have been brought into contact with all sorts and conditions of men, many of whom have been of extremely radical opinion; and while, here and there, there have been selfseeking demagogues among them, the one great inspiring motive of their thought has been the betterment of mankind. While only rarely has the Church been a direct force in their lives, their souls have been fired with Christian idealism. Theirs has been the vision of an equality which brotherhood alone expresses; an opportunity adequate, and the right of God's children to grow into the fulness of the stature of His noblest creation; a vision of liberty free from every artificial barrier which now divides us into classes." RALPH M. HARPER.

## MASSACHUSETTS LAYMAN ON THE IDEALISM OF THE MASSES

The Living Church News Bureau Boston, March 8, 1920

HE Nation-wide Campaign is making one fact clear: the laymen of the Church have something to say, ing one fact clear: the laymen of and when the opportunity is offered

y courageously speak. Massachusetts' ticipation in the Nation-wide Campaign ing Lent, which is officially designed The Church's Call, is revealing some endid messages from laymen in the fivenute speakers. Each Sunday in Lent ne layman gives a five-minute address ring the morning service immediately er the announcements. One of the most iely five-minute addresses was that of Mr. gene P. Whittier, a prominent business n of Boston and Winthrop. Mr. Whittier a former president of the Winthrop board trade, and during the war was chairman the committee of public safety. He ben his address by saying:

"A few Sundays ago, I listened to one of e five-minute speakers of The Church's ll condemn what he called the 'pernicious eaching of idealism, based upon selfish-ss and immorality'. The speaker neglected specify any particular preacher or preachof pernicious idealism, but the general nor of his remarks called before my mind procession of bolshevist, socialist, organd labor, and what not of ists and isms.

"America has been the symbol of liberty d an opportunity to live and enjoy a rger life. To many thousands more, rgely through the propaganda of large aployers of cheap labor, the appeal has en to come and take freely of the material ealth of the richest nation on earth. They me and we made them 'our hewers of ood and drawers of water'. We segregated em in the slums of cities; we exploited em by treating human flesh and blood as commodity to be bought as cheaply as ossible; except in rare instances, where an dividual among them possessed extraornary ability or accidentally caught an portunity not open to his fellows, we have with definite purpose, excluded them politically.

"We hear much to-day about the need of Americanizing the alien. That there is a need we cannot deny, neither can we ignore the convicting evidence of our neglect of the need; what makes the situation infinitely worse is our neglect properly to educate our native-born youth. We have the flag and teach them pledges of allegiance while at the same time very meagerly by precept and less by example do we inculcate the basic principles and the high ideals of democracy. How many boys come to voting age with even the faintest understanding of their duty and their splendid opportunity? In time of war our sons are drafted into service for the nation; it may be swabbing decks or it may be the usually considered menial work of the sanitary division, but it is then considered honorable service. In times of peace our boys are educated for 'kid glove jobs' at high pay and with bankers' hours; our girls for easy lives of luxury with fine clothing, pleasure seeking, and the avoidance of family responsibilities.

"The radical forces of the world constitute a tremendous protest against the rampant individualism of the present day. Most of us who call ourselves Christians worship at the shrine of individualism and we have heard many who credit all of the world's progress to this one of the many natural forces which have raised mankind from a lower to a higher state. Those of us who have been more fortunate, who have enjoyed in larger measure the opportunities and advantages of education, and who ought in consequence thereof to see the signs of the times, are either so conservative or plainly selfish that we refuse to acknowledge what was never more evident.

"Was it individualism or its antithesis. altruism, that plunged the world into the most colossal war in all history?

"What is it but individualism that presents before our eyes to-day the spectacle in Europe and Washington? What is the coluded them socially and many times, cause of the waste, the extravagance, and present, of the missionary district.

#### REMOVAL OF NATION-WIDE **CAMPAIGN OFFICES**

BECAUSE OF the sale of the building at 124 E. 28th Street, New York City, which has been its headquarters. the Nation-wide Campaign has removed its central office, and after March 15th all communications for the Campaign should be addressed care the Church Missions House, 281 Fourth avenue,

#### SPECIAL LOS ANGELES CONVENTION

A SPECIAL CONVENTION of the diocese of Los Angeles to elect a Bishop Coadjutor will be held on April 7th, in St. Paul's Pro-Cathedral, Los Angeles.

#### PRESIDING BISHOP RESUMES CHARGE OF UTAH

BISHOP TOURET of Idaho has been obliged to relinquish the oversight of Utah and Bishop Tuttle has resumed charge, for the



## PENNSYLVANIA CLERGYMEN TO ERECT RURAL MISSION CENTER

With Resident Staff—Mission Study Classes—Open Forum—Passing of Senior Priest of Diocese

The Living Church News Bureau Philadelphia, March 8, 1920



WO of the Pennsylvania clergy, the Rev. Samuel B. Booth, now on the staff of St. Mary's Diocesan Church, and the Rev. Edward R.

Noble, assistant to the rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, Rosemont, will take up residence immediately after Easter on a large farm at Wrightstown near Newtown, where they plan a new venture which has attracted wide interest and is not without its romance.

They have purchased a farm of 137 acres beautifully situated on the bend of the Neshaming Creek and equipped with a large twenty-room house, two tenant houses, and a barn. The house is to be fitted out as a guest house and to be used as a retreat center, both for the clergy and laity in the diocese. The barn is to be transformed into a chapel. Dr. Ralph Adams Cram has been consulted as to remodeling the barn and an artistic result is assured.

A farmer engaged to run the farm is already in residence. Mr. Booth and Mr. Noble expect to work on the farm themselves and to depend upon its produce for their living. They will live on the farm with their families and maintain a common kitchen and dining room. Other clergy may be added to their number. The Rev. Charles Towsend Jr., rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, Rosemont, had expected to join them, but has now decided not to give up his successful parish work. They have added to their company, however, a farmer from the district who is desirous of studying for holy orders. This man has recently sold his chicken farm to assist in the new venture and study theology at the same

Mr. Booth and Mr. Noble hope that this is the beginning of an educational work which will gradually increase until a new "community" or "order" may be developed. or "order" may be developed. The Bishop of Vermont has advised with them regarding this. They feel that the farm will offer favorable conditions for the training of laymen, and in this phase of their plans they have been in consultation with Mr. G. Frank Shelby, National Secretary of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew. Meanwhile the farm will offer its hospitality to clergy or laymen who desire a few days of spiritual refreshment. Daily services will be conducted in the chapel and the spiritual aim and ideal will dominate.

The plan as thus far outlined was fully developed with the full sanction and endorsement of the Bishop; in fact the farm had been purchased and the farmer engaged before opportunity for aggressive missionary work in the surrounding country offered itself. But now a new situation makes this the outstanding and dominating feature. The Rev. William Chancey Emhardt, rector of St. Luke's Church, Newtown, and for some years the successful head of the Country Center Mission of Buck's county, has accepted direction of the Americanization work under Bishop Gailor and is entering upon this larger work. The Bishop has appointed the Rev. Samuel B. Booth as successor to Mr. Emhardt in charge of the Country Center Mission. The farm at

Wrightstown will therefore become headquarters for this interesting work among scattered mission stations, including Hulmeville, Centerville, Southampton, Feastville, Dolington, Edgely, and Frosty Hollow.

Mr. Booth will have on his staff as missionaries not only his assistant, Mr. Noble, but the Rev. Oscar Myer, Jr. (a former broker, who was ordained priest at the diocesan church last Sunday), a young priest from the General Theological Seminary, and a group of lay readers. It is hoped that this staff will be increased as necessity requires.

While all the missionaries will not be in residence at the farm, it will be the administration center in this district.

There is an interesting economic aspect in view of the inadequate salaries now being paid the clergy. One reads of a number of the Engi sh clergy who have abandoned their cures and taken up farming to have an assured livelihood. Their spiritual ministrations become casual and incidental. Some have given themselves to literary pursuits in connection with their farming. A few American clergy are considering the wisdom of following the example of these Englishmen. The new departure in Buck's county will at least be an interesting experiment.

#### MISSION STUDY

A great deal is made of Mission Study in the diocese, which is the only one to publish its own assignments based upon the regular course of instruction published by the Board of Missions. These assignments are used widely outside the diocese, the supply of eight thousand having already been exhausted this season.

The department is under the leadership of Mrs. H. A. Pilsbry, working in close harmony with the Bishop, whose personal interest gives added impetus to this work.

The normal class for the training of parish leaders in Mission Study under the direction of Mrs. Pilsbry closed on Shrove Tuesday. Simultaneously classes opened in fifty parishes in all parts of the diocese. Some of these classes extend beyond parochial limits and become community classes. For instance, a class at the Community Service House at Bryn Mawr is composed largely of non-communicants. Mrs. Pilsbry herself conducts a class for women students at the University of Pennsylvania which has developed unusual interest. A class in St. Matthias' Church, Philadelphia, has a membership of forty, including representatives of eleven parishes. Both men and women attend, and the vestrymen of St. Matthias' parish are numbered among them.

The subject of study this year, Americanization, makes it especially appropriate in parishes composed largely of working people who are brought into constant touch with foreigners. In one of these parishes in Kensington the class, composed of men and women, has given a more Christian point of view to the factory districts where there is much anti-foreign propaganda. "America for Americans and down with foreigners" is the slogan of a society aggressive in this community.

These classes have led to offers of service among foreigners. A woman in one of the diocesan classes is now devoting four days a week to work among Italians. The objective ever held clearly before the leaders is "that we may understand and have a part in the Church's Mission to the immigrant; that we may see and care."

On Tuesday, the 13th of April, will k diocesan meeting known as the design sion of the classes, at which full reports. garding the season's work will be nade

#### THE OPEN FORUM

As the Bishop made the request ha: open forum under the auspices of the the League of Industrial Democracy [504] longer be held at the Diocesan Church in Mary, the Rev. John C. H. Mockrage, D. rector of St. James' Church, a member ' forum committee, extended in mic to the forum to meet in the future is James' guild hall. While it seemed to see members of the forum committee that forum would lose something of its first character by this change, and that to moval from St. Mary's Church would we in the nature of a retreat, neverthess. of deference to the wishes of the Barand realizing that he must have must be son for asking the change, they have but acquiesced in the new plan. St. James' Church is more tental's

cated than St. Mary's and the forum v here find a suitable home. The follow: programme has been announced.

March 22nd: Mr. Robert Wolf, Constitution Regimeer, New York City. Sub-Creative Impulse in Industry.

April 12th: The Rev. Mercer Green by ston, D.D. Subject: Dare the Chr. follow Her Leader?
April 26th; The Hom. E. L. Tustin, Discrete

Department of Welfare. Subject: Cr Welfare in Philadelphia.

#### LAYMEN HONOR FORMER TREASURE

In recognition of the faithful serves Mr. Ewing L. Miller, who served as house treasurer for twenty two years, the are of the diocese have presented Mr. Mil with a mantel chiming clock, its pate at ably inscribed. They also sent Mrs. Mass a cut glass vase with some flowers.

The Bishop also paid tribute to the co ing treasurer, who is succeeded by Mr. A. thur E. Newbold. Under the new plat : financial administration it becomes ton sary to appoint a financial clerk to test. so that the treasurer will be relieved of 3 routine of office but will control poince E. supervise methods.

#### PASSING OF SENIOR CLERGYMAN OF THE DIOCESE

The Rev. Edward Shippen Watson teles priest and the oldest clergyman in the cese, died in the Orthopedic Hospital February 28th, at the age of 94. Mr. Bu son was also the oldest living graduate & the University of Pennsylvania, where is took his degree in 1845. He belonged to 1 notable old Philadelphia family. His parents were William Inman Watson of Phildelphia and Fanny Shippen. Mr. Ware was ordained to the disconate by Bis-Whittingham in 1859 and to the priestlas. by Bishop Odenheimer in 1860. He we rector successively of the Church is S. James the Less, Falls of the Schurlkill. James' Church, Lancaster. Pa, and the Church of the Redeemer, Bryn Mawi E was an authority on all subjects pertain. to Church architecture, and was a care student of theology. The burial series 2 the Church of St. James the Less on March 2nd was attended by many of the clerg-

#### DEATH OF C. E. PANCUAST

Mr. Charles Edw. Pancoast, vestron: and warden of St. Michael's Church, Ger. mantown, died of pneumonia at his redence in Germantown on February 25th a the age of 65 years. He was a son of the late Charles S. Pancoast and a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania in the class of 1875 and of the Law School in the case

1877. Mr. Pancoast was a trust officer d a director of the Guaranty Trust and the Deposit Co., a treasurer of the Penn-Ivania Forestry Association, and a director the Society for Organizing Charities. is brother is the well-known author, enry S. Pancoast of Chestnut Hill.

#### PRESIDENT BELL AT THE GARRICK THEATRE

The Rev. Bernard Iddings Bell, president St. Stephen's College, made a deep imession by his noon-day addresses at the arrick Theatre last week. The following a quotation from his address on March

"We realize that we have made a mess of fe. We realize that our civilization is a ke and a farce. The great work of the hurch is to awaken men to consciousness God. Take our national life," he said. It is built upon the hypothesis that people re able to govern themselves. We are trying to continue our forefathers' superhuman speriment without their supernatural rength, for our forefathers were men who erived strength from communion with God.

"We are asking people to live up to high andards of morality which are nonsense nless God is a potent force in their lives. Ve are demanding too much of people in sking them to obey the moral laws unless e give them something of God's supernatral power which will enable them to resist emptation. Without God Almighty our ational life will be a failure. Without God lmighty our individual lives will be ailures."

#### THE NEW CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

It is rather a notable fact that all three members of the new Civil Service Commission of Philadelphia are Churchmen. head of the Commission is Mr. Clinton Rogers Woodruff, head of the Social Service Commission of the diocese and well known to readers of THE LIVING CHUBCH. His associates are Messrs. Charles W. Neeld, a communicant of the Church of the Annunciation, and Louis H. VanDusen, a communicant of St. Stephen's Church. With such a personnel the Civil Service Commission promises work of a high order.

#### MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS

All religious communions in the city were represented on March 2nd at a complimentary dinner given by Bishop Rhinelander at the City Club in the interest of the Near East Relief movement.

The national organization was represented by Charles V. Vickrey, of New York, who explained the progress the movement has been making and also why an aggressive campaign should be promoted in Philadelphia.

Permission has been given by the Bishop for organization of a new parish, the Church of St. John the Divine, at Fifty-second and Arch streets, with the Rev. I. DeCosta Harewood, formerly chaplain of the House of St. Michael and All Angels, in charge. It will be devoted to the colored people of the community.

THOMAS S. CLINE.

## CHICAGO PARISHES NOTE A SHIFTING OF MONEY CENTERS

Causing Considerable Readjustment of Lines-Woman's Auxiliary—Two Prospering Parishes

The Living Church News Bureau | Chicago, March 8, 1920 |



E are hearing the statement that the strength and wealth of the parishes of our larger Mid-West cities is being moved to the suburbs

where the city-bred are going to live in increasing numbers. In general, the wealthier parishes in this diocese are to be found now in the suburbs, not in the heart and hustle of the city itself. Church centers are constantly changing, entailing a readjustment that is causing the clergy and people considerable thought, not to say anxiety. The Rev. P. C. Wolcott, D.D., rector of Trinity Church, Highland Park, one of the largest and most beautiful of the suburbs on the North Shore, has made a very apt comment on the diocesan report of the treasurer of the Chicago committee on the Nation-wide Campaign, illustrating the extent of this change in this diocese. He says: "The report shows, in the first place, that the amount realized from the canvass is only \$218,391, or less than half what we attempted to raise. The effort was a good one, even though we fell short of our goal, and the amount we have raised is at least twice what has been given for the Church's Mission in any previous year. Without doubt we shall do better another year, for the effort is to be continuous.

"Only eight parishes in the diocese gave as much as \$10,000 each, and the total contributed by these eight parishes was \$118,978, or 54 per cent. of the whole amount given. Of these eight parishes five were

suburban parishes on the North Shore and only three were city parishes. Highland Park was sixth on the list.

"There are upon the North Shore between Evanston and Lake Forest, inclusive, eight parishes. There are in the city of Chicago twenty-five parishes, yet the amount given by the eight North Shore parishes exceeded by more than \$4,000 the total amount given by the twenty-five Chicago parishes. This is interesting as showing how the financial center of gravity in the diocese is changing.

"When I became rector of Trinity Church, Highland Park, there were only four parishes or missions between Chicago and Waukegan. Of these two were St. Mark's and St. Luke's, Evanston, then small parishes, Trinity, Highland Park, which was organized as a parish and never had the status of a mission, and the mission at Winnetka, which was scarcely able to keep its head above water. No Church services were held at North Evanston, Wilmette, Glencoe, or Lake Forest. The strength of the diocese was in the great city parishes. To-day with the frequent removals to the suburbs the problem of the city parish is a difficult one. Of course there will always be a few large and prosperous city parishes. but more and more the strength of the diocese is shifting to the suburban districts."

#### THE WOMAN'S AUXILIABY

All the fury of a blizzard from the Northwest centering in Chicago did not lessen the attendance at the monthly meeting of the diocesan branch of the Woman's Auxiliary at Washington Hall, on March 5th. Mrs. E. J. Randall, the president, was chairman. The speaker of the morning was the Rev. Thomas Burgess, secretary of the work done by the national Church for foreign-

born Americans. Mr. Burgess in a short and illuminating talk pleaded for a better understanding and practice of Christian hospitality toward the foreign-born who are always entering our wide-open gates expecting wonderful things of what they have been told is an ideal country, a land of promise. Too often we are indifferent to these newcomers, with unfortunate and sometimes dangerous results. The speaker asked that the members of the Auxiliary help in welcoming the stranger and making him feel at home within our gates. Mr. Burgess gave as in instance of this Christian hospitality, the receptions given to immigrants at the Spokane Cathedral as an immediate result of the propaganda carried on by the Department of Missions. The speaker asked for a constant emphasis of the religious aspect of all social service work. Afterwards Mrs. Robert Gregory gave an excellent five-minute survey of results of the Nation-wide Campaign. A touching letter was read from the secretary of the General Board of the Auxiliary, expressing sympathy of the members of the Board for the members of the Chicago branch at the loss of Mrs. Frederick Greeley.

#### AT CHRIST CHURCH, JOLIET

February 22nd was the ninth anniversary of the coming of the Rev. T. DeWitt Tanner, as rector of Christ Church, Joliet. These years have been a time of gratifying growth. Recently the parish has been the recipient of certain funds from the children of the late Captain G. Elwood and Margaret P. Elwood, to be known as the Elwood Memorial Fund, in memory of Captain and Mrs. Elwood and Juliet L. Elwood. interest, amounting now to between \$400 and \$500, is to be used to support the music and worship of Christ Church.

#### ST. PAUL'S-BY-THE-LAKE

Among the prosperous city parishes is St. Paul's-by-the-Lake, Rogers Park (Rev. H. N. Hyde, rector). The total amount raised and contributed during 1919 is \$14,-383.61. In addition \$6,000 was received in cash for the parish property on Lunt avenue, making total receipts of \$20,383.61 for the year. The parish is also freed from a mortgage of \$4,000 upon the Lunt avenue property. The pledged income for parish needs is over \$6,000 a year, and for outside objects over \$2,800. The total debts and current obligations are \$9,000. To counteract these is a legacy of \$5,000 from the estate of Oscar F. Herren, about to be received, besides pledges from parish organizations amounting to \$1,000.

H. B. GWYN.

#### ANNUAL COUNCIL OF NORTHERN INDIANA

THE ANNUAL COUNCIL of the diocese held in St. James' Church, South Bend, February 4th, was a most happy occasion from beginning to its close. Being the twenty-fifth council since the Bishop's consecration, it took on the nature of a commemorative celebration, though the actual commemoration will not take place until April 28th and 29th.

The council, largely attended by both clergy and laity, was opened with Holy Communion, the Bishop being the celebrant. A quorum of both orders being present, the council organized by the election of the Rev. L. C. Rogers as secretary. The Bishop then read his annual address, in which he reviewed most thankfully the blessings of his twenty-five years of service and devoted the rest of the address to a careful presentation of the Nation-wide Campaign, what it demands, and the very great necessity that as



Church's work.

The reports of officers and committees, full of encouragement, were received and the old officers reëlected. The council unanimously approved and adopted the quota suggested for the diocese by the Nationwide Campaign and pledged itself to every earnest effort. It also voted unanimously to add \$1,200 to the Bishop's salary.

At noon a luncheon was served by the woman's guild of St. James' parish and in the evening a reception was given at the Oliver Hotel, by the young people of St. James' parish, in honor of the Bishop's twenty-fifth anniversary.

#### LENT'S ANNOUNCEMENTS

RESULTING from the Nation-wide Campaign, St. Peter's Church, Auburn, N. Y., has five classes of women for Lenten study: on Tuesday afternoon a Bible class, on Tuesday evening, two classes on Faith, on Wednesday afternoon two classes in Christian Americanization. The latter, conducted as programme meetings are called Adventures in Friendship. Adventure I, presented in three tableaux, represented typical groups of immigrants. Short talks were given on the migration of races, how such migration has aided civilization, and on America's debt to the immigrant.

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew and the Daughters of the King of St. John's Church. Auburn, are conducting a Church attendance campaign, to have every person connected with the parish attend at least one service each Sunday.

During Lent in Grace Church, Elmira, N. Y. (Rev. F. T. Henstridge, rector), the words and music of the choral Eucharist are placed in the pews and congregational singing is the rule. On Sunday the organist gives an organ recital after evensong.

The Lenten programme in Kansas City has been considerably altered this year, no noon-day meetings being held in the business district owing to the great difficulty of obtaining a suitable place. Instead, all the churches have united in one big service in a down-town church-Grace and Holy Trinity-on Wednesday nights at which the speakers are preachers from a distance. The list includes Bishop Shayler, Bishop Wise, Bishop Longley, Bishop Johnson of Missouri, Dr. Z. B. T. Phillips, Rev. E. M. Cross of Minneapolis, and for Holy Week Bishop Partridge. The Bishop is conducting his usual Lenten Bible class but instead of having one session per week, this year he is holding two; one in St. Mark's Church in the northeast section of the city, and the other at St. Paul's in the south end. He is giving the same course of study also in Christ Church, St. Joseph.

#### PRESIDENT SILLS TO SURVEY **CHURCH COLLEGES**

THE PRESIDING BISHOP AND COUNCIL through the Department of Education, have secured the services of President Kenneth M. Sills of Bowdoin College to make a survey of the Church colleges-Kenyon, Sewance, St. Stephen's, Hobart, and Trinity. President Sills will form a commission of educators, expert in collegiate education. The object is to define the position of the Church colleges in educational work, to determine if they are worthy of support and the minimum support necessary at the cartoward its colleges.

The immediate reason for the survey is the request of some of the Church colleges through the Nation-wide Campaign for grants of over a million and a half of dollars.

President Sills has taken an active part in the diocese of Maine. His father was for many years Dean of the Cathedral in Portland.

#### CONDITIONS IN THE NEAR EAST

"LEST WE FORGET", in our relative prosperity or in our poverty which is wealth by comparison, one must still occasionally turn a sympathetic glance to the countries where war's barbarities still prevail, or where the barbarities of peace are only less by a degree than those of war.

"Heavy snows, bitter cold, transportation tied up, scores of snowbound villages need clothing, blankets, supplies." Such is the cablegram received at Near East Relief headquarters from Caesarea. Reports indicate that conditions in a large area of Turkey east from Erzerum and Bitlis, including Van, are much worse than at first supposed. The isolation of the area has reduced a starving population to cannibalism in some cases. The winter is severe and the people, scantily clad are suffering intensely.

At Talas the Near East Relief has been obliged to open another building for the little Armenians made homeless by Turkish massacres and deportations. If possible, 2,600 of these children would be placed in private homes, but such homes are non-existent. Industrial education is the solution, but equipment is needed. One or two years of training will make the older boys self-supporting, but for smaller children and infants support must be continued for a much longer period.

Dr. James L. Barton, chairman of Near East Relief and only now returned, makes this statement:

"I had unlimited opportunity for observing the needs of all the countries involved and inspecting the work carried on.

"I have seen tens of thousands of ruined homes of helpless Armenians who had been wantonly murdered or deported to the deserts of Arabia. I have stood by and walked over great masses of the weather-bleached bones of men, women, and children. I have seen tens of thousands of the victims of those most inhuman deportations in history huddled together like beasts in temporary shelters, lined up at relief soup kitchens for a hot meal, painfully wending their weary way back to shelterless homes and ruined habitations.

"I have seen surviving rag-covered children from these cavalcades of destruction, who for four years have existed as dogs of the streets, living upon grass and scraps and whatever they could find, and sleeping without covering wherever night came upon them.

"On the other hand. I have seen tens of thousands of these waifs of Turkish atrocity, gathered into comfortable homes, sheltered, clothed, well fed, and kindly cared for; I have seen thousands of girls, Christian and Jew, who have escaped from years of bondage in Moslem harems, living in peace and safety; I have seen tens of thousands of the victims of Turkish cruelty cared for in modern hospitals under the supervision of competent and sympathetic doctors and nurses; and all this was made possible only by the liberality of American philanthropy.

"The winter is now on and in that country liest date; also their influence in their local of severe cold and deep snows the suffering by a sister, Mrs. Charles B. Fisher, of Fav-

soon as possible the whole diocese adjust territory, and such other facts as would is heartrending, as shown by appear is itself to this new method of doing the assist in formulating the Church's attitude beyond our ability to grant, owing to a shown by appear is of funds.

"We appeal to the American public to + this task through and save this results of Turkish atrocities until order can restored in that country and government, set up that will protect the helpless reconstruction. the refugees to their homes, and make it ye sible for them to live in peace and said

#### CONFERENCE FOR CHURCH WORL AT WELLESLEY COLLEGE

THROUGH THE courtesy of the pre-isand authorities, the Conference for Care Work will again be held in Wellesler to lege. The time selected is for the last to

days of June and July 1st.

The Conference for Church Work, sta lished on a permanent basis in 1910, is in tended for instruction and training in the spirit and method of Church work. As a result of the interest in the Nation-wil-Campaign, the average Churchman is as ing, What can I do, and how can I to most effectively and efficiently? The Cor ference for Church Work will answer sac

The following lectures and classes have already been arranged: Bible Expositiv and Singing; a special Bible class for e lege students, under the leadership of the Rev. Burton S. Easton, D.D., Ph.D.; a stab of the Prayer Book, under the Rev. For erick S. Fleming; a class on Personal & ligion, led by President Bernard I. B-I Church Pageantry and Drama. Miss Mugaret J. Hobart; Elementary Principles & Teaching, the Rev. Charles H. Boynton Ph.D.; courses for Church School Trans and Week-day Activities, the Rev. Phillip-S. Osgood, the Rev. John W. Suter, Jr., 32. Miss Lulu Wells; courses for the study of Missions and Church Extension, Miss L F Boyer, of Alaska, and Dr. William H. Jd freys; special emphasis on the Church Se vice League and the Church School Service League will be given, and the leaders at speakers will be announced later.

The committee in charge of the Confer ence includes the Bishop of Massachusta (ex-officio), the Bishops of New Hampshin and Rhode Island; the Very Rev. Hugh-E. W. Fosbroke, D.D., the Rev. Messrs. Harry Beal, Bernard I. Bell, Ralph M. Harret Leicester C. Lewis, and twelve laymen and women. The secretary is Miss Marian Del Ward, of Boston.

#### DEATH OF MRS. ETHELBERT TALBOT

THE BISHOP OF BETHLEHEM. the Right Reverend Ethelbert Talbot, D.D., LLD. is bereaved in the death of his wife. passed away recently from heart trouble after a long illness. Mrs. Talbot was been at Roanoke, Mo., a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Harvey, both of whom died while she was still young. She was marred on November 5, 1873, to Bishop Talbot. the rector of St. James' Church, Macon, Moin which town he founded the St. James Military Academy. Both there, and is Wyoming and Idaho, after Dr. Talbot's consecration, his wife was the devoted helpne: and the friend of all with whom she canin contact. During recent years her health had been too broken for her to maintain the active connection with the organizations and work of the Church that had been her constant activity in younger days. Besides be husband, Mrs. Talbot is survived by or daughter, Mrs. Francis Donaldson. of Tust ahoe, N. Y., by three grandchildren. Francis Jr., Dora, and Ethelbert Talbot Donalds a



The burial service was held on Tuesday fternoon, March 2nd, at the Pro-Cathedral,

#### DEATH OF REV. **BROCKHOLST MORGAN**

THE REV. BEOCKHOLST MORGAN, a nonarochial priest of the diocese of New York, who had served as rector of many parishes n New York and New Jersey, and was for ome time superintendent of the Episcopal City Mission in New York, in succession to Archdeacon Mackay-Smith, died on Monday, February 23rd, in West Orange, N. J. uneral services were held in St. Stephen's Church, Milburn, N. J., on the 26th, and nterment was in St. Stephen's cemetery, onducted by the Rev. Howard W. Gernand and the Rev. Dr. F. B. Reazor.

The Rev. Mr. Morgan, after being graduated from the General Theological Semnary in 1865, received deacon's orders the same year at the hands of Bishop Horatio Potter, and was advanced to the priesthood n 1867.

Portions of his ministry were spent at Milburn; St. George's, New York City; St. Mark's Church, Chicago; St. Peter's Church, Port Chester, N. Y., and St. John's Church, Elizabeth, N. J. He was the first chaplain of the New York Society of the Sons of the Revolution.

He was a gentle and kindly man, and high ly esteemed by all who know him.

#### DEATHOF ARCHDEACON HEGEMAN

GREAT LOSS was sustained by the diocese of Central New York in the death on Friday, February 27th, in Binghamton, of the Ven. Dr. A. R. B. Hegeman, Archdeacon, in the 52nd year of his life. Few knew of his illness, none supposed it to be serious, and he was thought to be recovering, when meningitis supervened and death resulted. Bishop Fiske, with whom he was intimately associated, received the news as he was making his way from Chicago to Boston, and immediately broke off all other engagements to be present at the burial services in Trinity Church, Binghamton, Dr. Hegeman's former parish, in which he died.

Dr. Hegeman was recalled from Y. M. C. A. service in Camp Wadsworth in 1918 to fill the office of Archdeacon, and then resigned the rectorship of Trinity Church, Binghamton which he had held for fifteen years. Prior to this he was rector of Holy Innocents', Albany, for seven years, and had held brief pastorates in Frankfort, Pa., and at Ozone Park, L. I. He was a graduate of St. Stephen's, and studied theology at the General Theological Seminary and at the Berkeley Divinity School. St. Stephen's in 1915 conferred upon him the degree of

doctor of divinity.

No priest of Central New York has been more widely known, and upon none, per-haps, have so many honors been showered. He succeeded the present Bishop Coadjutor of Iowa as Dean of the third district of the diocese. He had been one of the examining chaplains since 1906. He was repeatedly chosen deputy to the General Convention, declining, however. to stand for election to the last General Convention because he had been chosen a member of the Standing Committee. And in 1918 he was appointed to supervise, under Bishop Fiske, the missionary work of the diocese. He acceptably served in each of these capacities and was widely supported for the office of Bishop Coadjutor. He was largely instrumental in the selection of Bishop Fiske for that office. While rector of Trinity Church, Bing-

tte, Mo., and by two brothers in the far | hamton he succeeded in liquidating an indebtedness of \$17,000. A parish house was also built, and a new rectory purchased.

In 1897 he was married to Mary McCon-

nell of Frankfort, Pa., who died soon after their removal to Binghamton. During the greater part of his stay there he made his home with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Morse, who occupied and later purchased the old rectory. When just before Lent he felt unwell, he returned to them for rest. His trouble was diagnosed as neuritis of an acute form. but it was supposed that he was making improvement when meningitis followed and cut short his days.

The burial service, attended by a large number of the clergy, and many friends, was held from Trinity Church, Binghamton, Tuesday, March 2nd. Interment was made in Cypress Hills cemetery, Brooklyn.

#### DEATH OF REV. H. A. HENRY

On THURSDAY, March 4th, at Palm Beach, Florida, occurred the death of the Rev. H. Ashton Henry, a non-parichial priest of the diocese of Delaware. Burial services were conducted at Bethesda Church, Palm Beach, on March 8th, and temporary interment was made in that city.

The Rev. Mr. Henry was born in Philadelphia in 1854, son of the Rev. John B. and Anna M. (Ashton) Henry. He was graduated from the Philadelphia Divinity School in 1884, and in the same year was ordained deacon by Bishop Stevens. Bishop Doane

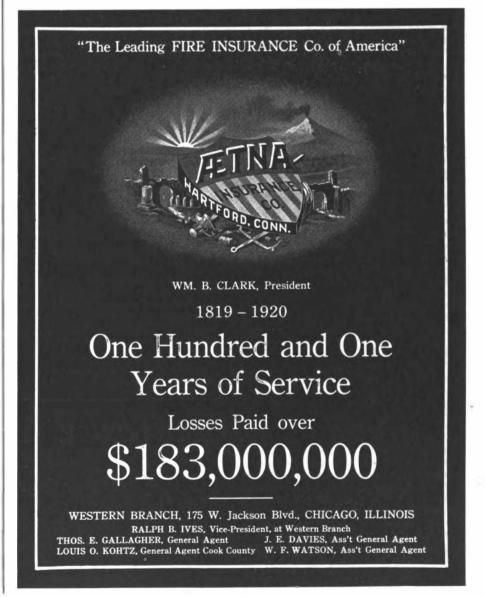
advanced him to the priesthood in 1885. Two years afterwards he married Emily Cactby of Troy, N. Y. Mr. Henry's first work was as assistant at Christ Church, Troy, from 1884 to 1886. Ht was priest in charge of St. Paul's Church, in the same city, for the following year, and from 1887 until 1904 he was rector of Trinity parish, Wilmington, Del. From 1907 to 1912 he was rector of Holy Trinity Church, West Palm Beach, Fla., and afterwards retired from the active ministry.

His wife and daughter, Miss Madeline Henry, who survive him, were with him when he died.

During his period of service, the Rev. Mr. Henry was at various times Dean of the convocation of Delaware, president of the Standing Committee for several years, and also a deputy to the General Convention of 1898.

#### DEATH OF A CHINESE PRIEST

RECENTLY WORD has come from China of the death of the Rev. H. N. Woo, on December 18th, in his eighty-sixth year. Mr. Woo was in many ways remarkable. The American Church Mission was established in Shanghai in 1845 by the elder Bishop Boone. Mr. Woo entered the Boys' School in Shanghai in 1848. In 1849 he was baptized by Bishop Boone. Later he came to America and was naturalized. He served in the Civil War in the Union army. In 1864 he returned to China and shortly after became



assistant to Archdeacon Thompson, From that time he has been actively connected with the mission—first as lay helper, later as deacon, and than as priest. He was very widely known and was honored by Christians and non-Christians alike. All respected him for his earnestness, integrity, and benevolent spirit. His life and work furnish a striking proof of the value of Christian missions in China.

#### THE CHURCHES' INVESTMENT IN CHURCHES

FIGURES recently published show that the Church leads all other religious organizations of America, on a per capita basis of comparison, in the amount of money invested in church buildings. Following is the table for the leading six bodies:

|                | Per Capita |
|----------------|------------|
| Episcopal      | \$150.98   |
| Congregational | 102.17     |
| Presbyterian   |            |
| Methodist      |            |
| Baptist        | 27.73      |
| Roman Catholic | 23.86      |

#### A PAROCHIAL MISSION

THE REV. W. D. McLane conducted a ten days' preaching mission in St. Luke's Church, New Haven, Conn. (Rev. Harry O. Bowles, rector), from February 29th to March 9th.

#### HAS NEWS BEEN SUPPRESSED?

THE SACRAMENTO CHUBCH FEDERATION send a copy of a letter addressed by them-selves to the Associated Press, in which they point out the great amount of publicity that was given throughout this country to the Irish representative of Sinn Fein giving information as to the campaign of addresses in every large American city, all of which were prominently reported by the Associated Press. The United States Senate, it continues, yielding to the influence thus created, actually passed resolutions favoring what is called "Home Rule in Ireland".

Americans with vision, recognizing that much of this propaganda was a continuation of the infamous German propaganda. afterwards invited prominent Ulster men to tell in this country the real story of Sinn Fein. These representatives arrived in New York in December 1919. This delegation has traveled throughout the country, and has re-ceived record-breaking audiences everywhere, in some places exceeding the attendance at "Billy" Sunday meetings held in the same place. "Yet," continues the statement, "as far as our observation goes, not one word of the nation-wide Ulster meetings has been reported in the Associated Press."

The letter demands an explanation of the reason for this grave condition, and inti-mates "ugly rumors" as to influences which, it is charged, may have created it.

"The Ulster delegation at their meeting stated that the real trouble in Ireland was not due so much to a desire to be free from England, as it was due to the machinations and intrigue of the Roman hierarchy. The Church Federation of Sacramento, realizing that America has no right to criticise the methods of the Wolff Agency of Germany if the above be true that American news is similarly censored, and recognizing the danger to American liberties, when one class, whether religious, financial, or otherwise, obtains control of the main news—disseminating agency of the country, and feeling that it would not be doing its duty as an aggregation of Churchmen if it did not make inquiry as to the possibility of such apparent class control, makes bold to ask the Associated Press whether such censorship of its news dispatches does exist; and

if not, why there were the prolonged and continuous reports of the Sinn Fein meetings when equally large gatherings of the Ulster meetings were entirely ignored."

#### **BEQUEST**

THE WILL of the late Mrs. H. R. L. Bissell of LeRoy, N. Y., leaves \$5,000 to the Church Home of Buffalo and \$2,000 to St. Mark's Church, LeRoy. The residue is to be divided proportionately among the beneficiaries, and this may double the bequests.

#### MEMORIALS AND GIFTS

A MEMORIAL ORGAN is being installed in St. Matthias' Church, Waukesha, Wis. (Rev. Clark L. Attridge, rector). The plan is that it shall be dedicated by the Bishop on his visitation of March 11th.

RECENT memorials installed in Trinity Church, Asbury Park, N. J., include a pair of Eucharistic candlesticks for the altar in the lady chapel, in memory of Mrs. Elizabeth S. Reeves, the gift of her niece, Mrs. William Burglin; a priest's stall for the sanctuary, in memory of the late Rev. Marcus Alden Tolman, the gift of Mrs. Tolman; a Litany desk, in memory of Miss Eliza Eaton, the gift of Major and Mrs. James S. Tomkins; and a silver sanctuary lamp, in memory of the Rev. Scott Kidder, D.D., the gift of his parents, the Rev. and Mrs. Charles H. Kidder.

THERE HAVE recently been given to St. John's Church, Hartford, Connecticut (Rev. William T. Hooper, rector), for use in the Communion service, a set of Communion vessels consisting of chalice and paten, and a bread box, all of heavy silver, with a cruet to match that already in use. There have also been given a white burse and veil, in corded silk, and a set each of green and red and purple in damask silk, and an Altar Service book, in red levant, silk lined, given at Christmas time "In loving memory of Charles Sloan, Christmas Day—1919." There has also been presented to the parish a "Rotospeed" duplicating machine to facilitate sending notices or letters into the parish.

#### **ARKANSAS**

JAMES R. WINCHESTER, D.D., Bishop EDWIN W. SAPHORE, D.D., Suffr. Bp. EDWARD T. DEMBY, D.D., Suffr. Bp.

Men's Club at Hot Springs—A Parish Letter Diocesan Growth

ST. LUKE'S PARISH, Hot Springs (Rev. Charles F. Collins, rector), has a large and enthusiastic men's club. While the social feature is not discounted, the object is principally spiritual. The rector is only a member, laymen leading in prayers and discussions.

THE REV. C. C. BURKE, rector of St. Andrew's parish, Marianna, has a weekly letter

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Other information may be secured from the Program Secretary, Miss J. F. Bunsteil.

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#### THE LIVING CHURCH

th many items of interest as well as coun-, it is a product of Mr. Burke's own press, lich he uses to decided advantage.

A PARAGRAPH in a recent issue of the Socesan Bulletin says that the diocese is ginning to hum. Forrest City flourishes, arianna will build a new church, and at ort Smith the whole town is going "Epispalian". Christ Church, Little Rock, is idertaking worthy and vast things. Camn reports \$1,000 raised for the Nationde Campaign and \$2,700 for Sewanee. ne work at Harrison is being vigorously cosecuted by a lay reader. Hot Springs being up". Fayetteville is having one the best years in its history, and Van aren is flourishing. Winslow is growing ar by year into a vast institution

THE BISHOP and Mrs. Winchester are reding at Hot Springs temporarily.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL at Christ Church, ittle Rock, is conducted by twenty-one achers, with a teacher training class by rector, the Rev. John Boden who adsson and one-half hour on the psychology teaching.

#### CENTRAL NEW YORK CHARLES T. OLMSTED, D.D., Bishop CHARLES FISKE, D.D., Bp. Coadj.

ccident to Rev. T. S. Collar—Clergy Salaries

WHILE PREPARING for his duties on the irst Sunday in Lent, the Rev. Thomas S. collar, the new priest in charge at Groton and Dryden, had the misfortune to catch is heel on the stairs and to fall, dislocatig his shoulder. He is carrying on his enten programme with the aid of lay

MISS OGDEN, president of the Students' nit at Wells College, has been added to le executive committee of St. Paul's hurch, Aurora (Rev. E. G. White, rector), represent the students. The rector's alary has been increased \$300 per annum, s a result of the every-member canvass. liss Moore, instructor in vocal music at recollege, has undertaken to train the arish choir.

ST. PETER'S CHUBCH, Bainbridge (Rev. J. JeL. Scovil, priest in charge), has increased he salary of its clergyman to date from anuary 1st, and becomes one of the selfupporting parishes of the diocese.

#### CONNECTICUT CHAUNCEY B. BREWSTER, D.D., Bishop EDWARD C. ACHESON, D.D., Suffr. Bp.

#### Religious Education

THE DIOCESAN Board of Religious Educaion held in St. Paul's parish house, New laven, on the 1st inst. a meeting honored y the presence of the Rev. Dr. Bradner who ame to outline some plans of the Provincial Board. A resolution was adopted asking hat the coming diocesan convention aphat the coming diocesan convention appropriate money to employ a diocesan secreary of religious education, who shall give us whole time; and also money for his quipment and for the salaries of assistants n each archdeaconry. The Little Helpers und The Junior Auxiliary were received as lepartments of the board and their diocesan secretaries were elected as ex officio mempers. Dr. Bradner outlined at some length plans for an educational mission in the province during the pre-Lent and Lent of 1921, to convert the people to better care of the religious welfare of their children. The board is sending out a questionnaire in

arouse and hold interest. Neatly printed regard to enrollment in the Sunday schools, in view of the apparent decrease in some sections in attendance and enrollment.

> FRIENDS OF Trinity College, Hartford, are frankly looking over its situation, and as usual the crux is financial. Trinity has an excellent record; its roll of alumni is no-table; has a beautiful plant and an endowment considerable but insufficient for these times. It is casting about for a president and rightly reasons that before it can attract a strong man it must recruit its exchequer. So plans are being made for increased endowment and more adequate support.

#### **GEORGIA** FREDERICK F. REESE, D.D., Bishop

A New Community Center

A COMMUNITY BECREATION CENTER has been established by the Church of the Atonement, Augusta (Rev. F. W. Dorsett, rector). An active committee has mapped out plans whereby children and adults employed in the mills, now deprived of social course and mental stimulation, will be offered recreation in various forms. There will be reading and recreation rooms, a kitchen, and musical and literary features. A vacant building adjoining the church will be fitted up for this work, which is meeting a great community need. The center opened on February 24th with a programme of music and short addresses, after which re-freshments were served. Members of the choir are meeting one afternoon each week with the children of the neighborhood that they may learn the Church hymns.

#### **IOWA** THEODORE N. MORRISON, D.D., Bishop HARRY S. LONGLEY, D.D., Bp. Coadj.

Work of Student Council at State University

THERE HAS been a revival of religious life among the Church students at the State University of Iowa since the Nation-wide Campaign. Twenty-four students are think-

#### THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND IN CANADA

is desirous of welcoming to their new home and of keeping in touch with all

#### CHURCHPEOPLE COMING TO CANADA TO RESIDE

Clergy and others interested will greatly facilitate the work if they will send names, Canadian address, and probable date of arrival, of families or individuals going to Canada to

THE DEPARTMENT FOR THE WELCOME AND WELFARE OF THE NEWCOMER

COUNCIL FOR SOCIAL SERVICE OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND IN CANADA

#### CONTINENTAL LIFE BUILDING, TORONTO, CANADA

The Department will at once notify the local clergy.

The Council for Social Service is the official organization of the Church of England in Canada, under the direction of the Geral Synod, which is charged with this work. Further information may be obtained from the General Secretary, Rev. Canon C. W. Vernon.

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281 Fourth Avenue New York, N. Y.

the priesthood, and five others are willing to give five years to the Church's work. Many students who had been lax in church attendance attend now every Sunday, and are making their communions. The students, while numbering less than the parishioners, attend in greater numbers, especially the Holy Communion, which is forsaken by the towns-people. The students center their activity in the Morrison Club. Officers elected on February 12th for the second year's work include Rodney F. Cobb of the Cathedral, Davenport, as president and Olive K. Martin as secretary. The club is a unit of the National Students' Council. The seven students thinking of holy orders are conducting services and preaching at a newly established mission in South Iowa City, and also at Coralville, holding services and a Sunday school in the union church there, which has been closed for some time. Our own is the only religious body working in the town. A Sunday school has also been established at South Iowa City.

KENTUCKY CHARLES E. WOODCOCK, D.D., Bishop

Brotherhood Conferences for Chapter Organiza-

IN THE LOUISVILLE assembly of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew the Church of the Advent, Grace Church, St. Andrew's Church, Christ Church Cathedral, St. Thomas' Mission, St. Mark's. St. George's, and Calvary Churches, all in Louisville, St. James' Church, Pewee Valley, and Trinity Church,

ing of life service in the Church, seven in Fulton, have accepted the Brotherhood's offer to train probationary chapters, and a church attendance campaign is their first corporate work. In the western assembly, St. Paul's Church, Henderson, Grace Church, Paducah, Grace Church, Hopkinsville, St. Mary's, Madisonville. and Christ Church, Bowling Green, are similarly active. During the training period the Brotherhood secretary meets with each group four nights, alternating, every other week, in Louisville and out in the diocese, so that there will be sixty conferences in the fifteen parishes, all offering opportunity to develop the spirit of service aroused in the Nation-wide Campaign.

> NORTHERN INDIANA JOHN H. WHITE, D.D., Bishop

Bishop White Retires from Rectorship

THE OBJECT having been fully accomplished for which Bishop White accepted the rectorship of St. James' Church, South Bend, namely, clearing the parish from debt, the Bishop with his increasing years has felt compelled to ask the vestry to release him from further duty as rector. This they have done and with wonderful unanimity and enthusiasm have elected the Rev. Robert J. Long, who for the past four years has served most efficiently and faithfully as Archdeacon, to the office of rector of St. James'. He has accepted and entered upon his office March 1st. Thus the diocese will be under the necessity of finding a new Archdeacon as well as a new rector for Trinity Church, Logansport.

# To the Friends of Religious Education

Kemper Hall, Kenosha, Wisconsin, celebrates this year its Fiftieth Anniversary. This Church School for girls is known throughout the country. It has striven always and is striving for the best training morally and mentally of the children entrusted to its care. a century it has carried on its work without any endowment.

A friend of the school has offered to give forty thousand dollars to commemorate this anniversary, if its friends can raise another sixty thousand. Of this sum fifty-one thousand dollars have been raised, and only nine thousand more are needed to complete the amount necessary to obtain the gift of forty thousand. The last lap is the hardest to cover in this race, but it must be covered.

Hence this appeal to Churchmen and other friends of religious education. Will you not send a check or a pledge for whatever you can afford? You surely must see that a gift of this size should not be lost to the school, and thus lost for religious education.

Send your check or your pledge before April First to anyone of these three:

> THE RIGHT REV. W. W. WEBB, D.D., Bishop of Milwaukee, Milwaukee, Wis.

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#### THE LIVING CHURCH

**VIRGINIA** WILLIAM C. BROWN, D.D., Bishop Council Will Meet in Richmond

)WING TO circumstances beyond will, the rector and vestry of Emmanuel wirch, Harrisonburg, have notified the rehop that that congregation will not be y 19th to 21st. Bishop Brown has theree changed the place of meeting to St. al's Church, Richmond.

## WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS THOMAS F. DAVIES, D.D., Bishop

eting of Women's Societies-Clergy in Conference—The Church at Webster

MARCH 5th, the officers of the diocesan man's Auxiliary and the Girls' Friendly iety met at the Bishop's House in ingfield. Bishop Davies conducted a et hour, which was followed by luncheon l a conference on women's work in the

N FEBRUARY 26th, Bishop Davies held a ritual conference for the clergy at his ise in Springfield. A considerable numwere kept away by severe weather conions. In southern Berkshire no trains trollies were moving, and in other parts the diocese the train service could not be pended upon. Nevertheless, twenty-four the clergy gathered. After a brief devo-nal service, the Bishop gave a meditation The Ladder of St. Peter (II St. Peter -5-8), speaking on The High Cost of Lofty in ving. After luncheon came a conference \_ diocesan matters.

The Twenty-Five years continuous thful service Mr. Nathaniel T. Hurlbut lined reelection as senior warden of the r ish at Webster and is succeeded by Mr. audding Bartlett, general manager of the tile mills of S. Slater & Sons. These Is represent a business a century old whose founder established the first actions was to teach reading to imminish, a school of Americanization in early old for about seventy children of many tionalities with graded lessons in sewing. alternate Sundays the divine liturgy is ebrated in Greek for about ninety in the ≠ish house.

## WESTERN NEW YORK CHARLES H. BRENT, D.D., Bishop

ø.

The Church at Charlotte

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH, Charlotte (Rev. S. McCoy, in charge), has recently burnt mortgage of \$1,500, with which it has been rdened for some twenty-five years. A rw chancel, vestry-room, and other imovements to the value of over \$8,000 are w nearing completion. To this amount e Sunday school children of the archaconry of Rochester contributed their vent offerings of over \$900, the largest ey have yet made.

**WYOMING** NATHANIEL S. THOMAS, D.D., Miss. Bp.

/yoming Rejoices—Cathedral Grounds En-larged—Fire

THE WORKERS in Wyoming, complimenting delaware upon its recognition of outstandg ability and leadership in its election of ishop Thomas, rejoice that the Bishop has en fit to remain with the work he has so

firmly established during the past ten years of preparation and of foundation-building, and it is now hoped that the superstructure may be erected by this same builder. Wyoming stands at the entrance to a wonderful future, in which the Church will play an important part.

On FRIDAY the 13th arrangements were completed whereby the Church gains possession of the entire square upon which St. Matthew's Cathedral, Laramie, stands. The Church has owned, since the days when Bishop Talbot founded the Cathedral, half of the square. The other half has been obtained through gifts of Mr. Edward Ivinson and Miss Grace Scoville, and through the recent purchase. Plans are now being made for removal of the houses now on the square, with a view to future erection of a Bishop's House and other buildings.

CHRIST CHURCH, Douglas, was injured by fire on Sunday morning, February 1st. The loss is covered by insurance, but the damage is such that the rector, the Rev. Howard R. Brinker, and his vestry are engaged in plans to erect a church and parish house which will be a credit to the community.

THE BISHOP'S COMMITTEE of St. James' Church, Kemmerer, has recently purchased a desirable lot adjacent to the present property.



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# MORNING PRAYER EVENING PRAYER PRAYERS AND THANKSGIVINGS THE USE OF THE PSALMS

with Tables of Proper Psalms and Selections of Psalms

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The book is issued in style uniform with the Imperial 32mo Prayer Book commonly used in the pews and it is anticipated that every parish will desire to secure a quantity and distribute them in the pews.

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As a great demand is certain, and it is difficult for the publishers to obtain a sufficient amount of paper to produce the book quickly in editions of adequate size, it is requested that orders be sent immediately, to be filled in the order that they are received.

# Morehouse Publishing Co.

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## EASTER CARDS

In sheer desperation, because the customary source get us no new Easter Cards this year that would be acceptate to refined, devout Churchmen who require the true East sentiment on the cards they send out, and are not satisfied will mere engraved name plates, the Morehouse Publishing Contains have made a line exclusively for their own customers. They are manufactured in our own new plant and are offered at the best available cards of the season. We have made for designs, printed in monotint on fine India-tint card, selling at 2 cents each; four folding cards, each in four colors, we Resurrection picture, inscription, and selected verses, selling at 6 cents each; and two folding cards, larger than the ferrogoing, but similar in style, selling at 10 cents each. Description and styles are as follows:

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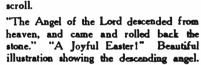


1. "Christ is Risen! O come, let us adore Him; O come, let us adore Him, Christ, the Lord." Text letters with striking initial.



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No. 3

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- 101. "Master!" (Plockhorst.) Verse, "Mighty Victim from the syling from Hymn 118.
- 102. "Known in the Breaking of the Bread." Emman Scale Verse by G. M.:

"Jesus is living! Jesus is not dead!
Jesus is known in Breaking of the Bread;
Stands in our midst, the very living Christ,
Blesses and breaks, dispenses Eucharist;
Passes in silence through each sealed door,
And lives within our hearts for evermore."

- 103. RISEN TO-DAY. Christ above the tomb with adoring angels. Fristwo verses of Hymn 112, "Jesus Christ is Risen To-day."
- 104. CHRIST IS RISEN. Florentine illustration (Fra Angelia:)
  Verses by Bishop Coxe:

"Come, the stone is rolled away;
See the place where Jesus lay;
See the place where Jesus lay;
See the lawn that wrapp'd His brow;
Here the angel sat but now.

'Seek not here the Christ,' he said;
'Seek not life among the dead.'

"Seek we then the life above:
Seek we Christ, our Light and Love.
Now His words we call to mind:
If we seek Him we shall find;
If we love Him we shall go
Where the Rose and Lily grow."

#### AT 10 CENTS EACH

Folding Cards,  $6 \times 31/2$  inches, with envelope. Each in four coordinates resurrection cut, Easter inscription, gold border on first page. Version third page.

201. "Christ is Risen!" "Behold I am alive for evermore. And have the keys of Death." Figure of the risen Lord bearst Key and Cross. Carol,

"The World is softly singing A Resurrection song",

two verses, by G. W.

202. "Christ is Risen!"

"Woman, why weepest thou? Behold, I am alive for evermore."

Figure of the weeping woman at the tomb with rises Christ s background. Verse by Bishop Coxe:

"Christ is risen! Weep no more: Sing the glorious Conquerer; Songs of His salvation sing; Where, O death, thy cruel sting? Worthy is the Lamb once slain; Judah's Lion, live and reign!"

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