# To Living Church

A weekly record of the news, the work, and the thought of the Episcopal Church

### A Text for Critics

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## Invasion Prayers



LORD of Hosts, who art a strong towe to all who put their trust in thee; guarand guide our soldiers and sailors, ou airmen and marines, and all enlisted i the service of our nation, especially those now engaged in battle for us an

for our cause. Strengthen them in danger and temp tation; succor the wounded and receive the dyin among both friend and foe; and, if it be thy graciou will, bring them safe home.

A LMIGHTY God, King of kings and Lord of lords accept the service of our nation and our allie in seeking to restore justice and truth upon earth where our cause is right, establish it; where it is conrupt, purify it; where it is in error, direct it; when in anything it is amiss, reform it; that the nations of this world may become the Kingdom of our Lord an Saviour, Jesus Christ; who with thee in the unity of the Holy Spirit, liveth and reigneth God, world with out end. Amen.

GOD of peace, who has taught us that in returning and rest we shall be saved, in quietness an in confidence shall be our strength; by the might of thy Spirit lift us, we pray thee, to thy presence, when we may be still and know that thou art God; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

## TRICTLY BUSINESS

ISHOP MANNING spoke last week at the Waldorf Astoria in w York, at a dinner in honor of Archbishop of York. More than 'en hundred Churchmen turned t, including Linden H. Morehouse's rty of fifteen. Linden used the asion as a get together for M-G ple.

Bishop Manning introduced the chbishop, and incidentally told of naive Westerner who was taken visit the Cathedral of St. John the vine. As the party strolled through immense gothic structure, a ide pointed out that St. John's

s a nave eleven feet wider than Peter's in Rome. The Westerner rried back to his parish to ex-in that there was a bigger knave St. John's than in St. Peter's! The Archbishop, a mellow and ual speaker, apologized for his iculty in meeting all the engagents expected of him in America. would be better, he said, if he ld be in two places at once. Once was. In Gibraltar, awaiting transtation to Russia, he heard comover the wireless (radio to us) s news flash: "The Archbishop of rk has just arrived by plane in scow!

ertainly the Archbishop was thorighly and favorably impressed by at he saw on his short visit to ssia. In putting his position, he elt on the extraordinary vigor, ility, and strength of the USSR; socialist rather than communist ernmental set-up there; and the itive and important revival of reous life now taking place.

think those points impressed the te-shirted and long-gowned auace, though most of the talk I rd had to do with whether the hbishop wore "those funny leg-gs, you know?" I wondered my-, but never really had a chance

HE DODGE family increased April 23rd, when a son was born Edgar Oliver and Florence Wil-Dodge. He is to be known as son Edgar Dodge. The father is old employee in our sales divi-; and the grandfather, Edgar eelock Dodge, is credit manager accountant, and the second oldemployee with the firm-in point ears of service.

HE LOS ANGELES ISSUE is still bringing in comments, and always from California. One arrived from Texas: "Those ures mean a great deal to me, bring the far-off nearer. I hope ; it is your intention to bring out issues from time to time, as it ood to know what the rest of the rch is doing." Yes, more special es are coming, but probably not after the war . . . paper short-

Leon me Consey

rector of Advertising and Promotion

### LETTERS

### Wrong Pickens

TO THE EDITOR: In your issue of March 5th you write of the visit of my brother, the Rev. Henri B. Pickens, to Nashotah House. Would you kindly give me his address? The last we heard he was interned at Manila. I recall being at Nashotah on the same date, but do not remember hearing that he was there.

(Rev.) CLAUDE L. PICKENS, JR.

Pelham, N. Y.

### COMING EVENTS

### May

- National Family Week; Religious Book Week, sponsored by the National Con-ference of Christians and Jews. 7-14.
- 8, 9. Convention of Milwaukee, All Saints' Cathedral, Milwaukee, Wis.
- Cathedral, Milwaukee, Wis.
  Convention of Bethlehem, Trinity Church,
  Carbendale, Pa.; New York, Synod
  House, New York City; Newark, Diocesan House, Newark, N. J.; South Carolina, Church of Holy Comforter, S. C.;
  Southern Virginia, St. Paul's Church,
  New York, March South Care, Newport News, Va.; Upper South Carolina.
- 9, 10. Convention of Delaware, St. Andrew's Church, Wilmington, Del.; Western North Carolina, Trinity Church, Asheville, N. C.

  10. Convention of Atlanta, Holy Trinity, Decatur, Ga.; East Carolina, St. Peter's Church, Washington, N. C.

  10, 11. Convention of West Virginia, Trinity Church, Morgantown, W. Va.

  16. Convention of Connecticut, Christ Church Cathedral Hartford Conn.: Frie Trinity

- Convention of Connecticut, Christ Church Cathedral, Hartford, Conn.; Erie, Trinity Memorial Church, Warren, Pa.; Long Island, Cathedral of the Incarnation, Garden City, N. Y.; Rhode Island, Cathedral of St. John, Providence, R. I.; Southern Ohio, St. Paul's Church, Columbus Ohio. bus, Ohio.
- 16, 17.
- bus, Ohio.
  Convention of Southwestern Virginia,
  Christ Church, Roanoke, Va.
  Convention of Eou Claire, Christ Church
  Cathedral, Eau Claire, Wis.; Maine, St.
  Luke's Cathedral, Portland, Me.: Western Massachusetts, St. Peter's Church,
  Springfald Mass. 17.
- Springfield, Mass.
  National Conference on the Ministry of the Church to Returning Service Men and Women.
- Convention of Harrisburg, St. James' 23.
- Church, Lancaster, Pa.
  Convention of Virginia, All Saints' 24.
- Church, Richmond, Va.
  Convention of Western Nebraska. St.
  Mark's Pro-Cathedral, Hastings, Neb. 24, 25,

Convention of Albany.

## The Living Church

Established 1878

A Weekly Record of the News, the Work, and the Thought of the Episcopal Church

(On leave for service with U. S. Marine Corps) LEON McCAULEY .... Director of Advertising and Promotion

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FORTH SUNDAY AFTER EASTER

### R

### FORWARD IN SERVICE

### Plan of Action for 1944-1945

Forward in Service announces that its emphasis for the season 1944-1945 will be "Christian Fellowship: International and Interracial Understanding." The plan of action for this period is being presented to clergy conferences throughout the country during April, May, and June. More than 70 of the dioceses and missionary districts are holding such conferences and adapting the plan of action to their local situations.

The Rev. Gerald F. Burrill, associate secretary for Forward in Service, comments on the new theme and plan of action, "One feature of the year's plan is the attempt that has been made to integrate the plan of action with the several departments of National Council and the various national organizations: This, it is expected, will give a more united impact on the whole life of the Church.

The subject of this year's emphasis is of the greatest importance to our time. The most critical problem before man today is that of human fellowship. War and hatred, racial antipathies and class antagonisms, are tearing asunder the human family. No greater gift could be offered man than help in solving this prob-

"The Presiding Bishop urges Christian people to concern themselves with international and interracial understanding. The Christian Church has a real answer to this problem. In Christ there is a fellowship which transcends differences of

nation, race, and class. "The Lambeth Encyclical of 1920 says, 'The secret of life is fellowship. So men

feel, and it is true. But fellowship with God is the indispensable condition of human fellowship. The secret of life is the double fellowship, fellowship with God

and with men. . . .

"'This then is the object of the Church. In the prosecution of this object it must take account of every fellowship that exists among men, must seek to deepen and purify it, and above all to attach it to God. But in order to accomplish its object, the Church must itself be a pattern of fellowship. . . . The more our minds are filled with the hopes of seeing the universal fellowship in full and free activity, the more zealous ought we be to improve and strengthen in every way the fellowship of our own Church.

"The plan of action for 1944-1945 will endeavor to bring about a greater realization of the fellowship inherent in the

### **News Summary**

An extraordinary number of important Church events are reported in this issue. They include:

The Archbishop of York in New York and Chicago (pp. 8-10).

¶ Preliminary plans for servicemen candidates for Holy Orders (p. 6). ¶ Plans for assistance to returning servicemen (p. 7).

Meeting of Committee on Lay-

men's Work (p. 11).

¶ Meeting of National Youth Commission (p. 11).

New National Council Field Program (p. 12).

realize that as Christians we are members of one another and that we are bound together in a unique way. . . . We are bound together by prayer and sacrament. . .

"The plan of action urges that we use every effort to extend the fellowship not only throughout the world but by personal evangelism in our parish at home. Furthermore we must interest our young people in offering themselves for special work in the Church. The extension of the fellowship after the war depends largely upon our young people.

"At the spring conference now being held, method material is presented to the clergy to assist them in applying this year's emphasis in their own parish. These method booklets are written by clergy who have been successful in carrying out such work in their own parish."

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LIVING CHURCH news is gathered by a staff of over 100 correspondents, one in every diocese and missionary district of the Episcopal Church and several in foreign lands. The Living Church is a subscriber to Religious News Service and is served by leading National news picture agencies.

Member of the Associated Church Press.

### NATIONAL COUNCIL

### Chinese "National Council" Considered at April Meeting

By ELIZABETH McCRACKEN

Several matters of unusual interes importance came before the Na Council and were acted upon at its ing, April 25th to 27th. Of part moment were the plans to set up ; tional Council in the Church in and the proposal to establish a seco John's University in Free China. such matters were the Committe Projects and Appeals voted by the cil and appointed by the Presiding B and the appointment of the first of field representatives of the Counc work under the direction of the D ment of Promotion but to act as the of the whole Council, representing

departments and divisions.

The plan for China is the creation organization similar to the Na Council of the Church in America, set up by the General Synod of the Hua Sheng Kung Hui so soon a becomes possible. The 1943 General vention adopted a resolution author the National Council to cooperate the Church in China in the develo of the plan and, upon the format such an organization, to deal with the assignment of missionaries an distribution of funds sent from this try. Bishop Roberts, Bishop Craighi Bishop Tsu, who was in New Yor ing the time of the April National cil meeting, had recommended a executive body for the Church in of this type and the American sect the Anglo-American Committee on sionary Coöperation had approv Since it may not be possible to mak manent arrangements immediate China, the Council voted to appr temporary organization of a kind will for the present best meet the of the Church in China. The Pr Bishop, speaking to the point, sa should like to say that this is act great significance. In the future, I our relation to the work in China quite different from what it is nov time will come when we shall give to the Church in China as a whole just to do our own work. Our finansponsibility in the past has been f own missionary work only. The d ment of the work was very uneve some places were never touched Both the British and the American had to leave some places out Pla

GENERAL

ture are for China as a whole, all issionary work of the Anglican les being done in coöperation for the in China. That Church will decide o do; we shall help them to do what cide to do.

in the future, instead of dealing 7ith our own representatives, we leal with the whole Chung Hua Kung Hui. Our financial aid will be whole work in China. The old ill gradually give way to the newhe National Council of the Church 1a, not we, will act. It is a tremenep in advance.

it will take a great educational in America. Our people are used porting our work and our mission-They know a lot of the missionaries at adds to their enthusiasm. We ot to get them enthusiastic about ing the Church in China and its

ary work."

### RGANIZATION AND FUNCTIONS

Council included in its vote of enent a grant of \$8,000 toward the 145 expenses of the proposed ad incentral executive body of the in China, and the offer of one with salary, to serve as a staff r of the proposed body. A careful nt of the organization and functhe executive body was drawn up, pies sent to the British section of Iglo-American Committee on Coon and to the Church in Canada. atement follows:

ing read the Memorandum from and Missionary Bishops in Free dated May, 1943, at Chungking; ving seen the Resolution of Genonvention at Cleveland, October, n "developing a central organizaresponding to our National Counthe Church in China; and having ed together about these documents, ourselves in agreement on the folmatters:

Ve favor a central organization for irch in China similar in nature to tional Council of the Church in a, if and when such can be set up General Synod of the Chung Hua

Kung Hui. Until the above can be accomwe approve of the temporary setby the Bishops of Free China, of sional central organization, such best serve the interests of the in China.

It is our opinion that the nature ctions of such a centralized organfor the Church in Free China,

e as follows:

should be temporary (that is, for ition of the war) but should study pare plans for the setting up, at ture time, of a permanent National or central organization, for the .H.S.K.H.

should be set up by, and be reto, the Bishops in Free China, uld in no way interfere with the elations between diocesan bishops, representatives, and the mother s as at present established.

s chief functions should be: 

work as distinct from diocesan work, such as theological education, recruiting for the ministry, work among students, etc.

"2. To act as clearing house for the transmission of, or requests for, special funds for special purposes, over and above

diocesan appropriations.

"3. To represent the participating dioceses in their contacts with other organizations, especially the State.'

### Free China University

The Rev. Dr. James Thayer Addison, vice president of the National Council and head of the Overseas Department, read to the Council a series of cables and radio-grams regarding a proposal to establish in Free China a second St. John's University, which later would probably be united with St. John's University in Shanghai. The purport of the messages was as follows:

The alumni of St. John's University now living in Free China propose to raise several millions of dollars (Chinese currency) and to re-open the schools of Arts, Engineering, and Medicine at Chungking in Free China. They had already, when the first cable was sent on November 23, 1943, raised the first million, and obtained promises of cooperation from the Christian universities in Chengtu and Chungking. The first two cables asked for the approval, encouragement, and assistance of the National Council.

Later messages stated that the alumni of St. John's feared that the National Council did not realize the necessity of prompt action in order to safeguard the schools and St. John's in Shanghai for the future. It was further set forth that the president of St. John's and the dean of its Engineering School, both now in Shanghai, had sent the alumni in Free China "verbal messages" urging them to carry out their plans, any other sort of communication being impossible. The latest cable concluded with the words: "We would like to hear from Dr. Addi-

Dr. Addison has held many conferences on this important question. He has conferred with the Presiding Bishop, with Bishop Tsu, with Dr. Cox, formerly chancellor of St. John's University, and with the Rev. Dr. F. L. Hawks Pott, president emeritus of St. John's. James Pott and Ellis Tucker, both of whom have taught in St. John's for many years and who returned on the Gripsholm, endorsed the recommendation. It was pointed out to the Council by Dr. Addison that St. John's is the only university now being conducted under the Japanese government in Shanghai and that this has two disadvantages. In the first place, Chinese students who wish to remain in Free China are prevented from attending the university. Secondly, there is a widespread impression, which the National Council has every reason to think false but which has gained credence in some parts of China, that St. John's is controlled by the Japanese. The establishment of a second St. John's, to be joined with St. John's, Shanghai, later, will not only make it possible for Chinese in Free China to

tion, but also it will do much to maintain the standing of the Church's educational work in China. Dr. Addison also made it clear that the second St. John's would not be founded by the National Council but simply endorsed by it, and helped with men and money.

The Presiding Bishop made a speech in favor of the plan, saying: "The alumni of St. John's University, Shanghai, are many of them prominent men who are bothrich and generous. This second St. John's which they propose will be carried out with the cooperation of several other schools. So the cost will not be as great as might be supposed. The alumni are able and willing to bear the expense. They have already got a million dollars-we don't know just what that is now in American money, but it shows that they are in great earnest. The attachment of the alumni for St. John's is very strong. They would not call this new venture anything else except a second St. John's.

"We have carried on St. John's, Shang-hai, without registration, but this new institution could not do that. These men are in the government of China, and the new university will be registered. We must look to the future, and see that St. John's has again its old important place

in China, under new conditions."

The Council voted a "token gift" of \$2,000 to the second St. John's. This was to be sent as a tangible evidence of the approval of the Council of the project. Bishop Gilman of Hankow was appointed by the Council as a representative of the Board of Founders of St. John's in Shanghai to help in carrying out the plan.

Another action affecting St. John's was the unanimous vote that the National Council, acting as the Board of Founders of St. John's, Shanghai, apply for membership in the Associated Boards of Christian Colleges in China. It was explained that such membership did not mean loss of control of any institution, but simply co-operation among all. The Associated Boards constitutes merely an advisory body, each institution belonging to the organization still having full control of its own policies and work.

### Committee on Projects

### And Appeals

The National Council at the April meeting voted the establishment of a Committee on Projects and Appeals, the members to be appointed by the Presiding Bishop. Dr. Lewis B. Franklin, treasurer of the Council, who presented the plan, said that it would have the following

responsibilities and powers: 1. To secure through officers of departments and divisions of the Council requests

from the several fields of work for funds which cannot normally be secured through budget appropriations for buildings, equipment, repairs, elimination of debt, etc.; 2. To collect from the field descriptive material as to each project; 3. To approve or disapprove projects for which not over \$5,000 is asked; 4. To submit to the National Council with its recommendation

all projects for which more than \$5,000

to individuals or to the Church in general in cooperation with the Department of Promotion; 6. To cooperate with the executive board of the Woman's Auxiliary as to the use of funds under its control for financing approved projects; 7. To recommend to the National Council projects for which appropriations might be made from legacies or other funds available for work outside of the budget.

The Presiding Bishop appointed on the committee Dr. Franklin, chairman; Miss Edna Beardsley for the Woman's Auxiliary; J. Earl Fowler for the Overseas Department; Robert D. Jordan for the Department of Promotion; and the Rev. Dr. George A. Wieland for the Home

Department.

### **British Missions**

At its closing session April 27th, the National Council heard from Bishop Tucker a summary of discussions he has had with the Archbishop of York, with special reference to aid to British missions. It was made plain by Bishop Tucker that aid to British missions has reached the stage where contributions of the American Church will take the form of specials over the budget, definitely designated for particular projects of work, and not as formerly, lump sums sent directly to the British Missionary Societies. It is expected that there will be close cooperation through the Anglo-American committee in study of needs and determination of projects or areas to receive American aid. The Presiding Bishop said that he has been in correspondence with the Archbishop of Canterbury on similar matters, as well as special problems involving future work in China.

### Report on Quotas

The Committee on Quotas, appointed by the Presiding Bishop at the February meeting of the National Council, reported through its chairman, Bishop Hobson of Southern Ohio, at the April meeting. The committee had met and voted unanimously to recommend to the dioceses and districts quotas for 1945 as put down in an attached list. These apportionments were made to accord with the budget of \$2,-677,132, adopted for 1945 by the General Convention. As General Convention directed, the amount assigned to each diocese and district has as its basis the current expenses of each. Other factors ordered to be considered were (a) communicant strength, (b) the past six-year record of giving to the General Church Program, (c) local conditions such as indebtedness, endowments, economic status, etc.

Bishop Hobson presented the report, and then said: "If we are going to do advance work, we have got to have money to do it with. We all realize that it would be a tragedy if we didn't move forward. There may be a few timid souls who want to sit back, satisfied with what we have done. People of that kind are responsible for the retreats made when advances

ought to be made.
"Some places are already giving above their mathematical quota. In some other places the spirit is good and probably they will come up to their quotas if we help them. But there are other places not meeting their quotas which are problems.

Bishop Dandridge, Coadjutor of Tennessee, asked: "How are the dioceses to know the way they stand, especially when

they are not up to the mark?"

Dr. Franklin replied before Bishop Hobson had begun to speak, Dr. Franklin's long experience as treasurer having given him special knowledge. He said: "It would not do at all to inform any diocese or district in any way that would even look like a reprimand for their failure. In the first place, letters like that would not do any good. They would give offense or would simply be ignored. All the dioceses and districts know where they stand. We have given and we are giving such information. In replies to letters from them, stating their problems, we can help, but not in any other way."

Bishop Dandridge asked another question, along the same line: "Would it help, without offending anyone, to send out a letter saying that we realize the difficulties and would help in any way we can?"

Dr. Franklin answered with emphasis: "It would not do at all in my parish. I question whether it would in others."

The Presiding Bishop entered the discussion here, saying: "Some dioceses don't regard quotas as responsibilities. Some others think they make unreasonable demands. First, we must get them to see that quotas are reasonable; then, we can

offer coöperation."

Bishop Hobson made a constructive suggestion at this point, saying: "We can write letters of appreciations to dioceses and districts that have given up to and beyond their quotas. Take Penrsylvania, for example. Bishop Hart and his helpers have done it, when many faint-hearted people thought that they could not do it. I move that the treasurer add a word of appreciation to his acknowledgments to Pennsylvania and others who make such fine records.'

The motion was seconded and carried. It was also reported that each diocese and district holding its convention in April and May had been notified of its mathematical quota.

### First Field Representative Of Council Appointed

The appointment of the Rev. James W. F. Carman as the first of the eight field representatives to be appointed by the National Council aroused more than ordinary interest at the April meeting of the Council, for the appointment marks the inauguration of the new program of the Department of Promotion working in coöperation with Forward in Service in placing the work of the Council before the whole Church [see page 12].

#### William E. Leidt Editor of Forth

Another action of the Council touching the Department of Promotion was the appointment of William E. Leidt as editor of Forth. Mr. Leidt has been unofficially editing Forth for some little time and it seemed to everyone concerned that he should hold the official position. He been at the Church Missions since first in connection with missionary e tion, then as associate editor of the of Missions and during the past few in charge of publications of the Co

### Churchways

The Department of Promotion nounced that a new publication, Ch. ways, would be started in September. will take the place of the five papers being issued by the several depart and divisions of the National Counwill be a paper devoted to metho work in the various departments and

### Decrease in Church School Pupils and Teachers

In the course of his report for the vision of Christian Education, the Dr. Daniel A. McGregor, exe secretary, mentioned the startling de in the numbers of both pupils and te in Church schools. He offered no extion, and a brief discussion follow which various possible reasons were tioned. Bishop Creighton of Mi made a suggestion that surprised Council members when he said: decrease in the number of pupils of the unwillingness of people to There seems to be a reluctance on the of many to do this work."

No one commented on this sugg The next speaker, Bishop Budlo Connecticut appeared to accept it, w said: "Another element in the decrthat many parents are in war work. is no one to get the children to the ( school. There is another thing-the been a movement to take the child the services in the church, instead o ing them to Church school."

The Rev. John Heuss, jr., of C the next speaker, cited the proced his own parish, saying: "We have a Communion, where the children a parents worship together. Then w breakfast. After breakfast, the c receive instruction. This is not a ba though it is not exactly a Church There are many trends leading awa the Church school, or at any r smaller enrolments as a whole."

E. Townsend Look of New Yor tioned the arrangement in his saying: "We have no sessions Church school on Sunday. We ha school on Wednesday, in the 'r time' given by the public schools children for religious instruction children come to church on Sunda their parents and go home with th

The Presiding Bishop spoke ne scribing the plan in use at Calvary ( New York City, which he often a "The little children have classes parish house. The older ones come morning service and stay until just the sermon. Then they march out to their classes in the parish Church-going and instruction ar

Dr. Frank W. Moore of Centr

GENERAL

asked a question: "Is it possible to older boys and girls, of from 10 rears of age, are now in the Young's Fellowship?"

McGregor replied that there were children in that age range in the ship to account for the decrease, : "There has been a steady decline sense of religious authority. Also, is a weakening of all authority serious of all, there has been a ing of family cohesion, affecting s and girls."

Rev. Dr. Alden D. Kelley got in a nere, saying: "The college clergy it they get the results of the religilucation program. That program the home as well as the Church Boys and girls do get Christian on, even if not in Church schools rely."

## dates for the Ministry Forces

Kelley's Division of College Work lled upon for its report immeafter Dr. McGregor had finished ort. Dr. Kelley spoke of the work haplains might do in recruiting for listry and another debate ensued, e had said: "Chaplains might talk about the ministry, with the posthat among them some might enter linaries after the war."

Kenneth C. M. Sills, president of

Kenneth C. M. Sills, president of n College, spoke next, saying: nird of the college men plan to e their education after the war, ow what they want to do profesafter college. Another third are in, and the last third have not about it. The vocation to the usually comes during the senior at least the awareness of it. These now in the armed forces are the mamong whom postulants would come."

p Hobson of Southern Ohio made stion, saying: "If we are going to



OP CREIGHTON: "His Bishop not accept him."

have a committee on this matter, the institutions concerned should be consulted and help draw up the plans."

Bishop Creighton of Michigan reminded the Council of an important fact when he said: "We have specific plans in our Constitution and Canons. What can be done is in our Canons in very definite form."

The Presiding Bishop interposed here to say that a committee might "get things started."

Bishop Creighton, however, saw objections, and said earnestly: "This committee, if we had it, might influence or encourage a man to apply; but his bishop might not accept him, and his rector might not recommend him. He could not, therefore, become a postulant. It is a serious matter to encourage a man when the bishop has not even seen him. Sometimes it works out well. I have a perfectly splendid candidate now. I never saw him, but he was recommended to me by two men whose judgment I know to be absolutely sound. It was irregular to accept him and I may possibly have to turn him down yet-if, for instance, he cannot pass the physical and psychical examinations and present a satisfactory paper."

Bishop Hobson offered a resolution, which was adopted, as follows: "That the executive secretary of the Division of College Work, in consultation with the Presiding Bishop, be requested to form a committee made up of representatives of agencies interested in those men in the armed services who are possible candidates for the ministry, and to consider and take action on the question involved in meeting the needs of those men who will become future ministers of our Church."

### Archbishop of York Visits National Council on Opening Day

The Archbishop of York visited the National Council on Tuesday morning, arriving with his chaplain shortly after the beginning of the opening session. His Grace made a very short speech, which was heard with keen interest by the Council, members of the staff, and as many visitors as could find space in the chapel. The Archbishop said: "It is a great pleasure at last to visit your country. I had been invited before but never until now could I come. I am especially glad to come now, to thank you in person, as has already been done in writing, for your help in our missionary work. It was a most generous action on your part and it moved us all most deenly.

us all most deeply.

"We are always encouraged by the thought of our fellowship with you. When we are speaking in these days of the necessity of fellowship throughout the world, it is obvious that our exhortations can have no effect unless there is fellowship among ourselves; and though the day for reunion of Christendom is far distant, there is increasing coöperation between various branches of the Church. Above all, there should be increasing coöperation and closeness between all of us who are members of the one communion, the Anglican communion, a communion which is most truly Catholic and yet reformed a communical c



FR. KELLY: To form committee on servicemen candidates.

munion in which we all share together in the common possession of the Scriptures, of the Catholic Creeds, of the Sacraments, and of the three-fold ministry of bishops, priests, and deacons; and we are also united by the expression of our faith which we find in the worship of the Prayer Book. Although the different Churches of the Anglican communion have their own versions of the Prayer Book, yet in substance we are united. And here let me say how much I enjoyed and how gladly I have availed myself of the privilege of being able both in the Washington Cathedral and in your own Cathedral here to celebrate the Holy Communion according to your rite, with the very striking Canon which you use here, and which I wish we could follow in many ways in our own country.

"We face a world full of chaos and anxiety, but holding close to one another in fellowship with our Lord and in fellowship in the one Church, we ought to be able in due course to bring the nations closer to one another in the family under the one Father who is over all."

### Other Visitors to April Council Meeting

Bishop Perry of Rhode Island made his first visit to the National Council since his retirement as Presiding Bishop seven years ago. He was greeted with enthusiasm and asked to speak and to sit with the Council. Bishop Perry said: "I welcome this moment with the National Council. I hope to meet the new members, but I have been claiming fellow veterans here. This is my first return to the Church Missions House, where I spent more than 25 years in various capacities, since I retired as Presiding Bishop.

"Signs of progress are many and conspicuous since 1937. One of the most noticeable is the relief from care about details that your new method provides. I remember our days of housekeeping, when every little thing was discussed at

great length. I recall one long discussion as to whether we should approve the purchase of a baby wagon for the infant of a missionary in China. You did discuss briefly this morning the buying of an automobile for a missionary. You have advanced from perambulators to automobiles. The preliminary work now done by the departments and the Cabinet saves much time.

"The progress in the direction of autonomous Churches is significant. In future, we shall deal with the Church in China, not with small details of several dioceses and stations. I hope that we may again deal with the Church in Japan, and I am sure your Presiding Bishop agrees. There is strong religious life in Japan still in the life of the people. We shall find it there; and we shall find it in Germany too. There will be a return of strong religious leadership on the Continent of Europe after the war."

Another visitor was Bishop Beal of the Panama Canal Zone. Bishop Beal spoke very briefly, citing progress in many branches of his work. This past year was marked by the largest number of Confirmations in the history of the district of the Panama Canal Zone. Negro congregations were becoming more and self-supporting. The increase in the military and civilian population because of the war presented new opportunities and the need for more clergy.

### **Christian Social Relations**

The Rev. Almon R. Pepper, executive of the Division of Christian Social Relations, asked that his division be discharged from further consideration of two matters committed to it, through the Council, by General Convention. One was the printing of the Social Reconstruction Report, which has been completed; the other was a consideration of the wisdom of printing religious books, including the Bible, Hymnal, a short Life of Christ, etc., in Japanese, German, and Italian for prisoners of war. The division in-



BISHOP PERRY: "You have odvanced

### Aid for Returning Servicemen

Dr. Pepper reported at the National Council meeting on a successful Sixth Annual Conference on Capital and Labor, called by the Presiding Bishop, and held at the College of Preachers in Washington, D. C. He called attention to the great pastoral responsibility existing now and bound to increase rapidly, for ministry to returned service men and women. Men are returning at the rate of 100,000 a month now. Some are normal, some wounded or mentally or spiritually handicapped. They need help. Government, Federal and state, will furnish means for making adjustments. The Church's responsibility is to make sure all local communities will be providing

necessary services; welcoming the mand women back into the fellows of the Church; keeping alert for mebers who became members while twere away; supplying counsel and vice; helping secure jobs; vocatio guidance, aid in education, in fan situations and maladjustments, und standing and insight.

Dr. Pepper said that the Presid Bishop's Committee on Layma Work has considered the problem is ready to give all the backing t can. The executive board of Woman's Auxiliary also had the s ject under consideration and indica an intention to inform Churchwor

needs and methods.

vestigated the situation and found that such literature in these languages is available through other agencies, so there is no need for the Church to prepare such material

### **Election of New Council Member**

The vacancy in the membership of the National Council occasioned by the election of the Very Rev. Dr. Elwood L. Haines of Kentucky as Bishop of Iowa, was filled by the election of the Rev. Robert A. Magill, rector of St. John's Church, Lynchburg, Va. Fr. Magill waborn in Philadelphia in 1896. He is a graduate of William and Mary College and of the Virginia Theological Seminary. For four years Fr. Magill was a missionary in China. He has been active in diocesan and provincial affairs, as well as in parochial work. Fr. Magill has accepted the election.

### WOMAN'S AUXILIARY

### **National Executive Board Meeting**

Renewed emphasis on recruiting Church workers, postwar planning especially with regard to returning personnel already arriving by thousands, and a mass of miscellaneous subjects were considered at the spring meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary national executive board in New York, April 21st to 24th.

A capable woman now in a well paid and secure position, who went to a Church vocational conference a few years ago, now refers to it and inquires whether she could work for the Church as she feels her present work "has no purpose." Another woman writes, "If I had known, when I left college, that it was possible to work for the Church, I'd have been interested, but I never heard of any such opportunity." These and many other indications show a need for spreading far more in form ation about opportunities for Church work and possibilities of training for it. The executive board is urging appointment of diocesan personnel committees and the bases for a great deal more

personal activity by Churchwomen where, in spreading facts about ( work as a profession, and in relikely candidates for training.

Stimulated by the Presiding B statement to the board that "m plans are needed for the postwar it is equally important to be sure w the necessary qualifications for them into effect," and by the add: Dr. Roswell P. Barnes, an associateral secretary of the Federal Courways in which Church people can the tangent and act now, in connection with retwar personnel, the board calls at to the fact that while the governry doing much for the physical and tional assistance of these men and the home and the parish have great sibility in helping them readjust the to new conditions.

### RADIO PUBLICITY

One specific item recommended use of spot announcements on loca programs. Through the radio chair the United Council for Church Mrs. Charles E. Griffith, former r of the executive board, suitable stat may be sent out from the United C headquarters, 156 Fifth Avenue York 10, to some 650 women w radio commentators throughout the try. The board's eight provincial retatives are sending further inforabout this to their dioceses.

Plans are under way for a con with women in industry in conj with the next (October) meeting Auxiliary and Girls' Friendly Soci

tional boards.

Many Churchwomen in trying good citizens desire more info about matters that come up from time in federal or local legislati board learns. Its resource comm exploring methods by which relia formation may be made availab ways in which women can act mortively in their communities. For tail, the provincial representatives board have been asked to find out the legal minimum wage for workers, and report the amounts

personnel committee. (One misbishop, the board learned, has had plement from special funds one ary salary which was below the m legal in that state.)

chwomen who like to sew, and ve finished the supply work assignon which the missions are dependencouraged to work this summer te of the foreign war relief agencies are glad to supply material.

connection with the Presiding s Fund for World Relief, the s commending an appeal from the an board which represents 12 an colleges in China, including Hua College at Hsichow. Aid to these , the board notes, is not only tarian relief of actual suffering, of the increased cost of living and I purchasing value of money, but is necessary step if the colleges are to n their high educational standards. of the best faculty members are government positions at immensely salaries, and however much they efer the college work, they must question of how they are to coneaching and be able to feed and heir families.

executive board again calls the n of Churchwomen to the assistey can render in helping to resettle e-Americans now in relocation

### SCHOLARSHIPS

de April meeting was the last beschool year begins in the fall, an ly large number of scholarships bed for use next winter, in addiseveral for summer sessions. Pracill these are for college graduates further training in Church cenerveral appointments, new or refor college work or the rural misd were recommended to the Nacouncil.

the equipment item of the United Offering money was voted for school teaching materials needed ssionary in the Virgin Islands and ree China. Money was voted for seded repairs to mission buildings

(the Cathedral), the Dominican, New Mexico, and Nevada. Apions were also made from the und for missionaries on furlough. Orial resolutions were adopted rethe death of Mrs. Richard Soule, ginated the United Thank Offerof Mrs. Julius E. Kinney, former of the board and, as president Colorado diocesan Auxiliary, hostine Triennial meeting of 1931 in

Through the kindness of Mrs. son, the United Thank Offering used for many years is to be given tional office of the Auxiliary.

he head of the Philadelphia Divihool's Department of Women, atherine A. Grammer, and the Windham House, Miss Helen l; also Miss Gloria Jameson of n, Tex., now a student at Windouse, who reported the recenal conference for high school girls as organized and directed by the Windham House students. Visitors included former board members, presidents and other officers from several dioceses, missionaries, Mrs. W. W. Pedder, president of the Daughters of the King, Mrs. James S. McCulloh of Rye, N. Y., incoming president of the New York diocesan Auxiliary, and Mrs. Frank W. Creighton of Detroit. The board was entertained at lunch on April 22d by the Seamen's Church Institute of New York.

### ANGLICAN RELATIONS

### The Archbishop of York's Week in New York

By ELIZABETH McCRACKEN

The Archbishop of York spent a full week in New York City. He arrived on Saturday morning, April 21st, and went directly to the Bishop's House in the Close of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, where he stayed until Monday morning. His Grace was Bishop Manning's guest throughout the week, but in order to facilitate his attendance at the meetings in many parts of the city, the Bishop had engaged a suite for the Archbishop at the Waldorf-Astoria, which is centrally located, and entertained His Grace there during the remainder of the week.

Sunday was devoted to the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, where the Archbishop was present at three services: the eight o'clock celebration of the Holy Communion, at which he was celebrant, and the two great gatherings, at which he preached. [See L.C., April 30th.]

The Archbishop filled three academic

engagements. The first of these was at the General Theological Seminary, where His Grace, accompanied by Bishop Manning, his chaplain and Bishop Manning's chaplain, attended Choral Evensong on Monday, April 24th. The Archbishop said the closing prayer and pronounced the Benediction. He then met the students and faculty in the Common Room of Seabury Hall, the dean of the Seminary, the Very Rev. Dr. Hughell E. W. Fosbroke, being host. The occasion took the form of a forum, during which the students asked questions and the Archbishop answered. True to his custom, His Grace himself put many questions, the answers to which he heard with much interest. Most of the questions had to do with the state of religion in England, Russia, and America.

On Tuesday, the Archbishop visited Union Theological Seminary, on his way to Columbia, where he was given the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. He spoke briefly in the chapel at Union, introduced by the Rev. Dr. Henry Sloane Costin, president of Union. His subject was the duty of the Churches to right social wrongs.

Columbia University held a special convocation in order to bestow the degree. The Archbishop was escorted by the Rev. Otis R. Rice, acting chaplain of Columbia. Bishop Manning, who is a trustee of Columbia, presented the Archbishop to the president of Columbia, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, saying:

"I have the honor to present to you for the degree of Doctor of Laws the Most Reverend and Right Honorable Cyril Forster Garbett, Archbishop of York, Primate of England, and Metropolitan.

"Representing in his sacred office the ancient historic Church of England, the



Acme.

COVEDNOR DEWEY. The Analkishes



AT NEW YORK CATHEDRAL: The Archbishop was photographed with Bishops Man-

Archbishop bears great responsibilities both in Church and state and is giving powerful leadership for the strengthening of religion and for the achievement of human welfare. The Archbishop's deep interest in the cause of Christian reunion and of world fellowship is known to all. His recent visit to the Church in Russia has strengthened the close relationship between the world-wide Anglican com-munion and the great Churches of the East and also done much to promote a right understanding of the present policies and aims of our great Russian ally.

ning (left) and Tucker (right).

"To us in this country the Archbishop's visit is most deeply welcome, for his coming speaks to us of that close fellowship between America and Great Britain and all the English-speaking peoples, upon which depends the hope of the future, the hope of such international organization and cooperation as shall make impossible another outbreak of barbarism and shall give world security and peace.

"As trustee of this university and also as Bishop of New York, it gives me great happiness, Mr. President, to present to you the Archbishop of York to receive the degree now to be conferred upon him."

President Butler, in conferring the de-

gree, said:
"The Most Reverend and Right Honorable Cyril Forster Garbett, Lord Archbishop of York, Primate of England, and Metropolitan; outstanding representative of the religious thought of the English

public service; scholar, author, and honored spokesman of the Church of England; now bringing to the American people a welcome message of faith, of fellowship, and good will: I gladly admit you to the degree of Doctor of Laws in this university and confer upon you all the rights and privileges which attach thereto.

### SPEAKING ENGAGEMENTS

The most important speaking engagement of the Archbishop were those in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine on Sunday, April 23d, already reported, and the address given at the Riverside Church on the evening of April 27th. The subject of the address was "The World Mission of the Church." The Archbishop is vice chairman of the International Missionary Council, which, with the World Council of Churches, sponsored the service in the Riverside Church. Dr. John R. Mott, honorary chairman of the International Missionary Council, presided, and the pastor of the church, the Rev. Dr. Harry Emerson Fosdick, delivered an address of welcome. There were 3,000 present, in spite of a heavy rain storm. The Archbishop described the world mission of the Church as evangelization, the whole purpose of which must be to lead the world to Christ.

Earlier in the day, the Archbishop addressed a meeting of 500 ministers of Churches other than the Episcopal, at a session in the chapel of the Fifth Avenue

Dr. John Sutherland Bonnell is p Many questions were put to him. Tl swer to one of these has aroused discussion in religious circles in the The question was as to whether thought a Peace Commission, the bership of which would include Tox Kagawa, Mahatma Gandhi, Martin moeller, Rabbi Stephen S. Wise Herbert Hoover would be desirable Grace replied that there was not the slightest possibility of such a body appointed, adding with some emphas should not trust such a commissi solve such intricate questions."

The Archbishop spoke briefly befo National Council at its opening sessi April 25th. He also said a few wo: luncheon meetings held by the Er Speaking Union and the Pilgrims' So respectively. On Monday, he visited ity Church, accompanied by Bishop ning, and spoke very briefly to comers to a service for which His was not able to remain. The Rev Frederic S. Fleming, the rector of T Parish, welcomed the Archbishop.

A few other short speeches were on other occasions. When the Archi was asked what had most struck h America, he replied with a smile: amazing capacity of the America listen to speeches."

### CIVIC ENGAGEMENTS

The Archbishop made two calls o interest. The first of these was on I La Guardia in City Hall. The may vited prominent members of the city ernment and its boards to meet the bishop, among them, Mrs. Mary K khovitch, director of Greenwich and an official of the Housing Aut of both city and state.

The other civic call was upon Gov Dewey, at his quarters in the Roc Hotel, New York City. His Grace sented the Governor with a water of York Minster, painted by Patrick a "most promising young water artist." The Archbishop declared th was very fond of this picture, but the was glad to give it to Governor I on that express account. Consul-G Francis Evans accompanied the bishop to Governor Dewey's suite.

### CHURCH CLUB DINNER

On April 26th, the Church Cl New York gave a dinner in the bishop's honor in the Waldorf-A More than 800 guests were present Grand Ball Room was just large e for this great company. Twent bishops were present, among them 1 Tsu of Kunming, China, Bishop Pe Rhode Island, and Bishop Beal of Panama Canal Zone. Ludlow Bull, ident of the Club, presided. The Pre Bishop gave the Blessing at the ning, and the Archbishop pronounce Benediction at the end. Both the Na Anthem and God Save the King sung, and both the American flag ar British flag were displayed.

Bishop Manning gave the welc

address.

The Archbishop made a speech of

ik on three different subjects-the f religion in England, his visit to and the spirit of England after five years of war.

gard to the first subject, His Grace at the destruction or damage of 3,000 churches of all denominaad interfered with church attend-The black-out had made evening difficult or impossible. War work evented others from regular attendlut there was a growing conviction necessity of religion, which showed 1 many ways. Large crowds attendspecial days of prayer; thousands d the one moment of private prayer o'clock every night. There was also and friendliness coöperation

various religious bodies. r, there was an increasing realizaat religion must bear its witness social injustice, and demand food, work, and education for all. His paid a tribute to the Archbishop of oury at this point which elicited dous applause. He said:

I must add how fortunate we are present critical time to have Wil-'emple as Archbishop of Cantern intellectual power he stands head oulders above the rest of us. He at courage and vision. Many of us he will prove one of the greatest hops the Church of England ever

erning Russia, the Archbishop said t what he had said in his press nce. He had been deeply impressed vigor, vitality and strength of this ally. Russia, he thought, was a not a communist state. There is pubted revival of religion. He con-

"Russia has a great future, and we like it or not, will play a great the future of the human race."

Archbishop aroused most enthusiien he spoke on his third subject: rit of England after nearly five f war, particularly when he said: nation is unshaken in its detern to fight until complete victory is We are completely united in this on. Men and women of all creeds itical parties are of one mind and in this. We have few pacifists, we all hate war. We have never I in our determination to fight ctory is won, and we never shall [Applause of unusual length and

Archbishop left for Chicago on ning of April 28th, after a week unique interest for all New York people and for many others. It was rable visit.

### Church Conference sed with Archbishop

for a meeting of Church leaders ately after cessation of hostilities inge a conference of the World of Churches were discussed with ost Rev. Cyril Forster Garbett, hop of York, at a luncheon of the committee of the World Council in New York City.

The Archbishop also met with the American officers and committee members of the International Missionary Council. The Federal Council of Churches' recent pronouncement on religious liberty and IMC postwar plans were among the subjects discussed.

### The Archbishop in Chicago

Emphasizing that every effort must be made by the allied nations to insure complete victory at the earliest possible moment, the Archbishop of York, addressing a luncheon meeting of 1,000 guests at the Palmer House, Chicago, on April 29th, advocated the cooperation of the English-

speaking peoples of the world.

Dr. Garbett responded to a welcome by Mayor Kelly of Chicago with the statement that even though the United States is a democracy, its hospitality is kingly. Speaking from evidence strongly backed by fact and intimate knowledge, the Archbishop gave a striking picture of the Nazi methods of waging war-from the use made of occupied countries for growing food for the Germans, the use of slave labor to produce the munitions of war, to the large scale malnutrition and hunger existing in the occupied lands. He cited Poland as an exception to the usual Nazi methods. There, he said, all Polish children up to the age of three years are well fed, at which time they are removed to Germany to train in the Nazi tradition.

He spoke of the eight million French children without shoes, the increase of disease, the mass movement of labor to Germany-some 400,000 Belgians are now believed to be in Germany, as well as 600,000 Frenchmen, in addition to over a million French prisoners of war. The Archbishop stated that the total of people from occupied lands now working for Germany was between six and seven mil-

lions.

When this war is won, he stated,-and retreat has never been in the minds of the English—the allies must be ready to bring relief quickly to the countries now

occupied by the Germans.

Bishop Conkling of Chicago, in introducing the Archbishop at the luncheon, sponsored by the Church Club, told of the trips of Philander Chase to England to raise funds for spreading the work of the Church in the then wilds of Ohio and Illinois. Indicating the 1,000 guests in the Grand Ball Room of the Palmer House, Bishop Conkling called them the results of that investment.

Present at the luncheon were Bishop Gray of Northern Indiana, Bishop Keeler of Minnesota, Bishop McElwain, Bishop Rhea of Idaho. Communications from Bishop Leonti, Bishop Hobson, Bishop Essex, Bishop Page, and Gov. Greene, welcoming the Archbishop, were read to

the guests.

### Press Conference

The Archbishop, who was Bishop Conkling's guest during his Chicago visit, was perfectly at ease with the reporters for

the Bishop's office, just preceding the luncheon. Questions ranged from impressions about his trip to Russia [L.C., Nov. 21, 1943], to what he thought about American strikes. He declined to comment on the Montgomery Ward labor situation, saying that he knew too little about it, but that he had noticed the striking picture of a gentleman being escorted from a building by two soldiers. He stated that steps toward entire religious freedom for the Russian people have been taken, and he praised Premier Stalin as a "wise statesman.''

Other events in the Archbishop's crowded two days in Chicago included preaching at St. James' Church, where the Rev. Duncan Browne is rector; luncheon with Mr. and Mrs. Joseph T. Ryerson; speaking at a symposium on "Russia and Religion," sponsored by the Chicago Council of American-Soviet Friendship; participating in evensong at St. Luke's, Evanston; speaking at the Sunday Evening Club, at which a pageant written by the Rev. Irwin St. John Tucker of St. Stephen's Church, Chicago, was presented.

The Archbishop left Chicago on May 1st, for a brief trip to Toronto before he

returns to England.

### Archbishop's Impressions Of American Cities

### By ELIZABETH McCRACKEN

Through the very great kindness of Bishop Manning, whose guest the Archbishop of York was throughout his visit of a week in New York City, an interview with His Grace was arranged. It was the only interview granted by the Archbishop. At the Church Club dinner, His Grace expressed regret that he had been obliged, because of his full schedule, to refuse the many requests for interviews which reached him through many channels. The interview was not long, but it was interesting.

In reply to a question as to what he thought of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, the Archbishop said with enthusiasm that he regarded the Cathedral as magnificent. "The singing was lovely, full of reverence and very beautiful. The vast crowds at both the services on Sunday were most impressive. I have never preached to so large a congregation as that in the Cathedral on Sunday evening."

A question was asked as to whether His Grace had seen any of the slum-clearance or housing projects in the course of his visit. His great interest in such matters in England is well-known and his work in behalf of people living in poor houses. He replied: "I saw some housing near Washington, out in the country, and also some new houses built to replace slums. It was

all very good, I thought.'

The mention of Washington led to the question as to how he had been impressed by the city and the Washington Cathedral. "The Cathedral is very fine," the Archbishop said. "I thought Washington charming. There were lovely spring flowers in blossom-magnolias and cherries. I went to Mount Vernon and was much

burg and then to Philadelphia. I only wish that I might have had a longer time to see more of all these interesting and historic

praces.

Questions asked by the Archbishop about the General Theological Seminary, which he was to visit later in the day, and about the number and requirements of seminaries in America, suggested a question as to the methods of training ordinands in England. His Grace said as to that: "We are revising our methods. There is a committee of which the Bishop of Durham is chairman, which has the work in hand."

As to deaconesses, the Archbishop said that there were not very many deaconesses in England at the present time, adding:

"But their work is effectual."

In this connection, the Archbishop inquired as to the garb worn by American deaconesses and appeared to be interested in a description of it and in the fact that most women feel that it is fitting that deaconesses should wear the garb, just as they like the clergy to wear clericals. He was interested also to hear that of the 100 American deaconesses all are actively at work except those who have retired by reason of age, and that some of these still do some work.

The Archbishop was as quick to ask questions as to answer them. Central Park interested him, and he inquired as to its extent and as to whether the Lake was about the size as the Serpentine in Hyde Park, London. Central Park was in its first spring glory during the Archbishop's visit, and he displayed great pleasure in its flowering trees and in the birds that he saw, some of them not native to England. His Grace had desired to see a dogwood tree in blossom, but the season was not sufficiently far advanced for that, even in Virginia. A mocking bird he had seen and heard.

His Grace spoke of the cordiality shown him, saying that he would never forget it and that it made him wish that he had been able to visit America earlier. He was deeply moved by the love for England shown by so many persons whom he had met, and by their sense of genuine kinship

with the British people.

### LAYMEN'S WORK

### **New York Meeting of Committee**

The Presiding Bishop told his committee on Laymen's Work at its meeting in New York, April 21st, that he is "delighted with the progress in the extension of interest in the work of our committee and the responses it has met with in different parts of the country. To get laymen together and get them to feel their responsibility as individuals and as corporate members of the Church is of tremendous importance."

Bishop Tucker remarked, "It is the men who are recognized by their fellowmen as being competent, useful people that we must try to get back of the work of the Church. God expects a great deal of the Episcopal Church because so many privileges have been handed us.

"One thing I want to say is that if the

to anything it must be a program not made by me nor National Council, but it must be a program that the laymen themselves originate. That is one reason why I have kept this a Laymen's Committee."

The committee heard reports of a successful conference at Greenfield, Mass., of encouraging beginnings in the diocese of Albany; of far-reaching work in the Fourth Province; encouraging results in the Fifth and Sixth Provinces, and from the Seventh Province, "A most inspiring laymen's meeting at Oklahoma City, and other dioceses moving ahead well," and similar reports from the Province of the Pacific.

The committee heard reports of cooperation by the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, the Laymen's League, and the Church Clubs. The Forward in Service Plan of Action for 1944-45 was presented

and discussed.

Dr. Almon R. Pepper of the National Council's Division of Christian Social Relations presented the challenge of the returning service personnel to the Church. He and the Rev. Wilburn C. Campbell, executive director of the Committee on Laymen's Work, will attend a conference in Baltimore on May 18th and 19th, to study this question, with leaders of other religious bodies. The committee expressed its desire to coöperate with the National Council by encouraging the men of the Church to participate in the programs of their local parishes for returning service men and women.

Plans were discussed for holding provincial conferences for all diocesan keymen beginning the week end after Labor Day. A conference has already been set up for the Fourth Province, and it will be held in Birmingham, Ala., May 23d and

24th

The committee authorized publication of several items of literature—"Mobilizing the Men,"—"Starting a Men's Organization in Your Parish," "A Lay Reader's Manual," etc.

The Advent Corporate Communion of the Men of the Church will be promoted

again this year.

### RADIO

### Special Broadcast to Honor Religious Book Week

Outstanding religious books of the year will be discussed in an interfaith broadcast over the NBC network Saturday, May 6th (2:00-2:15 P.M., EWT) in honor of Religious Book Week, May 7th to 14th, sponsored by the National Conference of Christians and Jews.

### YOUTH WORK

### National Commission's Annual Meeting

Deep concern about the plight of their fellow Churchmen serving in Civilian Public Service Camps was expressed by the National Youth Commission of the April 21st to 24th at the DeKoven dation, Racine, Wis. This concern, first found expression in a formal r tion calling upon the Church's you take part in the current effort t Church boys in Civilian Public S Camps, was given tangible express the designation of the offering receithe final service of the meeting. offering amounted to more than \$96

This meeting, the fifth since the ization of the National Youth Co sion, brought together represer young people and their adult leaders every part of the United States. members of whom all were prese cluded two young people and one from each province, three member large including two Negroes and Indian, a representative of college two representatives of the Coun Youth Organizations and members National Council's Division of Bishop Carpenter of Alabama, cha being present throughout the management The Commission, according to taken at this meeting, will be enlar include three young people from province and four members at larg additional member at large to be resentative of another minority grethe United States, perhaps Oriental

The major events selected by the mission for inclusion in the calendar United Movement of the Church's for emphasis September, 1944, to tember, 1945, are Youth Sunday appresentation of the Youth Offeri October 15th; Youth Week, Januar to February 4th; and Whitsunday

Communion.

### YOUTH SUNDAY

The selection of October 15th as Sunday is evidence of the desire of (young people to coöperate with the low Churchmen around the world, ber 15th being the date of Youth in the Dominion of Canada. Anothe dence of this desire to coöperate inclusion of Youth Week observar the calendar. Youth Week sponso: the United Christian Youth Morgives Episcopal young people an oppity to coöperate with youth of othe munions. The Commission recom that the offering presented on Yout day be used, "for the spiritual and terial aid to prisoners of war regard race, creed, or nationality and to ministered through the Presiding B Fund through the established manna

In addition to these three even Commission drew up a suggested pr for all the year, which will be made able in printed form to all youth §

Early in the session the Rev. If Hines, rector of Christ Church, Ho Tex., and a member of the Na Council, spoke to the Commission or of the important issues facing Ch young people today. These he enum as the rediscovery of worship, the retion of home life, the championing rights of racial minorities in An Church unity, and international tianity. In speaking of this last, Mr. said, "Of all the issues which have received the said of the

ianity) is more fundamental, more ant than them all. For this is the y emphasis of the Christ way of nd without it, the Christian religion es unchristian.

etings from the Primate of all a, Archbishop Derwyn I. Owen, to ung people of America were delivthe Commission by the Rev. Clin-. Cross, chaplain of the Anglican

People's Association of Canada, ith the president of that Associafordon Elliott, was present throughe session.

he closing session the Commission ed Miss Helene Schnurbuch of ield, Mass., as chairman, and electss Betty Street of Oxford, Ohio,

### D PROGRAM

### lames W. P. Carman: Field Representative

By ELIZABETH McCRACKEN

announcement of the appointment first field representative of the al Council under the new plan ise immediately to questions as to is past experiences had been, what uld do, and how and where he do it. The appointment is so imthat such queries were natural order. It seemed desirable to seek s and to record them in some dehrough the cooperation of the Dent of Promotion, this was made

Carman was born in 1903. He is a te of Carleton College and of Sea-Divinity School. He was ordained in 1929 and served at St. Luke's Denver, Colo., from 1930 to Te then accepted the rectorship of nurch of the Ascension, Pueblo, from which he comes to the Na-Council. In these ten years, the has grown from 270 to 600 comnts, and the Church school, which ly a few pupils when Fr. Carman the parish, now has an enrolment

The laymen's work has become many men being on call for service. customary parochial organizations irishing. A debt has been paid and a rish house built and paid for. As a priest, Fr. Carman is effectual in ll ministrations as well as in work

oups.

ias other valuable experience. The of Colorado has appointed him or him to many important positions: of the diocese, member of the of Examining Chaplains, chairman ward-in-Service, dean of the Southanery, member of the Department istian Social Relations, executive ry of the diocesan Army and Navy ssion, and an active member of the tees of several summer camps and nces. He has also been a deputy meetings of the General Convenr. Carman has been active in the nity also. He has been on the committee of the Community Chest, and a member of the boards of directors of several social service agencies.

All this constitutes rich experience of the very kind required for the work Fr. Carman will do for the National Council. What will he do? He will present every type of work done through the National Council to the field in which he will live and work. In cooperation with Forwardin-Service, he will bring the programs of every division and department of the Council to every parish and mission of the Church, in that field.

How will he do it? The plans include conferences, personal interviews with leaders, and special help. It will be remembered that there are to be eight field representatives, one for each province. Fr. Carman has been chosen for the third province. This province has been selected



FR. CARMAN: First field worker under Council's new plan.

as the first to which to send a representative under the new plan because it has within its borders almost every sort of work done by the Church in America. Industrial areas are found in the dioceses of Bethlehem, Pittsburgh, and Harris-burg; rural work and work among Negroes are found in the three dioceses in the state of Virginia, which are in the third province; cities are represented by Washington, Baltimore, and Philadelphia, with their special urban problems. Delaware, Erie, and Easton have still other types of work. Living and working in the third province, Fr. Carman will become familiar with practically every kind of activity of the Church.

Naturally, it would not be possible for Fr. Carman, or any field representative, to visit every parish and mission and meet every priest and other worker. The plan is quite different. All the field representatives will work through the diocesan departments. The first step will be to obtain the approval and consent of the bishop. Then, each department of each diocese will be approached, with offers of assistweak diocesan departments through conferences with the departments and divisions of the National Council. But aid to parishes and missions will come not from the National Council nor the field representative but directly from the diocesan departments. Gradually, every parish and mission will take its full part in the work of the whole Church.

So to present the various programs of the Church to parishes and missions as to arouse their interest and their determination to use those programs is a great responsibility. To do this requires a man of wide experience and special personal gifts in each and every one of the eight provinces. In order to use those programs, they must be adapted to local conditions. Only the local diocesan departments can adequately help their own clergy to do this. But the diocesan departments need help themselves before they can do this important work. The office of the field representatives will be to provide this help. Fr. Carman is the first of this new field staff. The National Council hopes to find seven others with similar successful experience in parish and diocesan work, and in community leadership.

### BIRMINGHAM CONFERENCE

Churchpeople in other sections of the country will await with interest their turn for a provincial conference on this vital matter. The first such conference is to be held in Birmingham, Ala. (in the fourth province), May 23d and 24th. This will be a joint conference with Forward-in-Service. All the bishops of the province, the chairmen of every diocesan department in this province will be present, with the heads of all the departments and divisions of the National Council. There will be a general opening meeting. Then, the conference will separate into groups made up of the several departments. They will have a full day together, talking things over and planning.

The purpose of this provincial conference is to have each diocese, while at the conference, plan for the coming year. The bishops and chairmen will go home and see that each parish gets the details. An effort will be made to express the Forward-in-Service program in every department of every diocese in the province. The Birmingham conference, it is expected, will furnish guidance for planning for the other conferences in the other provinces later on.

Fr. Carman will be present at the Birmingham conference and take a listener's part in its sessions. The conference is primarily to help the fourth province and the National Council to work out mutual problems. In the future, the field representatives will hold such conferences as part of their special work. The whole of the National Council will always cooperate. Always plans will be made jointly with Forward-in-Service and the Council, and with the province.

It is expected that Fr. Carman will spend the summer in New York, in close touch with the National Council. He will work with every department and division. In the autumn, he will begin his important T U I W I W I

### WEST INDIES

### New Bishop of British Honduras

The Archbishop and bishops of the province of the West Indies have chosen the Very Rev. William James Hushes, dean of British Guiana, to succeed the Most Rev. W. A. Dunn as Bishop of British Honduras. The retired Archbishop resigned a year ago, having served as Bishop of British Honduras for 26 years. He is now living at Bergerville, Placencia, British Honduras.

### CANADA

## Church Must Assert Itself in Politics—Montreal Report

"The Church must assert itself in politics, industry, and commerce, because these realms of life are so seriously interferring in the Church's task of evangelizing men and women," states the report of the Social Service Committee of the Synod of the Montreal Diocese, submitted at the opening of the annual Synod meeting, Montreal, Que.

"As champions of a new social order," the report reads, "we may be called subversive. To the Christian this charge will carry no shame. For there is nothing more subversive in a world of personal and social sin than the Gospel of Jesus Christ and the revolutionary fellowship which agitates for the Kingdom of God.

"We therefore beg to submit the following motion: That since neither politics, nor industry, nor commerce lie outside the borders of the Kingdom of God, it is an outstanding and pressing duty of the Church to convince its members of the necessity of instituting nothing less than a fundamental change in the spirit and working of our economic life.

"In view of the current misuse of the word 'Christian' as a cover for unChristian reaction was also submitted."

tian practices, we also submit:

"That this Synod strongly condemn the use of the name 'Christian' in hotel and other advertisements as a screen for pagan, commercialized anti-Semitism such use being contrary to the spirit of Christ and the universal message of the Gospel."

Bishop Dixon, who presided, reported in general terms on the progress of the diocese during first year of his episcopate.

In dealing with the immigration problem the social service committee recommended "that a standing committee appointed by the bishop be established to study and recommend to the Synod ways and means to see that immigrants to Canada are not dumped, as heretofore, into the country but rather guided into the ways of becoming true citizens of Canada professing and practicing a just social order."

The committee recommended also that the government be urged to establish adequate facilities for regular examination of all children in rural and urban district to detect mental deficiencies as early as possible and provision of special educational

facilities for these defective and retarded

The committee also urged the creation of more juvenile courts, provision of psychotherapy in all reform schools, and the creation of a joint Roman Catholic and Protestant committee for the purpose of recommending suitable candidates for the post of juvenile court judges.

Noting that the Mosaic law forbade the taking of interest on loans from one Israelite to another, a majority report of a special committee on interest on capital recommended that the Church condemn the taking of interest from debtors in genuine need, and called upon the Church to make this attitude more widely known.

A minority report, however, submitted that the system of financial capital and interest "tends to fall under the Christian condemnation of usury, for . . . production should be for use and not primarily for monetary profit."

The Committee on Industry and Housing recommended that the Synod ask the Federal government for an early announcement in detail of its plans to maintain full employment after the war.

### **New Metropolitan**

Bishop Carrington of Quebec was elected Metropolitan of the ecclesiastical province of [Eastern] Canada, April 23d. He succeeds the late Archbishop Hackenley of Nova Scotia.

### Consider Amalgamation of Newfoundland with Canada

Possibility of amalgamating the Anglican diocese of Newfoundland with the ecclesiastical province of Canada is the important matter to be considered at a one-day conference of the provincial House of Bishops and Bishop Abraham of Newfoundland, to be held at Halifax, Nova Scotia, on May 29th. Announcement of the conference was made at the synod office in Halifax by the Ven. A. W. Watson, clerical secretary of the Nova Scotia Diocesan Synod

The diocese of Newfoundland is now attached to the Anglican province of Canterbury, but the feeling has grown in recent years that it would make for more efficient administration if it were attached to the province of Canada. Canterbury already has paved the way, said Archdeacon Watson, for such amalgamations among semi-independent dioceses by passing a resolution urging them to link themselves with geographically contiguous provinces.

This realignment of outpost dioceses might lead to the affiliation of a diocese like Bermuda with a province of the Episcopal Church in the United States, Archdeacon Watson added.

After the proposed amalgamation has been considered by the bishops in Halifax, it will be referred to the Synod of Newfoundland and later might be considered by the General Synod of the Church of England in Canada.

With reference to this mooted affiliation, Dr. A. Stanley Walker, president of King's College, has made the inte comment that if the move were car completion it would bring a retu part, of the situation which existed the Rt. Rev. Charles Inglis, first of Nova Scotia. When that sturdy ist came to Halifax from New Y 1788, he had not only the present prof Nova Scotia under his care, but Upper Canada (now the diocement of Montreal and Quebec), New Brut Bermuda—and Newfoundland to be "We have records that Bishop

made visitations in Upper Canada, don't think he ever reached eithe muda or Newfoundland," Dr. J

said.

### RUSSIA

### Russian Theological Institute' Curriculum Announced

An extensive curriculum for the ing of Orthodox priests in Russia h prepared for the new Orthodox Tr cal Institute to be opened in A shortly, according to an article information bulletin of the Sovie bassy in Washington, D. C., wri Archbishop Grigori of Saratov and grad. Opening of the Institute wil the reëstablishment of theological for the first time since 1917.

In accordance with plans appropriate Holy Synod of the Russian O Church, the institute will serve as of higher theological education. I tion, theological-pastorate schools secondary type will be set up in the

Orthodox bishoprics.

The combined period of second higher training will be five years of six or seven, as previously. Re in the training period will be comp however, Archbishop Grigori states mental maturity of the students, when 18 or over, and by concentra theological rather than non-the sciences.

Courses of study in the instituent of the Christian Church, ecu and Russian; hagiology; history sian religious thought; introductions sphere of theological sciences; demoral, comparative and pastoral logy; history of religion, with Capologetics; history and analysis sian sectarianism and of the

(schism).

Also included will be: the canoniand the constitution of the USSR; including history of Christian art; preaching and teaching the truths ious beliefs; Christian hymnologing of theological books in the Slavonic Church language; Churing; reading of the Greek text Holy Scriptures and of the work holy fathers of the Church in th and Latin languages; reading of passages from the Bible in the language; and reading of foreiglogical, apologetic and polemical language, and restant, and Anglica

AA TE SERVIUE

### *ANESE-AMERICANS*

### h Leaders Endorse Hostel sed by Residents

orsed by Church leaders and groups otested by residents of the neighbora hostel for the relocation of se-American evacuees is scheduled n in Brooklyn, N. Y., May 10th, ed jointly by the Church of the en and the American Baptist Home 1 Society.

ng the many who came to the deof the project was Bishop De of Long Island, who declared that lic should be fair to all racial and l groups in this country, regardless racial and national hatreds caused war. Referring to the evacuees, he These innocent men and women are nade the victims of wartime hys-

complaint of residents has been led to Dillon S. Meyer, director of ir Relocation Authority, at Wash-D. C. Dr. Mary Hayes, in charge New York office of the WRA, said tablishment of a hostel in Brooka private endeavor and that the ty is powerless either to start it or

### ous Groups Denounce 's Opposition to Relocating

sition by Mayor La Guardia and to the relocation of Japanesein evacuees in New York City is denounced in statements issued ious groups, among them the Feduncil of Churches, the Home Misouncil of North America, the Felof Reconciliation, the New York ion of Churches, the Protestant of New York, and the Brooklyn and Mission Federation.

ge E. Rundquist, executive secrethe Committee on Resettlement of e-Americans, sponsored jointly by eral Council and the Home Misouncil, confessed that the com-'caught us entirely by surprise and emely disturbing and embarrass-

s certain," he said in a statement h the Protestant Council of New llaborated, "that New York, with tion of tolerance and it cosmoopulation, perhaps more than any ty in the United States, would ffer hospitality to these innocent of war.'

Rundquist revealed that his comas been assisting the War Relocahority in its program of resettle-

the evacuees for the past 17 and has had experience in more communities where some 15,000 ave been relocated.

ough some citizens in these comhave had misgivings concerning ng of the evacuees," he said, "it noting that there have been no isturbances of any consequence. contrary, there has been general appreciation for the contribution which they have made, both to industry and agriculture, and to the life of the communi-

ties to which they have gone."

The Rev. Dr. J. Henry Carpenter, executive secretary of the Brooklyn Church and Mission Federation, said that complainants are not taking into consideration "the fact that these people are loyal Americans. They have been thoroughly investigated by the Department of Justice, the War Department, and the Navy Department, and these agencies should be qualified to decide the fitness of individual Japanese-Americans to live in our com-

The controversy is the outgrowth of plans to open a hostel for Japanese-American evacuees, sponsored jointly by the Church of the Brethren and the American Baptist Home Mission Society, in residential Brooklyn Heights. The opening, originally set for May 10th, will depend on the outcome of negotiations for a

building to house the hostel.

### *ARMED FORCES*

### Brotherhood's Executive Secretary Joins the Navy

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew anounces the enlistment of its executive secretary and editor of Saint Andrew's Cross. Lt. (jg) Harrison Fiddesof recently volunteered and is now on active duty with the U. S. Navy. During the last four years he has been a member of the leadership group of this 60 year old men's organization of the Church. He is a communicant at St. Alban's in Washington and in the past has been director of the Brotherhood chapter in this parish. He was a member of the Youth Commission of the National Church and was in close contact with Forward in Service, the Presiding Bishop's Committee on Laymen's Work, and the Army and Navy Commission. He was also a member of Justice Roberts' Nominating Committee, which recommended several priests of the Church to the convention which elected Angus Dun Bishop of Washington.

The Episcopal Canteen at the Church of the Epiphany in downtown Washington was started by Lt. Fiddesoff and several of his associates and is now being copied in other cities because of its continued

effectiveness.

The Brotherhood also announces that the National offices have heen moved from 1010 Vermont Avenue, N.W., Washington, D. C., to 105 West Monument Street, Baltimore 1, Md., headquarters for the Episcopal Church in the diocese. Bishop Powell has been hospitable in inviting the Brotherhood to come to the Church headquarters in the diocese of Maryland.

### The Godfather Committee

Members of the Men's Club of Christ Church, Savannah, Ga., have been enlisted in a group known as the Godfather Committee to keep in touch with members of the parish now in the armed forces. Under

the plan, each member of the committee has the name and address of a member of Christ Church who is in the service. It is the duty of the godfather to attend one celebration of the Holy Communion each month for the man in the service, to pray for him, to write him a letter each month and to promise to assist him in readjusting himself to civilian life and in obtaining employment when he returns.

There is a similar plan at St. Paul's Church, Savannah, whereby men and women, known as Spiritual Companions, have each been assigned a man in the service. The Spiritual Companion will represent him at the altar every Tuesday morning, will pray for him by name, and will write him of parish life and activity.

### Prayer Book for Orthodox Servicemen to Be Available

An Orthodox prayer book in English for servicemen is on the press and will be available soon. It can be ordered from the Greek Theological School, Pomfret Center, Conn. The Rev. Vasile Hategan of St. Dumitru Rumanian Church, New York City, is in charge of the arrange-

In the meantime the Greek and Russian Churches have both prepared leaflets giving the prayers of the liturgy and private devotions in Greek and Slavonic, respectively, with English in parallel columns. These are usually distributed through their parishes, but the Greek leaflet can also be obtained from Archbishop Athenagoras at the Greek Archdiocese, 10 East 79th St., New York City, and the Russian one from the Very Rev. Joseph Dzvon-chik, Metropolitan Council, 59 East Second St., New York City. The Russians also have a somewhat fuller prayer book in pocket size edited by Bishop Benjamin of Pittsburgh, which may be obtained for 85

### HOME FRONT

### St. Andrew's, Tampa, **Does Notable War Work**

Several members of St. Andrew's Parish, Tampa, Fla., who were rejected for military service are volunteers in the Port Security Force, serving 12 hours a week without pay in the Coast Guard, guarding ships in port. Their rector, the Rev. Martin Bram, is a seaman first class in this force, lecturing, and doing guard duty

also in time of emergency.

St. Andrew's joins with some other Tampa churches in maintaining a service center building which is used by over 10,-000 men a month. Each Friday this parish has charge of the center, supplying hostesses and refreshments and assisting the men in other ways. St. Andrew's furnished two Day Rooms and half the furniture for a third room at Drew Field, and a Ready Room at MacDill Field. Arrangement has been made for Communion services to be held at MacDill Field, where there is no Episconal chanlain

## A Paratrooper's Prayer

By the Rev. George B. Wood

Captain in the Paratroopers

HERE should be a great revival of religion among the first-graders after the war is over, for daily we are reading evidence from the battlefront, theologically supported by the home front, in substantiation of the belief that God is a fawning Father, who will not deny His children their slightest whim. If the boys in my outfit could believe that to be true they would use their latest slang, "That's a lick." There's only one thing they would ask God, and we would all be home within a month. Under existing conditions Walter Disney's imagination could not be more fantastic.

And yet Chaplain Taggart in his book, My Fighting Congregation, among other tales of a similar nature, tells how prayer kept two ships from colliding in the sea. That strikes me as primitive religion. And then Fr. Hay in The Living Church boils it all down to this: "Can an American prayer turn aside a German bullet? And I say it can." That simplifies the whole issue, but a thinking doctor, who is a Godfearing man, reacted this way, "Why, that's prostituting the grandest thing in religion to the level of the wonder-maker."

But I, who have faced the German bullets, find the situation far more complex. There is so much involved, and it all begins theologically with the question of the immanence of God. God certainly is in the world, but He is in the world in spirit. He operates through the natural law He has established in the world, and then in the spiritual realm He urges and empowers man to use those laws for their divinely ordained purpose, the good of man. When man goes to war, the divinely ordained purpose for many of God's laws has been suspended for a period of time. They are used for a different purpose from that for which they were established. But God's natural laws continue to operate! The destination of the German bullet depends upon the accuracy with which it is fired, the distance it must go, the laws of gravity and deflection, and the curvature of the earth. I am sure prayer can have nothing to do with these things, which relate to the experience and knowledge of the German soldier as well as to God's immutable natural laws. Prayer could change the heart of the German or the German nation, and then no German bullets would be fired.

### God's WILL

"What about the will of God?" someone asks. "Do not we meet death by the will of God?" God wills eternal salvation for all men, but He also willed man a free will, by which man can deny the will of God for himself. God certainly does not will war. That is the result of man's own unregenerate will, so death in war can hardly be ascribed to the will of God, or life either, it is the result of the will of man's own unregenerate will, so death in war can hardly be ascribed to the will of God, or life either, it is the result of the will of man. Both the good and the bad meet death in war, both those who pray and those who do not; war is no respecter of persons. But

Almighty God, Our Heavenly Father; Who art above us and beneath us, within us and around us; Drive from the minds of our paratroops any fear of the space in which Thou art ever present. Give them confidence in the strength of Thine Everlasting arms to uphold them. Endue them with clean minds and pure hearts that they may participate worthily in the victory which this nation must achieve in Thy name and through Thy will. Make them hardy soldiers of our country as well as of Thy Son, Our Saviour, Jesus Christ. Amen.

this is our saving faith, the good man, the praying man, who dies because of the folly of man, is welcomed Home by God the Father. Therefore, the Christian has no fear in combat, will gladly meet death, or face longer life, and I cannot help adding, if it be God's will. For in the final analysis it is all by the will of God.

This I consider to be adult thinking. honest facing of the fact of war. There is no defeatism, no fatalism in it, and it prevents the condemnation of God for the sins of man. It places the responsibility where it belongs. There is nothing quite analogous in human life to war; it is a phenomenon of its own. In an overt and determined act whole nations rise up to oppose the will of God. During the accomplishment of the act, which demands a long period of time, there can be no genuine national repentance, for there is no national intention of amendment of life for the duration. There may be contrition for and confession of the various national sins of omission and commission, which found their culmination in this supreme act of human sinfulness, but there can be no immediate national desire for amendment of life, for that would hinder the war effort. When society as a whole sins, it must be treated in a different light from that of the individual. For the period of the sin of war the will of God has ceased to function in certain spheres of human conduct, and that by the decree of the will of man, "for the duration and six months thereafter.'

Now I pray God for my safety, if it be His will, and I have thanked Him that He has brought me through safely. But it has not been an imploring prayer, and the emphasis has not been on physical safety. I have prayed often and hard for courage, spiritual strength, confidence, and faith to perform whatever tasks I am called upon to do, and those prayers have beer answered as they always will be answered, and for their answers I have given hearty thanks

My men are in the most dangerous branch of the armed services, but I want them to be men in prayer as well as in combat. I was in jump training w wrote the "Paratrooper's Prayer them, and many a man who never g church uses it. It is a prayer for co and confidence, and for that moral acter without which we will lose our though we win the world. There is prayer no avoiding the issue of the in which we are involved; there minimizing of it; there is an acce of it. We who landed by parach Sicily and Italy know that this i prayer, that it works, that it pays div (if you wish to be pragmatic and bu like about your religion), that it wonderful and glorious experience. was no fear when I wandered about territory for 12 hours with onl companions; there was no fear w slept like a baby in a trench with I shells dropping within 50 feet; the no fear when I went 200 yards beyo front lines during a lull in the battle the body of a dead officer; yes, my had been answered.

### VIRTUES

War would be an easy affair could pray away the bullets, but we be the losers. It is in facing the undaunted that are developed the of courage, fortitude, endurance, b the only fine things in war. When left home as a boy of 12 my motheme these words of Phillips Brooks, I have never forgotten, and treasure more than ever:

"Do not pray for easy lives;
Pray to be stronger men.
Do not pray for tasks equal to powers;
Pray for powers equal to your task
Then the doing of your work shan on miracle.
But you shall be a miracle."

Yes, I believe I am coming bac just as intensely as when my wife first talked about it, but not in th naive manner. Psychologically it is important that every soldier belie of himself, for otherwise he woul fearful cringing soldier as he fac enemy. Yes, I am confident that it i will that we should continue life to that together we should raise our that together we should work salvation of souls for years to c His Holy Catholic Church, but I so naïve as to think that it is im for the will of man to foil the will But this I do know, God is caring and my family, and He has willed eternal life together, which has begun here on earth, may continue l many years, and will go on foreve world to come.

"God so loved the world"; loveternal spiritual fact for which no death. I have no fear of the ne bat action, for I know that I shal home, whether it be my home in Minn., or my home in Heaven.

## The April National Council Meeting

IS sometimes necessary, after a meeting of the National uncil, to weigh carefully the various actions taken in ler to decide which is the most newsworthy. That is e case in connection with the April meeting. were done of really momentous consequence: the steps oward assisting the Church in China to create an orion similar to the National Council of the American , and the endorsement of the establishment of a second in's University in Free China by the Alumni of St. Shanghai. As the Presiding Bishop said, the action in to the Chung Hua Sheng Kung Hui means that, in the the American Church will deal with the whole work in and that the old way will gradually give place to the hen the National Council of China will act, and not tional Council of the Church, in America, to determine rse of events in the Church in China.

initiative for this advance came, properly, from the in China, and the proposal received the whole-hearted of General Convention. There are two reasons esteps so far taken by the national Council appear hesicomparison with the General Convention resolution. The disruption of Chinese life caused by the Japanese ion of large and important areas makes it impossible. Chinese Church to function normally; communicative occupied China and free China are difficult and

Second, the American Church must act in concert le English and Canadian Churches, which also have sponsibilities in China, in any matter such as this. Until set-up is ready to function effectively, the old cannot eletely abandoned.

p Tucker sounded a warning when he went on to say new autonomy will mean also a new educational cam-America. Chinese missions were always dear to Amernd China has become even more the object of warm ce since the war. Probably no missionaries are more of American Church people than the missionaries to All this devoted loyalty must be directed in future to

## — The Epistle =

Sunday after Easter

May 14th

ORGET what manner of man he was." There is is much about self we would like to forget-selfss, anger, dishonesty, harshness, all our sins of ion and commission. But at times we ought to look for renewal of courage when we see progress made, trengthening when we see need for greater effort, eassurance when we see what might have been ole had we grown only in natural ways without ual graces. We must look to see where faults are remedied, where sloth can be changed to energy, e ignorance can be turned into practical knowledge. we must do so much more than look back. The vard look must be brief, but we will do well to nber what we saw. We must look forward in ge and confidence, learning from mistakes, and ig in the knowledge and love of God.

the actual work in China. It is doubtful if another American will ever be elected bishop of a Chinese see. The difficult part of the problem will be that Americans will not know the future missionaries. The work, without regard to the workers, must become the object. We have faith to believe that this will come to pass. Great help will be given to this good end by the American missionaries who have returned home and by the Chinese who are already known here—like Bishop Tsu who has the warm affection and admiration of the whole American Church.

The second St. John's University is signally important for another reason. Those in closest touch are convinced that the future of the Church's educational work in China depends upon this move. The second St. John's will work in coöperation with other Christian colleges and schools in Free China. When the war is ended, it will join with the older St. John's. It is interesting in the extreme that the alumni of St. John's, who have initiated this project, would not even consider naming it anything else than St. John's—a second St. John's, where young men in free China may receive that higher education now denied to them by the Japanese occupation of Shanghai.

Several of the missionaries who have returned from China have been much disturbed by the rumors circulated throughout China that St. John's at Shanghai is controlled by the Japanese at the present time. They are certain that these rumors are false, but it is possible that some persons may believe them and that harm will thereby be done to the prestige of the university, which is carrying the torch of learning almost unaided under the most adverse conditions imaginable. These missionaries heard with satisfaction of the approval given to the founders of the second St. John's; they felt that this would be effectual in discounting the rumors. The alumni engaged in the project are among the most influential, rich, and generous men in China, a number of them being in the government.

THE appointment of a Committee on Projects and Appeals was another important action of the National Council, though, it need hardly be said, not comparable with the two matters just cited. In the daily routine of the Council numerous requests come in for approval and financial help in carrying out many and various projects. The Council often has no previous knowledge of a detailed sort as to the situation. Time must be taken to make further inquiries before any action can be taken. This new committee will now receive all such appeals and plans and study them before submitting them to the Council, should they be so large that they must be submitted.

A reason for welcoming such a committee is not that fewer appeals will win favorable response, but quite the contrary. Too often, at meetings of the National Council missionary bishops made appeals for projects in their fields and failed to put their cases fully or clearly. The reason for this lack was the very simple one that those bishops took it for granted that every member of the Council was thoroughly familiar with all the factors in the problem, knew the actual place where a church or a school was desired, and could see the whole situation just at it was seen by the bishops themselves. Seldom can

this be the case. It is necessary to lay the whole matter of any request before those who have the responsibility for granting it. However, we must confess to concern at the fact that the committee is entirely made up of National Council secretaries. In other words, it is not a committee of the National Council, but of the Council's employees. They are able and consecrated men, with much knowledge and experience. The same could, however, be said of the missionary bishops themselves without admitting that a committee of missionary bishops should have the same powers and duties. Should not the power of the purse remain in the hands of the Church's elected representatives?

The appointment of the first of the field representatives who will work in the eight Provinces under the direction of the Department of Promotion but for the National Council as a whole, was another action of importance. The fact that the representative is a priest of wide and successful experience in parish, diocese, and province, and that it is planned to choose other such men for the seven other appointments, encourages all who have been informed of this step and this policy. Of special interest also is the plan of the Council for working jointly with Forward in Service in the field activities. But most interesting of all is the decision that the field representatives shall not represent the Department of Promotion nor any other department, but the National Council, including all its departments and divisions. The parishes throughout the land will thus have made available, and that by means of their own diocesan departments, the resources of the entire Council.



IVY the office cat came to us in a white heat the other day. "What's the matter?" we asked. "More fan mail?" For answer he placed this letter before the acting-editorial nose:

"Editor in Charge of Livy, c/o The Living Church, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

"Dear Editor:

"Perhaps you will be able to bear up under one more letter. I have been very much amused over Livy and St. Audrey and rather startled at his ignorance. If Livy will purchase from your favorite advertiser—Ammidon & Co. of Baltimore, Md.—

The Book of Saints—a dictionary of saints of the Catholic Church, compiled by the Benedictine Monks of St. Augustine's Abbey, Ramsgate; and published by Macmillan Co., New York, he will learn all about St. Audrey and any other saint which may come to his attention. Indeed his face must be very red.

"I enjoy 'Afterthoughts' very much and turn to it the first thing. So may we have 'them' in every issue? And do let us hear

more about Livy.

"Faithfully,
"(Mrs.) MARGERY ISABEL DAVIS."

"A very good letter," we said. "Of course, she might have said that our next-to-favorite advertiser, the Morehouse-Gorham Company, could supply the book too. But she likes the column and recommends a good book. I think we need it!" Livy's tail continued to lash back and forth; he still said nothing. "What's the trouble?" we said.

He placed his paw on the first line: "Editor in charge of Livy." "How about it?" asked Livy. "Have you been spreading it around that I need a keeper, or something?"

"Oh, no!" we said hastily. "That's just a figure of speech. Maybe Mrs. Davis is more used to dogs than cats."



Washington,

DEAR FAMILY: Here is another "favorite poem" present war. This one, entitled "Soldier, What Die See?", is by Don Blanding, and is from *Pilot Bails Or comes to me through Trinity Tidings*, the parish leaflet of ity Church, Tulsa, Okla.

### SOLDIER, WHAT DID YOU SEE?

"What did you see, Soldier? What did you see at war "I saw such glory and horror as I've never seen befor I saw men's hearts burned naked in red crucibles of pai I saw such godlike courage as I'll never see again."

"What did you hear, Soldier? What did you hear war?"

"I heard the prayers on lips of men who had nevprayed before.

I heard men tell their very souls, confessing each da stain.

I heard men speak the sacred things they will not spe: again."

"What did you eat, Soldier? What did you eat at war "I ate the sour bread of fear, the acrid salt of gore. My lips were burned with wine of hate, the scalding the scale of th

drink of Cain.

My tongue has known a bitter taste I would not tas again."

"What did you think, Soldier? What did you think war?"

"I thought how strange we have not learned from wa that raged before,

Except new ways of killing, new multiples of pain. Is all the blood that men have shed but blood shed in vain?"

"What did you learn, Soldier? What did you learn war?"

"I learned that we must learn sometime what was n learned before,

That victories won on battlefields are victories won vain

Unless in peace we kill the germs that breed new wa again."

"What did you pray, Soldier? What did you pray war?"

"I prayed that we might do the things we have not do before;

That we might mobilize for peace . . . nor mobilize

Lest Christ and man be forced to climb stark Calva again."

The reader who submits this poem adds: "It has been music and sung on several occasions by John Charles 'I Recordings and sheet music are also available." I should hear it; he is one of my favorite singers.

CLIFFORD P. MOREHOU

\*Pilot Bails Out by Don Blanding, Copyright 1943. Used by poof Dodd, Mead and Co., Inc.

## The Parable of the Garden

By the Rev. William R. Moody, D.D.

Rector, Christ Church, Baltimore, Md.

ANY people just now are thinking about their gardens, many more than ever thought about n time of peace. And some are g about them with a hungry gleam eye! I strongly suspect that a good olks, today, are looking with banence upon their flower-beds, wonif it would not be the part of wispull up the roses and sow spinach! this is not a dissertation upon y Gardens." What I want to call attention is that natural and searge which attacks so many people his time of year, the urge to think green and growing things. Now springtime is here, and the leaves inning to appear on the trees, and ss is pushing from under its wintry those who love their gardens are about them.

come the seed-catalogues, with right pictures of gorgeous blooms, re gorgeous in the pictures than er seem to be in actuality, and bona fide, and dyed-in-the-wool lovers have been known to pour glamorous pages for hours at this positively gloating in anticipation! e are the flower-lovers, but the of vegetable gardens are just as ut it, although they are not quite erous in an ordinary year. They through the pages of the seed and gaze lovingly at the pictures of een string-beans, or lucious cherrynatoes, not because they are hunt because they love to see these

love to see the rich, brown earth up, and the seed sown, they love the tender green shoots come up w and spread and strengthen under ic of the sweet spring air. To them music in growing things, and a of completion in flower and in at is beyond words to tell. The den-lover is always ready to echo ies of the poet:

kiss of the sun for pardon, song of the birds for mirth: are nearer God's heart in a garden anywhere else on earth!"

### GOD AND GARDENS

deep-seated feeling of a cleansing with the soil which is in so many ust be in us for a purpose. Pers a remembrance of the time when age man knew far more intimately do today the sources of his living, there is a deep truth, after all, d Bible story of how God Himself man's first garden, eastward, in nd perhaps that is why there has nething of His graciousness, and power in gardens ever since; and, God put man in that first of all to dress it, and to keep it, that the reason why, everywhere and

always in the world since that day there have been some among men with the remembrance of Eden in them, and with a love of gardens in their hearts.

It is God who makes the gardens grow. It is He who fills them with the potentiality of beauty and of fruitfulness. And He gives to His human children the opportunity and the privilege and the joy of working with Him in that garden, of planning with Him, of seeing what the garden might become, and of working to bring its beauty and its worth to fruit.

It may help us to think about gardens, and to think of them not just as places where flowers grow, nor where men gather vegetables, nor even as pleasant places in which to be under the sun, with the songs of the birds in our ears. I would like for you to think, along with me, of your garden as a parable of the way of God with man.

### COMMUNIST'S PARABLE

In the early days of the Soviet Republic, in Russia, when the great campaign against religion was at its height, some zealous bureaucrat conceived an idea which seemed to him an excellent way to turn the Russian schoolchildren against God. He prepared two plots of ground, side by side, and sowed seed in them. Then he said to the children, "This is your garden; and here, just beside it, is God's garden. We will take care of our garden, and we will let God take care of His, and we will see what the end will be." So the spring passed, and the summer came; and the well-tended garden of the schoolchildren began to bear fruit; but beside it "God's garden" was a poor and wretched tangle of weeds.

The parable was there, to be sure, but to the discerning eye it was not what the Russian teacher had intended. Both gardens were God's, and He had done His work in both of them, but the children of men had done their work in only one! No garden belongs to God alone, and none to man alone. Every garden is a partnership between God and man. God furnishes the place for the garden, and the things to grow in it, and the sun and the rain; but to us He grants a not less important part, we must dress the garden, and keep it. We are partners with Him.

The wilderness is God's treasure-house, and the wilderness has beauties of its own, God's wilderness of untouched forests and fields and banks of wild flowers are sometimes surpassingly beautiful; but a wilderness is not a garden. A garden is built around a plan. It has form. It has an aim. It is, at base, a matter of choice, this to stay in, that to go out. The wilderness is a disordered treasure-house, but the garden is an ordered work of art. Out of God's wilderness-treasure-house

man draws the materials for this oldest of all the arts.

This is the parable of the garden; the garden is a picture, a miniature, of all man's life and work, and of God's way with man.

The whole world is a partnership like a garden, God furnishing the materials of life, of art, of achievement, man ever following on, working, building, creating beauty and nobility out of the stuff of God's furnishing, or neglecting, breaking down, destroying the precious things which

God has given.

It is a significant thing that man never had a civilization until he had first learned to plant his gardens, and to tend his flocks. Man, in the wilderness, is nothing: it is only when that man begins to see in his imagination a house in that wilderness, and a garden about that house, and a family in it, and the broad, cleared acres bringing forth the crops, and the cattle grazing in the valleys and upon the hillsides, it is only when he sees that vision, and rolls up his sleeves, and takes his axe to make that vision come true . . . it is only then that the man in the wilderness ceases to be nothing, and becomes something, something to be counted on, something that will change the face of the world.

Out of God's wilderness-treasure-house the seer of that vision will draw the cities of the future. Out of his cabin of logs will come the palaces, the cloud-capped towers, the great world itself, with all its activity and its art, its literature and its song, its strength and its power in the story of mankind. God furnishing; man following, dressing, tending, planning, fulfilling, drawing out of the great treasure which God has hidden in every living thing its blossom and its fruit. God and man are partners by divine decree!

But woe to man if he thinks he can work without God! His work will come to nothing, for God is an artist, too, and He has plans which are longer than the plans of men, and stronger. The master-design is His. The world is His garden, into which all our little gardens at the last

must fit.

### God's Rules

And I say, woe to the man who breaks God's rules, and wastes God's gifts, and refuses to do the work in the garden that God has set for him to do! Remember those two plots of ground in Russia? God did His work in both of them, but man gave his work in only one, and the wilderness came again, and claimed that untended garden for its own!

That is the judgment of the untended garden, the wilderness returns! That is the judgment which rests upon so many

of man's works today!

It may help you to think of your work, whatever it may be, as your garden, for so, in truth, it is. Your work is your garden, and in it you are not just working for yourself, nor by yourself. You have a Partner, a great and masterful Partner,

Do not brush this aside without thinking about it. Do not say, "How can God be a partner in my work? How can He be interested in what I am doing?" What you are doing is a part of His world, and the world is His garden. Can anything happen in His garden, and He not be inter-

If God is the partner with the man who digs in the earth and sows the seeds and tends the plants, if He is partner with the man who gathers the flowers and the fruit, then why should He not be partner with you in what you are doing, . . . if what you are doing is right and honorable and just? Why should He not be partner with the musician? Why should He not

He not be partner in your factory, in your office, in your home? He is!

If God is partner with you, then what you are doing is not small, although it may seem to you to be. It is as great as His master-design, in which it has its place.

In God's garden there is an infinite variety of flowers and of fruits. There are great trees there which may be seen from far; and there are showy plants which catch the eye at once and hold it; but they are not one whit more important in the grand sweep of the plan than the shy flower that blooms in its corner in the shade. There is a roundness and a completeness in life when it is lived as God

worth to all.

Look upon your life as your g Look upon yourself, in it, as God's ner. Do your share to bring out of thing that He has given you its richness, its finest sweetness, its con est beauty. Everything in your life is with latent treasure, untapped love unexploited joy, . . . and to you Go given the power to set these things

All the beauty and sweetness of th is locked up in the dry root and the ered stem of today. The true lov labor and understanding of the gar as he works together with God, w them free, in that fair and spacio morrow which shall so surely be.

## A Text for Critics

### By the Rev. Laird Wingate Snell

"There are three who bear witness, the Spirit, and the water, and the blood; and the three agree in one." I St. John

SUGGEST an interpretation of this passage from the First Epistle of St. John, not as what St. John most probably meant, but as the expression of a principle wholly true, and most im-portant for the faith of Christian and for determining the bases of that faith; and also as possibly the true exegesis and the actual meaning of St. John.

But most briefly the suggested interpretation reads, "There are three that bear witness, the individual experience, the corporate or sacramental experience, and

the historical event."

First a word as to this being possibly sound exegesis. For all that the Holy Spirit's activity is conditioned by the community of believers and one receives His witness only as a member of that community, yet He is known and His witness is borne in the inner life of the individual. Therefore, we may rightly hold that the first of the three named witnesses is found in individual experience; even as St. John immediately declares: "He that believeth on the Son of God hath the witness in

As for the witness of "water," St. John usually employs the term to mean the water of baptism, and so uses it just previously to mean Jesus' own baptism: "This is He that came by water." But the word could easily be of wider significance when repeated in a more general statement, and mean baptism in general. Used in that sense it could well mean that the second witness to the faith is the sacramental or corporate experience of the Christian community.

Should this so far be the correct exegesis, the third witness, the blood, by logical sequence would be the actuality of the Lord Christ's life in the flesh, culminating in the sacrifice on the Cross.

In explication of the large principle for which I use the text I want to start with two assumptions: first, the assumption that God is really God; and secondly, that God was really incarnate in Jesus Christ.

If God is really God, the universe en-

tire is His handiwork, and as such necessarily an expression of His naturerational, self-consistent, harmonious, unified. There may, of course, be other expressions of Deity countless in number unknown to man. But since with this universe He has made man to know the universe, and since God is really God, it follows that the universe known or knowable to man will be an expression of Deity progressively through the ages apprehended by man as rational, self-consistent, harmonious, unified.

Our second assumption is that in this rational self-consistent harmonious universe God was actually incarnate in Jesus Christ. Assuming this as true, it follows that the Incarnation stands as the central event, the supreme event, God's great crowning act, in the universal story.

If God be really God and the universe known to man His coherent self-expression and the Incarnation its crowning event, then it follows that the Incarnation was that towards which the whole creation moved. For it this world was made ready; for it life built up its vast and glorious tree of organic forms; for it man was made and was trained and prepared through his long and terrific experience of moral struggle and failure. For it Israel and Greece and Rome were there, providing the requisite spiritual, intellectual, and political background and stage, with the compact world of the Mediterranean Sea made ready from earth's beginnings to be the practicable theater for the tremendous drama.

Then the Christ came, in manner divinely the opposite to all human ideas and imaginings; with heaven so intensely concerned that the veil was lifted which hides heaven from earth, as was inevitable upon the event initiating God's supreme self-expression within His material uni-

And if God were actually incarnate by an act having dates and a local habitation and a name, that act would have a record; not unrelated to other human records as that Life was not unrelated to the stream of human life, but on a different plane, in a true sense transcendent. And the words used of the incarnate Son in the Epistle to the Hebrews literally apply:

"A body didst thou prepare for me In the roll of the book it is writ me" (Hebrews 5:7).

If God be God and was incarn One who came to be the Saviour world, then that work would be guided on its course and adequatel ried forward. Hence St. Paul, a n surpassing moral intensity and intell power and of supreme devotion, to great exemplar of salvation through and the supreme exponent and inter of its principles. Hence also the Chu be the continuing body of Christ, a organism divinely created, divine dwelt, divinely functioning unto world's salvation.

Now these assumptions that C God and that He was incarnate man Christ Jesus are the fundamen the Christian faith. And the assum involve the proposition that is the of this paper, namely that critical ment of the various manifestations Christian religion and of its scriptu particular, if carried on as ordinar torical criticism, is unsound. Yet Biblical critics seem to proceed up theory that to attain "objectivity' must ignore the vast implications Christian faith. We maintain that these implications are held as presu tions of such criticism, and the pre sitions are rendered vital by persor perience, the criticism is necessar large measure vitiated.

I have taken words from St. First Epistle to express the trut there is a threefold witness to the tian faith: individual experience, cor sacramental experience, and the his event, "and the three agree in one the ignoring of any one of the wi is the ignoring of pertinent evide the facts. Nay more, he who does no the personal experience and share th porate experience is not a competen of the facts.

### I. THE WITNESS OF THE SPIR

A fundamental contrast between Christian religion and other relig that Christians have claimed throu centuries to have a personal relatio and knowledge of the Person of

of the fact that our religion springs om a supreme prophet, but from the late God. If this be not so, our n is unreality, grounded on delusion. t Christians in continuous succession St. Paul to Phillips Brooks and Suningh and Kagawa have claimed to personal relations with and personal ng of Jesus Christ is a fact whose cance cannot be over-stressed. That perience was to be the mark of the Christian believer is stated in our words as reported by St. John: hat loveth me shall be loved of my , and I will love him and will maniyself unto him." The force of these

is not removed by critical rejection Fourth Gospel as authority for sayings. For if they do not report tual teaching of Jesus, then they the experience of the early Chrismmunity, which is the point we are

personal relationship with the ving Christ puts its stamp on Christerature from the beginning: in St. and St. John emphatically; then all the centuries of Christian writings, nently in the Christian hymns-a of love and adoration for a per-Saviour who is known-known be-Christ's salvation consists in the l transforming touch of His Person

he sinner's soul. ould add my little witness to that of es: I know Jesus Christ. And I er that I have as certain ground for tement as St. Paul had for his after urney to Damascus. Whether my is psychologically the same as St. is unimportant; for the Incarnate ay have as many modes in which lifest Himself to His own as there

es of mind. more, I know Him beyond possibilioubt. For He reveals Himself there knowledge is located-in the inner usness, independent of the senses

eir medium of matter which makes isory knowledge second-hand. For knowing that is beyond doubt has with time. This must be the case ny. With some, as very likely with ul, certainty comes in an instant. believe that for St. Paul the cerwas something given by inward ion and not through the senses. eems implicit in his words, "Even we have known Christ after the et now we know Him so no more. was revealed to St. Paul of Christ's presence through eyes and ears was

### How Do WE Know?

says the skeptic, how can a purely il revelation to the inner consciousdefinite and specific, be definable Man Christ Jesus, distinguished

vital and enduring revelation; that

mmediately to his soul beyond any

ion possible through the senses.

say, the Universal Spirit, or the Mind, or what not? Well, the Christ makes Himself known for Ie is, a Personality; and personality tual. We are most confident in our aishing of personalities in the world ; and they are as much concealed as e revealed by the flesh-indeed, far is within, with that inward eye which sees ourselves. And it is to that same inward organ of perception that the Lord Christ manifests himself, by which means He is known for what He is-a distinct Personality.

Thus known, one has no least question that the One thus Self-revealed is identical with the Personality that shines through the Gospel records. Far from there being any such question, the ancient portraiture and the present revelation conjoin as do your past and present selves. They are one—the Jesus of the Gospels and the Jesus who manifests Himself to those who love Him. Never has a word of doubt on that point been expressed from the earliest testimony, St. Paul's, to that of the latest soul to be raised to newness of life in Him.

These humbler witnesses are a host today as always—those who out of a way of life found futile, purposeless, tasteless, or bitter, have turned to try the Christian way, have made the great surrender: and lo, the Christ! Self-given, Self-revealed, known!—the present Saviour and the Jesus of the Gospels.

This experience bears its own inner witness to its reality as do few other types of experience. Indeed, if one is a mystic the experience is a revelation of Reality itself-self-evidenced and beyond possibility of doubt. But, for all, mystics or not, the experience is unchallengeable, a ground of faith sure and steadfast. And this vast stream of Christian experience and knowledge is to its last drop evidence of the incarnation in Jesus Christ. The critic who ignores it, ignores pertinent positive evidence; ignores the first of the three witnesses—"the Spirit that beareth witness because the Spirit is the truth.'

### II. THE WITNESS OF WATER

The second of the three witnesses is corporate or sacramental experience. Primarily this witness consists in the fact that the Church has from the first mediated the living Christ to the world. Because the Church is in the world as His body, He has been able to reach millions of souls through the ages and to be in them new life—the Eternal Life, which was with the Father and has been manifested unto us, first, through the Jesus of history, and then through His presence by the Spirit in the Church.

Because the Church is in the world, Jesus Christ is even today the divine challenge to the world-to its principles and morals first and foremost, but also to its intellect. Because the Church is in the world mediating the living Christ, Christ is right now a live question for the critics and the thinkers.

There is more than this to the second of the three witnesses, however. When many years ago the writer discovered the Episcopal Church, he discovered a social body that was completely organized about the Incarnation; or, in more adequate statement, a social organism whose organizing principle was the Incarnation. Its ritual and liturgy, its Christian Year, its customs and observances, all sprang from and gave living glowing expression to that fact. He found that the Anglican communion, a branch of the Church continu-

ous from its occumings, placed min maivellously in touch with those beginnings, above all with its Lord in the upper room blessing and giving the bread and the wine.

In time he came to see that the principle of its corporate life was the sacramental principle, and that the sacramental principle is simply this, that the Church is literally the visible body of Christ, continuing the Incarnation; and that its vital activities, the sacraments, are not symbols but are the very acts of Jesus

Christ through His body. He found that this body and its sacraments had a strange formative power in his mentality and his life of the spirit. Through this body, moreover, he was put in touch with the great line of Christian saints, "the communion of saints" became a reality. And he found that all these great ones of the Christian ages confessed to the same power of the Church and its sacraments in their inner life.

Most notable was the fact that those who lived in times when the ecclesiastical hierarchy was at the lowest depths of worldliness and wickedness, and who deplored this most, were yet most clear and definite that they drew their spiritual sustenance from the breasts of Mother Church. In these great men and women of the Church, moreover, there was manifested a special kind of life of unique type or pattern. They called it "being oned with Christ," wherein their experience followed the lines of His experience. St. Paul describes this same thing: "that I may know him, and the power of his resurrection, and the fellowship of his sufferings, becoming conformed unto his death" (Phil. 3:10).

It is this power of the Church and her sacraments to mold souls who will in the likeness of Christ that grounds her claim to be called "holy Church," for all that those who make up her membership are sinners and their sinfulness mars and perverts her activities. Those who truly know the Church know that the reality that is her life and her self is other than and far above her human membership, with their half-heartedness and worldliness and sin. This Other that has shaped the saints and will shape all who seek is literally the Christ in the activity of His continuing Incarnation.

Here we see the second of the witnesses to the Christian faith: the corporate experience of the sacramental Church. It is a mighty witness, for that Church sprang directly from the Person of Jesus of Nazareth. The question as to Jesus' purposes and ideas regarding a Church is not vital to the witness. The Church took its be-ginning from God incarnate in Jesus' Person. Its life as an organism with its power of bringing the living Christ to

### CHURCH CALENDAR

### May

- Fourth Sunday after Easter.
- 14. Fifth (Rogation) Sunday after Easter. 15, 16, 17. Rogation Days.
- 18. Ascension Day (Thursday).
- 21. Sunday after Ascension.
  - Whitsunday (Pentecost).
- Whitsun Monday.
- Whitsun Tuesday.
- 30. Ember Day (Wednesday). 31.

human souls and molding them in His likeness, in the process creating a chain of the most Godlike personalities this world has known, is witness to the Christian faith, to the reality of the Incarnation, and to the identity of the Christ of the faith with the Jesus of the Gospels from whom it all sprang. And critics of the New Testament and of Christian origins ignore most weighty evidence when they slight

### III. THE WITNESS OF BLOOD

this witness.

There is no doubt that the treatment of problems of history and the estimate of historical characters are largely affected by the historian's prepossessions. Preëminently this must be the case where the historian undertakes to deal with the Incarnation and the Person of Jesus Christ. For the Incarnation stands alone, an act of God supreme, transcendent, among all events of time. In dealing with that event, its accompaniments and its consequents, the critic's or historian's belief or disbe-lief in God, the kind of God he believes in, a Heavenly Father or a philosopher's "Principle," and his idea of the relation of the universe to that God, all will enter into and mainly determine his interpretations and conclusions.

Access to truth in this realm is gained only through the three-fold witness: not the historical event in isolation, but the event integrally bound up with the individual experience and with the life of the Church, all three being parts, and partaking of the nature, of the Incarnation

Whence the condition of arriving at the truth in this realm strikes to a level even deeper than that of a man's presuppositions. Just as an intelligence supposedly limited in experience to mechanical reactions could not treat nor conceive of life; or just as a man born blind, while he could discuss what he has been told of color, could not treat nor conceive of the reality of color, so he whose experience is limited to the plane of the "natural man" can discuss around and about the Incarnation, the events which gave it expression, the writings which record it, and the means of carrying it to fulfilment; but he cannot deal with the actualities of these phenomena. The Incarnation and the facts relating thereto are of a sort which he can neither know nor imagine. For him, the present day Christian's personal fellowship with and knowing of Jesus Christ are imaginary, self-induced, without reality or essential significance; and the sacramental experience of the Christian community is the same. And, for him, whatever Jesus was, he certainly was not the Christ of the Church's faith and worship.

St. Paul stated this truth most clearly in the second chapter of his First Epistle to the Corinthians, especially in the 14th and 16th verses: "The natural man receiveth not the things of the Spirit of God, for they are foolishness unto him, neither can he know them, because they are spiritually discerned. . . . For who hath known the mind of the Lord, that he may instruct him? But we have the mind of Christ."

Not that these phenomena of the Incarnation hang in the air, above law, im-

mate; but that they come under a might order of law, which in no way violates but rests upon and incorporates the lower; just as the laws of organic life rest upon and incorporate the laws of physical and chemical reactions.

The exploration of this higher order and the formulation of its laws, the laws of the Holy Spirit's methods and activities-in inspiring writers, preachers, leaders, healers, in answering prayer, in the efficacy of sacraments, in molding the Church, in saving sinners and making saints-have yet to be begun, save for the work of a few great saints like St. Teresa of Avila. Mastery in that field-mastery which is possible in the Church's development through coming milleniums on earth —will multiply beyond measure the powers of a Church which is slowly learning holiness, and will give criticism its adequate basis for dealing with the phenomena flowing from the Incarnation. Until there has been some exploration and formulation of these laws of the Spirit's activities, the possibilities of sound criticism in this whole field are severely limited. Sound criticism today will recognize the limita-

We have been wont to think of this realm of the Holy Spirit's activity as without law, of the nature of the capricious human will. We need to reform our whole conception of law, as no whit mechanical but such order as expresses the perfect rationality of God. This perfect rationality informs with its order and coherence every phase and detail of the self-expression of Diety, and constitutes what we are accustomed to recognize as the universal reign of law.

. erem reign er im...

### EXPRESSING THE INEXPRESSIBLE

Matthew Arnold long ago pointed out that the chief problem presented by the Gospel records arose from the fact that the human mind and human language were not equal to reporting the facts expressing a divine Incarnation. Once grant the reality of God and the actuality of His speaking His supreme Word by incarnation in the Person of Jesus of Nazareth, this follows by inevasible logic. By no possibility can our limited minds take in the fulness of significance of the acts and sayings of Jesus Christ. Divine Incarnation is on a plane above the so-called natural. Its power in human lives lifts human experience to that higher plane. And the Holy Spirit's inspiration in the making of the records lifts the records to the same plane, as their utter selflessness and their power to grip human souls bear witness.

By these truths the principle of parsimony in explaining historical facts is reversed. In dealing with the New Testament records and seeking for the measure of Jesus' Personality the only sound principle is to stretch the literal records to the utmost of their possible meaning and significance. This does not forbid criticism from looking for and guarding against the human tendency to magnify the purely marvellous. It means that when the positive evidence of that tendency has been allowed for the interpretation of the Person of Jesus and of His words and deeds must, to be sound, proceed upon the assumption that both words and deeds what is beyond expression.

By the work of the Holy Spirit has shaped and preserved to the records through which that transce Personality who was the Word flesh is truly portrayed and pres through which the Son of God Incashines with divine Self-authentication all the ages. It follows that in the Testament writings we see the Ghost working unfailingly and div albeit within the limits of imp human media, to provide for ordina trained human minds, so far as I words can accomplish it, a true and quate presentation of the Person works of Jesus Christ as the vehi that Incarnation. Whence, at every of New Testament study, discussicriticism, the primary question is: right here was the Holy Spirit aim define and preserve to the world truth of God Incarnate? From that basis, the inquiry may proceed as what means and in what measur essential facts and the eternal tru made known. The records present One who liv

actual human life. Yet straight th the earliest and simplest recor-Mark's, over and over His words, as they stand, involve an assu which no mere man, if he were sane make. It is a mystery, forever human comprehension, analysis, scription-an actual human life inc ing God. Of course. If it were not the powers of the human mind to it would not be real. But definitely, ly, the words portray the Universa And those who seek the universa find it there in His every word and And those who look for a man limited like other men to his tin his people, have to empty the wo their meaning or discard them, an they look in vain. As Schweitzer cluding his search for an historic limited to His time and people cor the search is hopeless; he forever us. Inevitably, if He was Incarnat And that is what it all comes to He or was he not God Incarnate?

He or was he not God Incarnate?
But, the critic may say, that is tion for criticism to decide. I repl a question beyond the compete criticism on the natural historical A divine incarnation is supra-his. The question can only be answe giving their rightful weight and I all three of the witnesses. And th not only agree in one, but are be one; to know truly and weigh rig evidence one must have the experi-

Let a man be so surrendered i and intellect and will to the Lor Christ that that *One* can manifes self to him, and let him so enter life and mind of the Beloved Con that he shares the knowledge through two-thousand years of concexperience and so knows Jesus Continuing incarnation, then, be the service to which he is called be a critic equipped to deal with transcendent theme of finite tifinal mundane Act of the divine "The Fulfilment of the Purpose Ages."

### Pastoral Practice

ROMANCE OF THE MINISTRY. By mond Calkins. The Pilgrim Press. 253. \$2.00.

book has a rather misleading title, iless romance is synonymous with vork, it is not the romance of the y of which it treats, but the neverattention to each detail of his work just be the daily concern of every r. The author is a prominent New d Congregational minister and it is Protestant clergy that he is writpart from this, the book contains a leal that could with profit be read pplied by Anglicans, particularly rians, or those recently ordained. t deal of emphasis is placed on the ality of the minister and its develop-The necessity for this the author zes as a weakness inherent in antism. He says, "As Protestantnow organized, the parish church largely for its dignity and influid prosperity upon the personality, tracter, and the ability of its min-. . There can be no question that antism in our modern world would le far more stable and secure by

ig the conception of the Church as organism, having a divine authorts truth, its worship and its sacraand thus less dependent upon the lity and capacity of its ministers" . With this as a starting point the als with the minister's personality,

on, dress, manners, and the planhis time. Sermon preparation, perounseling, and religious education ren are touched on, and in each se and good advice is offered from

rience of a full ministry.

he Episcopalian reader the most chapter is that entitled "Min-Into Me in the Priest's Office." A zh conception indeed is here preof the Church and the sacraments, wonders to what extent these epresent the thought of liberal intism generally. In speaking of rch the author says, "The Church nceived of as a company of Chrisand women who have voluntarily together for the purpose of Chrisrship and instruction, in which the is simply one who has laid aside nployments in order that he may iself wholly to the preaching and of the Word and has no other or authority than that derived from experience and character. Rather irch is regarded as the body of the visible extension of the Incarthe supernatural home of the soul, re of sacramental grace, the society Christ's visible witness and rep-

ve on earth in which he dwells, is spirit guides and inspires. And ster in such a Church is a man his vocation not of earth but of and anointed divinely for the disf a sacred duty" (p. 195). Later

in the same chapter he says (p. 196), "The minister celebrating the sacraments will have an adequate conception of their meaning. The essence of this is that something has happened: grace has actually been conveyed that the believer could not receive by any act of his own." Such words as these do not sound strange to us, but coming from a Congregational minister of New England, one wonders if Mr. Calkins is not already being haunted by the ghosts of his spiritual forbears in that part G. F. WHITE. of our country.

### Miniature Library

THE SEAS OF GOD, Great Stories of the Human Spirit. Edited by Whit Burnett. J. B. Lippincott Co., Philadelphia, New York, [1944]. Pp. 585. \$3.00.

Any anthology needs some defense because there is always the question whether it is not better to send readers back to an author's published works, where, presumably, there are other things of value to be found, including more of the author's own personality. But in this case, at least, many people will feel it a privilege that such a wide diversity of first rate material has been brought together in a single volume. Here is a collection of "some of the deepest stories of the human spirit by some of the greatest authors of our times. Excerpts from a few distinguished novels are included, and from other long and important works. The stories are all masterpieces in their way, and, in brief, it is a miniature library of power and insight.

Objections may be raised, of course, to the arrangement of the contributions; many readers will frankly be put off by the headings of the different sections. "God's Lonely Man," "The Vineyard,"
"The Inward Vision," add an evangelical touch that seems insistently aimed at driving home a lesson, and mars the effect of such a narrative as "The Snows of Kilimanjaro." "Mr. Onion" hardly gains by the general caption "Through a Glass, Darkly." Furthermore protest may be offered against the inclusion of parts of longer works; an author writes a novel as a novel and not as a cluster of detachable units. The relation of the various stories to the various sections is at times dubious, as for example in the case of Clarence Day and his observations on his father's religion, which have commercial importance but a minimum of mystical value. There will also be some dispute on what stories should have been included and what others might have been substituted for those now printed. On that score some readers may regret the inclusion of Mary Austin's "The Green Bough," which, however delicately managed, deals with a subject of vast importance in a way neatly to shut out its supernaturalism and thus to miss the triumphant magic which has characterized the story of the empty tomb through the ages. The gentle poetry Miss Austin gives

us in place of that does not actually roll away the stone from the door and leaves us with Christianity denaturized, indeed with the kind of mentality exhibited by Patricia in "Between Two Worlds." Finally, there will be many, I hope, to regret the inclusion of the "Sermon on the Mount" at the end as if it were the climax of the Divine Revelation. With all its supreme expression it furnishes less the distinctive Christian message than other parts of the New Testament, as for example the first chapter of St. John's Gospel.

Howard R. Patch.

### **Devotional Aid**

THE RADIANT LIFE. By Rufus Jones. Macmillan. \$2.00.

One of the best known mystics of our time has written a little book that will find its way into the hearts of many who are seeking aid in their personal devotional life. There is little direct sequence of thought running through the chapters, since the author touches on a variety of subjects, mostly meditative in character.

Chapter five compares the position of St. Paul at the time of his experience in a shipwreck with our position today in a world at war. The Euroclydon is blowing today just as surely as it blew in the Adriatic Sea in St. Paul's day. The author lists "four anchors" thrown out by St. Paul as a basis for finding a solution for our dilemma. These anchors are, "I believe in God"; "His I am"; "Him I serve"; and "He has given me those who

sail with me."

Chapter eight is valuable for its definitions of types of mysticism. In its broadest meaning, mysticism is defined by the author as, "a type of religion which puts the emphasis on immediate awareness of the soul's relation with God, on direct and intimate consciousness of the Divine Presence. It feels like an invasion, like a thrust from beyond the mind of the individualsomething breaks in on the mind; one is met on the way, and it feels like the Life of God breaking in on the soul." There is also an interesting note on the historical development of mysticism.

The last chapter is not as much a meditation as it is an apologia for Quakerism. However, the author pulls no punches in his disagreement with much of the present day application of the Quaker faith. He calls the "intellectual climate of the 17th century inadequate for our generation" and says that Quakers are suffering from the same mistake made by other religious movements, in that their thinking was confined to the situation in their own age.

It is almost certain that the author covets something of form, order, and spirit of continuity for his own denomination. One feels that he sees that Quakers generally will never be able to scale the heights to which he himself has attained. Something more tangible and within the reach of the average individual will have to be applied. This conclusion in no way imputes to the author a boastful attitude, but rather the recognition of a fact that others have recognized in the author's life more than he himself has, namely that he is a very exceptional and extraordinary religious thinker.

### *MICHIGAN*

### Bishop Coadjutor to Be Chosen

Six clergymen, including two serving parishes within the diocese of Michigan, will be proposed to the special convention of the diocese to be held on May 24th, in St. Paul's Cathedral, Detroit, called by Bishop Creighton for the election of a bishop coadjutor.

The six names will be submitted by a special committee composed of the standing committee of the diocese and several additional clerical and lay members. Additional nominations may be made from the floor.

The election of a coadjutor was the reason for calling the special convention, and the only other matters to come before the delegates are an amendment to the diocesan canons raising the ceiling of the diocesan assessment from \$25,000 to \$35,000, and the report of the Herman Page Memorial Committee.

The committee to receive nominations was divided into two sub-committees, one to receive and consider the names of men within the diocese, the other to take similar action on the names of men outside the diocese. Altogether, some 45 names have been considered, of which the following persons from within the diocese will be placed in nomination:

The Rev. Irwin C. Johnson, rector of St. John's Church, Detroit; and the Rev.

Ernest E. Piper, rector of St. Matthias' Church, Detroit.

The following men from outside the diocese have been suggested:

The Rev. Donald B. Aldrich, rector of the Church of the Ascension, New York City; the Rev. Lane W. Barton, rector of Grace Church, Orange, N. J.; the Rev. Harold E. Sawyer, rector of Grace Church, Utica, N. Y.; and the Very Rev. Claude W. Sprouse, dean of Grace and Holy Trinity Cathedral, Kansas City, Mo.

The report of the nominating committee, already sent to the clergy and lay delegates to the convention, states, ". . . In addition to other desirable qualities the coadjutor should be someone who by experience and inclination can give a statesmanlike leadership to our missionary program. He should be able and willing to spend a great deal of time among the outlying places of the diocese. . . . The committee also agreed, because of the above conditions, he should be young enough to give vigorous leadership to the diocese for the next 12 to 15 years."

### WASHINGTON

### Congratulations to the New Bishop

Bishop Manning of New York and Cordell Hull added their messages to the congratulations pouring into for the new Bishop of Washington, the Rt. Rev. Angus Dun, April 19th. "We are offering our prayers for you in our cathedral," graphed Bishop Manning. "May grace and guidance be with you in office and work to which you are ca

Cordell Hull wrote a letter in the said, "Mrs. Hull and I take thi portunity to convey to you our hea felicitations on your consecration a Bishop of Washington. We know this high and exalted position you make an outstanding contribution to spiritual life of the community."

### NEW YORK

## Forum on "Inter-Church Ways of Worship"

The Woman's Auxiliary of the d of New York held a forum on the ring of April 19th, in Calvary I House, on "Inter-Church Ways of ship." Mrs. William C. Dickey, president-at-large of the Auxiliary chairman of the forum, her associmaking plans for it being Mrs. I Allen Stebbins of Rochester, N. Y. Stebbins had been chosen as the but because of her illness, Mrs. I Hill Pierce substituted for her, into ing the speakers and leading the "S of Thanksgiving for Our Unity in Cloompiled by Mrs. Stebbins.

The first of the four speakers, Margaret Applegarth, a Baptist, ga

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sting account of the ways of worship ptist congregations. Mrs. Kenneth , a Presbyterian, spoke at greater , presenting the history of the Presan Church and then explaining its es. Mrs. Paul Sherer, the wife of ell-known Lutheran minister, read a at paper on the forms and meaning rship in the Lutheran Church. This ed a description of "Luther's Mass," ras celebrated on the occasion of the rsary services of the Lutheran h in the past year. The fourth speakiss Grace Lindley, speaking for the pal Church, stressed the values to nd in liturgical services-always and there familiar to members of the an communion in the churches, large

mall, of that communion.

ne course of the "Service of Thanks" there were three unusual prayers
. The first of these was in German,
s. Frederick J. Forell, the wife of a
m pastor, a refugee. The second was
s. Peter Murray, a Negro member
erside Church. The third prayer, in
se, was by Mrs. S. Ohori, a Japa-

III istiaii.

### TH FLORIDA

### en's Committee Meeting

er the leadership of the diocesan tee on Laymen's Work, one of the occurred on April 24th, in Lakeland, Fla. This conference preceded the annual convention of the diocese. The chairman of the committee, Dan B. Weller of Auburndale, presided, Morton O. Nace, executive secretary of the committee, had charge of the program.

Over 100 leading laymen in the diocese were in attendance, including the Bishop's men recently appointed by the Bishop at the request of the committee. Suggestions were made to the committee by the laymen for a program of the laymen for the year 1944-45, and general plans for the work were outlined.

work were outlined.

Bishop Wing of South Floria was present for part of the meeting and expressed his delight over the attendance and the success so far in the new plan for the laymen. The conference voted unanimously to support and coöperate with the Presiding Bishop's Committee on Laymen's Work.

On the same evening the annual lay dinner was held, and over 100 laymen were present. Albert P. Roberts, jr., a member of the diocesan committee, served as toastmaster. Speaking at this dinner were Bishop Wing; Morton O. Nace, who told of the provincial meeting and the plans of the National Committee; and the speaker of the evening, the Rev. Rex Wilkes, rector of St. Stephen's Church in Coconut Grove.

As a result of the conference, the diocesan committee will present a definite program for the diocese, and the plan will become effective in September, 1944.

### **GEORGIA**

## Bishop Barnwell Elected To Welfare Post

Bishop Barnwell was again elected president of the board of the Savannah Family Welfare Society at the annual meeting held on April 14th.

## Race Prejudice Considered At Convention

Stressing the Forward in Service program of the diocese and deploring the fetishes of national and race prejudice, Bishop Barnwell of Georgia made a strong address at the opening of the diocesan convention at St. John's Church, Savannah, on the evening of April 18th.

One of the high lights of the convention was the annual report of J. Randolph Anderson, D.C.L., treasurer of the corporation. Dr. Anderson stated that previous to 1943, the largest amount the diocese had ever received was given in 1923. This past year the amount was several thousand dollars in excess of that of 1923. Dr. Anderson was given a rising vote of thanks for his services to the diocese and for the splendid report, which had taken much time and effort.

Another matter of great interest that came before the convention was the Laymen's Conference that is to be held at Camp Reese from June 9th through June

### A Parish Gift to Mothers .....

on

## MOTHER'S DAY

May 14th



### The Madonna Calendar

"Every day is Mother's Day," spoke a very wise priest, and this is so true. In England, and in many parishes in this country, the middle of Lent is kept as a time to especially remember Mother. It is called Mothering Sunday or Refreshment Sunday. But May 14th is nationally recognized as a day to especially remember Mother and for the Parish our beautiful Madonna Calendar is a very suitable and lovely gift.

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11th. Two laymen from each parish and mission will be selected by their rector to attend. The diocese will pay travel and other expenses. Among those to be present will be the Rev. William Campbell and the Rev. Louis Melcher of Trinity Church, Columbia, S. C.

Delegates will be sent to the Forward in Service meeting to be held May 23d.

ELECTIONS: Except for the following, there were no changes in the officers and committees;

Standing Committee: Rev. Messrs. J. B. Lawrence, D.D., president, E. Risley, H. West, W. H. Brady; Messrs. J. R. Anderson, J. A. Setze,

Committee on the State of the Church: Rev. Messrs. J. B. Lawrence, C. M. Wyatt-Brown, W. R. F. Thomas; Messrs. G. S. Gaillard, S. Walker, and L. Everett.

Executive Council: The Rt. Rev. M. S. Barn-Executive Council: The Rt. Rev. M. S. Barn-well, D.D., president; Miss Zoe Coburn, secretary and treasurer; W. D. Cooke, treasurer of the convention; R. E. Breen, president, Woman's Auxiliary; Rev. Messrs. D. C. Wright, D.D., H. West, G. W. Shirley, C. E. Crusoe, D.D., W. H. Bray, H. McC. Mueller; Messrs. R. E. Breen, J. A. Setze, G. S. Gaillard, Dr. J. R. Anderson, J. S. Sullivan Bond, Judge W. W. Douglas.

Court of Array: Rev. Messrs. H. McC. Mueller, F. Doremus, T. G. Mundy, A. B. Clarkson, S. B. McGlohon, F. Cousins, W. W. Williams, J. A. Harris, R. H. Daniell, C. M. Wyatt-Brown, Dr. C. E. Crusoe.

Delegates to the Provincial Synod, Nashville, Tenn., October 15th to 17th. Clerical: Rev. Messrs. E. Risley, H. West, G. Shirley. Alternates: Rev. Messrs. W. H. Brady, A. B. Clarkson, W. R. L. Thomas. Lay: Messrs. J. A. Setze, W. Nelson, R. E. Breen. Alternates: Messrs. H. B. Coolidge, P. Goul: J.

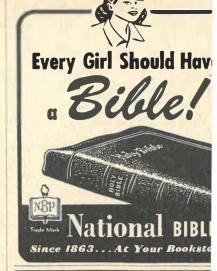
### WOMAN'S AUXILIARY

An additional gift of \$750 to be used by the Bishop as part of the salary for a priest to take charge of the missions at Bainbridge and Baxley was decided upon at the annual meeting of the Woman's Auxiliary held in St. John's Church, Savannah, April 18th and 19th. Each branch of the Woman's Auxiliary has been prorated so much. Since the retirement of the Rev. Herbert Scott-Smith, some five or six years ago, Bainbridge has had no regular services, but there is a church there. Baxley will be a new mission.

At a joint meeting of the convention and Woman's Auxiliary, arranged by the Department of Christian Education, it was announced that because there was such an overflow at Camp Reese last year, there would be five camps this year. They will run continuously from June 12th through August 19th. They include camps for boys, college students, and adults, girls, 11 to 12 years old, and another for girls 13 to 14 years old, and high school stu-

A most interesting request was that from some of the public school teachers who are running into pupil problems with mothers doing war work, or otherwise employed. These teachers asked for a short camp during which they could specialize in how to approach their pupils spiritually. So a camp will be held for them. Applications have also come from out of town teachers.

ELECTIONS: President, Mrs. R. E. Breen; vicepresidents, Mrs. T. M. Hoynes, Mrs. J. B. Avera, Mrs. Pritchard, Mrs. H. West; secretary, Mrs



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### hristian

hinking Christians aren't needing uch additional information these tys to convince them that unless od moves wonderfully and mi-culously in our behalf, we all here America are going to have many bering days ahead when we will sed every ounce of strength and ace with which to face them. ever will this column be used to read gloom, but always it will do best to prevent Christians from ing in a fool's paradise. Lots of have acted like ostriches all rough this war. We bury our eads and minds, and simply won't ce up to the realties that surge all out us.

ur great hope is going to be, when ose trying days do come (and they rtainly are coming)—that Cathics in the Episcopal Church, who we been blessed with many unual spiritual privileges and close ntacts with our Blessed Lord, will ow in those days of trial-be they om sorrow, worry, illness, reduced comes, or whatnot-that very wonrful quality which all truly spiritl souls should possess—CHRIS-IAN POISE. Methinks Christian ise will reveal more of religion

the Christ-denying pagans all out us than if we were noted atnding hundreds of church services guild meetings.

ne quiet calm that comes to a pristian who lives near enough to r Lord to really get His power far more convincing as an intence toward Christianity on the rt of those who have it not, than y other outward and visible sign at we Christians might display.

w do you as a Christian behave der fire, anyway? Do you squawk, d dodge, and crawl, and splutter, d worst of all, just drench everye all about you with your vocal mplaints and fears? If so, we

need some "boot training" to harden us up a bit. Or, have you frequently been shamed, as we have, by seeing some quiet, unobstrusive and unprepossessing Christian (to our self-sufficient way of thinking) suddenly, under pressure of very real and great trouble and emergency, take on that impressive dignity or poise that a courageous and valiant pilgrim is always supposed to assume—and so frequently doesn't? Christian poise shames faithlessness, selfishness, cowardice, fear and worry. It reveals Christ in a man or woman as probably no other trait will. It lends dignity and beauty to otherwise mediocre lives and shames those who have something of brilliancy about them, but who fail to let their brilliancy be enhanced with that deep and inner glow which comes only from an abiding love in Jesus Christ and His Holy Catholic Church.

What a day of opportunity there is right here at home for those who would show forth that which we profess! But in that day when we reckon with the Just Steward, how many talents will we have made with those that have already been loaned to us? And will we hear that heart-stirring "Enter thou" or the heart-contracting, "Cast ye the unprofitable servant into outer darkness"?

Let's all start training right now. There is plenty of warfare ahead for the Christian, and in those days of battle, look about you and you will be able, every time, to put your finger on the well-trained Christian warrior, who knows full well that he has to fight a continuous warfare if he will win his crown. God grant that in that day we may prove ourselves, and be noted by all about us that we fight with that poise that comes only from long hours on our knees

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### WEST VIRGINIA

### Church School Survey

By the Rev. JOHN G. SHIRLEY

The Curriculum Committee of the Department of Christian Education, diocese of West Virginia, has recently completed a survey of Church School enrolment and curricula in the diocese, and the results have been released by Deaconess Dorothy Duffie, chairman.

A gain of 31 pupils was shown in 1943 as compared with 1942, although the public schools in the state showed a loss of

16,000 pupils.

Only six schools have an enrolment over 100, and of these, two have an enrolment between two and three hundred, the report showed. Two-thirds of the schools have less than 50 pupils.

### Curriculum

The available courses of study were used generally. The Jacobs series led the list by being used in 13 schools, "St. James' Lessons" next in seven schools, and "Christian Nurture" in five schools, the "Pastoral Series" and the "Christian Living Series" in four schools. Twelve schools use partially original courses and 10 schools use some non-Episcopal material. Some schools are using four or five different courses.

"It will be seen, however, that about 50% of the schools are not using the best available and most up-to-date materials,

Deaconess Duffie said.

Comment on the various courses favored the "St. James' Lessons," the "National Council Educational Units" and "The Cloister Press Series." The adaptability of the "St. James' Lessons" to small schools as well as large seemed to be appreciated by teachers in the diocese.

### WORK OF COMMITTEE

The diocesan committee is now attempting to coordinate available materials and to suggest methods of using them to leaders and teachers. Supplies and samples have been sent to diocesan leaders for examination and recommendation.

A prominent layman and member of the committee, J. Roy Marcum, says, "There has been failure in our Church Schools to keep pace in educational standards with the public schools in teacher training, lesson material, teaching methods, school grouping, organization, and in physical equipment. We cannot hope to convince children nor their parents of the serious importance of the work of the Church School if it suffers in these particulars when compared with the weekday schools."

### *MINNESOTA*

### **Bishop Keeler Dedicates** Memorial Flag

Bishop Keeler of Minnesota made his first episcopal visitation to the parish of St. Andrew's-by-the-Lake, Duluth, Minn., recently when he dedicated an Enisonal

Church flag, the gift of Mrs. Hannah Brunner as a memorial to her only son, Lt. Col. Reed R. Brunner, A.S.A.C., who was forced down and, with his crew of 12, lost at sea February 3, 1943. Mrs. Brunner, while not a communicant of St. Andrew's, was one of the founders and active workers in the parish. As a boy, her son, Lt. Col. Brunner, was an acolyte there.

The service was especially arranged as a memorial by the rector, the Rev. Dr. Theodore Ries, and Betty Arnold, the organist. An augmented choir under the direction of Kathleen Praught, and Alan Larson, cathedral trumpeter, provided the music. Bishop Keeler took for his text the words from the Creed, "I believe in the Communion of Saints."

### W. VIRGINIA

### The Church Advances in Dunbar

Looking ahead to postwar years and the continued development of West Virginia's largest industrial area in the Kanawha River Valley, Bishop Strider has announced the purchase of two lots in Dunbar, W. Va., near which are located several large plants now engaged in war work. Since the start of the war, the population of the area has grown tremendously, and it will probably remain stable after the war because of the production of chemical by-products of coal, wood, gasoline, and oil.

### PENNSYLVANIA

### Brotherhood of St. Andrew To Hold Annual Meeting

The annual spring meeting of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew will be held on May 19th at the Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia. Evening prayer will be held at 5:30 P.M., and after this service, supper will be served in the school cafeteria. During the evening meeting at 7:30 P.M., the Rev. Wilburn C. Campbell, executive director of the Presiding Bishop's Committee on Laymen's Work will speak.

### LOS ANGELES

### Beverly Hills Church Reports Progress

All Saints' Church, in Beverly Hills, Calif., has made great progress since it began in the early '20's with a few people gathering for worship at the Beverly Hills Hotel. Last January Bishop Stevens of Los Angeles dedicated the church, which was completed in 1925. Since its erection the church has been enlarged and two additions have been made to the parish house.

During a little over a year sufficient funds have been raised without any campaign, to pay off a debt of \$10,500, and in addition, there is now a fund of more than \$6,000 to be used for the building

of a new church. This new building be at the south side of the present ch which will be used as a chapel. The church will seat about 650 people and probably cost about \$200,000.

The dedication service in January broadcast so that persons seated in parish house as well as the church hear it. Bishop Stevens was the prea and the Rev. Dr. W. W. Fleetwood, remeritus, also assisted. The Rev. J. Fert Smith is the present rector.

### HONOLULU

### Soldiers Help Hawaiian Churcl

Despite the fact they are overseas devoting full time to jungle tramembers of a rifle company in the A 40th Infantry Division have not negl their support to the Church.

While on duty in the Hawaiian Isl the infantrymen contributed a sum of toward the work of the Church.

A small church at Holuoloa or island of Hawaii had been destroye fire. The pastor and members or congregation, faced with the probler rebuilding with inadequate funds, pealed to the community for mon assistance.

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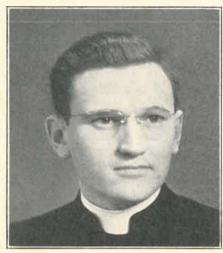
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hurch Divinity School of the Pacific BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA 2457 Ridge Road Henry H. Shires

### SECONDARY SCHOOLS

St. James, Faribault, To Re-open

St. James Episcopal Church School for younger boys, Faribault, Minn., will reopen for a full nine months' term in September. The school, established by the late Dr. Dobbin, for many years rector of Shattuck School near which st. James is located, was closed at the end of the school year in 1942 upon the retirement of Frederick E. Jenkins, who had served



DEAN LITTLEFORD

as headmaster of the school since its establishment. The school is reopened because of many requests from parents of

boys six to 14 years of age.

The school will be operated by a new board of trustees under the auspices of the diocese of Minnesota, with Bishop Stephen E. Keeler as president and Mr. Jenkins a member thereof. The other members represent Faribault and other

cities in the diocese.

The Very Rev. Osborne R. Littleford, dean of the Cathedral of Our Merciful Saviour, Faribault, will serve as headmaster, also continuing as dean of the Cathedral. The Rev. David Horning, curate at the Cathedral, will act as chaplain. Dr. William Crandall, for 15 years assistant headmaster of St. James School and now clinical psychologist at Roosevelt Academy, Aledo, Ill., will be academic head.

The school will be conducted as a military school with home influence for boys of grades one to eight. A number have already enrolled, and it is expected that the school will open in September with at least 40 students.

### Bishop Campbell Blesses New Buildings at St. Peter's

The Rt. Rev. Robert Erskine Campbell, retired Bishop of Liberia, visited St. Peter's School, Peekskill, N. Y., on April 4th, as the representative of Bishop Man-

At 5 o'clock in the afternoon, the entire

school of 58 boys, along with members of the staff, went in procession to the adjoinning estate, which has been recently purchased by the school. There Bishop Campbell blessed several buildings, which are being used as dormitories and residences for masters. At 5:30 services were held in the school chapel when 21 boys, including one Jewish boy, who was baptized at the school a month earlier, were confirmed. This is by far the largest class ever presented at the school.

With the purchasing of the new estate, the school can now house 75 boys during the school year and has an estate of 70 acres. The Rev. Frank C. Leeming and the Rev. Nicholas M. Feringa are in charge of the school.

St. Peter's will operate a summer camp, beginning July 10th and closing on September 5th. Plans are being made to accommodate 40 boys.

### **SEMINARIES**

UUALIUNAL

### California School to Offer **Summer Course**

Two summer terms of five weeks each, beginning June 19th and July 24th respectively, will be offered by the Church Divinity School of the Pacific in cooperation with the Pacific School of Religion and the Berkeley Baptist Divinity School. Resident faculty members and visiting lecturers from other parts of the country will provide a rich selection of courses for regular and special students, and all courses will be open to interested clergymen.

### PUBLIC SCHOOLS

### **Approves Released Time** Religious Instruction

The board of directors of the Detroit Council of Churches has approved "in principle" efforts to secure staggered released time for religious instruction of non-Roman children in public schools in Detroit.

The program would require a full-time director and a minimum of 16 full-time teachers and would cost \$50,000 annually and upwards, to be borne by interested religious bodies.

An inter-faith committee of Protestants, Catholics, and Jews has been consulting the Board of Education for several months on a released time program.

### DANDELION

HOW does he rise so swift to-day Who had his neck cut yesterday? Rise up and die of his own accord, With impish grin for

the mower's sword.

GENEVIEVE K. STEPHENS.

### Matthew McLean Goldie, Priest

The Rev. Matthew McLean Goldie, retired priest of the diocese of Olympia, fied April 16th of a heart attack. Rector of Grace Church in Yantic, Conn., in 1914, he served many churches in that state and in Maryland in the early part of his ministry. In 1922 he was chairman of the Social Service Department of the New London Archdeaconry in Connecticut, and the following year he was chairman of the publicity department of the missionary district of Eastern Oregon. In Connecticut he served as managing editor for the Eastern Shore Churchman, and when he went to Oregon he became managing editor of the Oregon Trail Churchman. He was archdeacon of Eastern Oregon in 1923.

At various times the Rev. Mr. Goldie served as rector of All Saints' Church in Seattle, Wash., and at Christ Church, Tacoma, Wash., St. Andrew's Church, Port Angeles, Wash., and St. Paul's, Bremerton, Wash.

During the first World War he was commissioned a lieutenant in Connecticut and served in Russia. He was taken prisoner during the Russian revolution and subsequently escaped by way of Siberia.

He is survived by his wife and one

### Howard Glisan England, Priest

The Rev. Dr. Howard Glisan England, retired priest of the diocese of Upper South Carolina who had formerly lived in Columbia, S. C., died at Lakeland, Fla., March 16th. The son of John Glisan England and Ann Griffeth England, he was born in Montgomery County, Md., January 6, 1869. He attended George Washington University, where he received the B.A. degree, and, after getting the Ph.B. degree at Columbia, graduated from the Maryland Divinity Schools as a Bachelor of Theology in 1898. He received his Doctor of Divinity degree from Central University in Indiana, in 1928. He married Blanche Mitchell in 1900, and they have two children.

Starting out as chaplain to Bishop Paret, he served many churches in Virginia, Kentucky, Delaware, Maryland, and Washington, D. C., in the course of his ministry. He was diocesan missionary of Maryland at one time, and during 1925 to 1927 he served as chaplain to the sanitorium at Mount Alto, Pa. His last church was Trinity Church, in Edgefield, S. C., where he remained from 1928 to

### Charles A. Weed, Priest

The Rev. Charles A. Weed, 83 years old, rector emeritus of St. Andrew's Church, Kansas City, Mo., died April 13th in the General Hospital, Kansas City. He was struck by a trolley bus two days earlier while taking his daily afternoon walk.

The Rev. Mr. Weed had suffered impaired eyesight since childhood as the rein infancy He had

memorized most of the Book of Common Prayer. Born in 1861 in Plattsburgh, N. Y., he was ordained deacon in the Episcopal Church in 1896 by the Bishop of Albany, and in 1897 became a priest. He served as rector in Sharon Springs, N. Y., Columbus, Neb., Nevada, Mo., and Joplin, Mo. During his rectorship of St. Philip's Church in Joplin a new church building was erected there.

January 19, 1913, the first services of St. Andrew's Church in Kansas City were held in the rector's home. Twentythree persons were present. Then Fred Wolferman, a grocer, offered the use of part of the building he owned to the church. Only a thin partition separated the church from the barn in which Mr. Wolferman's delivery horses were stabled. During this period Mr. Weed acted as sexton as well as rector. Putting on blue overalls he would start a fire, sweep the church, and, if necessary, clean snow from the sidewalks, then don his vestments and conduct services.

From Kansas City he was sent in 1920 to Mitchell, S. D. Twelve years later he retired and returned to Kansas City to live. He served 43 years as examining chaplain for candidates for the priesthood in the diocese of West Missouri.

He officiated at St. Mary's Church, Kansas City, last Good Friday, and at St. John's Church, Kansas City, Easter Sunday.

Bishop Spencer of West Missouri conducted funeral services for the Rev. Mr. Weed at St. Philip's Church in Joplin, assisted by the Rev. Alfred L. du Domaine of St. Philip's. Mr. Weed is survived by his wife, Mrs. Vilera Weed.

### James Kay, M.D.

Dr. James Kay, chief of Medical Service at the Episcopal Hospital, Philadelphia, died on April 21st. He was 53 years of age. A graduate of Delancey School and Jefferson Medical College in 1914, he interned at the Abbingdon and Episcopal Hospitals. He was clinical professor of medicine and chief of physiological diagnosis at Temple Medical School. He was also consulting physician of the Kensington Hospital for Women. He is survived by his wife, Mary, and a son, Private Richard Kay, a student in the Army Specialized Training Program at Temple Medical School. His mother, Mrs. Richard Kay, and two sisters, Margaret and Isabel, also survive. Funeral services were held on April 25th with interment in Forest Hills Cemetery.

### Mrs. Charles O'Meara

Word was received at the diocesan office in Detroit of the death of Mrs. Charles O'Meara, 78 years old, on Sunday, April 16th, in Cleveland, Ohio. Mrs. O'Meara was the widow of the late Rev. Charles O'Meara, who was rector of Trinity Church, Monroe, Mich., for more than 30 years. Mrs. O'Meara had lived in Detroit until six months ago. Burial was from Trinity Church, Monroe, on April 19th.

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### Appointments Accepted

ADAMS, Rev. HAROLD BEACH, formerly rector of St. John's Church, Mt. Pleasant, Mich., is to be rector of St. Mark's Church, Coldwater, Mich., effective June 1st. Address: 379 East Chicago St., Coldwater, Mich.

COOKE, Rev. SIDNEY T., has been appointed minister in charge at Christ Church, Staten Island, N. Y., for the duration of the war.

GREENWOOD, Rev. Westwall, formerly vicar of St. James' Church, Black Mountain, N. C., is to be rector of Grace Church, Louisville, Ky., effective May 10th. Address: 321 E. Gray St., Louisville 2, Ky.

Guy, Rev. ELLIOTT L., formerly assistant priest of St. Martin's Church, New York City, and chaplain of Riker's Island Penitentiary, New York, is now rector of St. Stephen's Church, Savannah, Ga. Address: 313 E. Harris St., Savannah, Ga.

Jackson, Rev. Ellsworth B., formerly of Epiphany Mission, Spartanburg, S. C., is now priest-in-charge of St. Mark's Church, Plainfield, N. J. Address: 633 E. Third St., Plainfield, N. J.

McKenzie, Rev. John V., formerly of Christ Church, Canaan, Conn., is to be rector of St. Matthew's Church, Worcester, Mass., effective June 1st. Address: 695 Southbridge St., Worcester 3, Mass.

PRATT, Rev. GEORGE LYON, formerly curate of All Saints' Church, Pasadena, Calif., is to be vicar of the Church of St. Mary the Virgin, Los Angeles, effective May 15th. Address: 960 S. Normandie St., Los Angeles 6, Calif.

RAASCH, Rev. FREDERIC J., formerly rector of St. Peter's, Pittsburg, Kans., is now rector of Epiphany Church, Independence, Kans., and Ascension Church, Neodesha, Kans. Address: Epiphany Church Rectory, Independence, Kans.

REHKOFF, Rev. CHARLES F., formerly rector of Trinity Church, El Dorado, Kans., is to be rector of St. John's Church, St. Louis, Mo., effective May 1st. Address: 3666 Arsenal St., St. Louis, Mo.

ROGERS, Rev. H. ALFRED, formerly rector of St. Andrew's Church, Scottsbluff, Neb., is to be rector of Trinity Church, Hoquiam, Wash., and priest-in-charge of St. Mark's Mission, Montesano, Wash., effective June 1st. Address: 212 4th St., Hoquiam, Wash.

### Changes of Address

ARMSTRONG, Chaplain J. GILLESPIE, USNR, has as his new address N. O. B. Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

GILFILLAN, Rev. PERRY M., is now at \$5210 Lakeview Ave., Detroit 13, Mich.

#### **Ordinations**

#### PRIESTS

Georgia—The Rev. Frank Doremus was ordained to the priesthood March 29th by Bishop Barnwell of Georgia in St. Paul's Church, Jesup, Ga. He was presented by the Rev. William H. Brady. The Rev. Hamilton West preached the sermon. The Rev. Mr. Doremus is to be priest in charge of St. Paul's Church, Jesup, and St. Andrew's Church, Darien, Ga. Address: St. Paul's Church, Jesup, Ga.

Los Angeles—The Rev. Robert Bonhall was ordained to the priesthood on April 5th in All Saints' Church, Beverly Hills, Calif., by Bishop Stevens of Los Angeles. He was presented by the Rev. Perry M. Austin. The Rev. Alex Lyall preached the sermon.

SOUTH DAKOTA—The Rev. CHRISTIAN BENNET WHIPPLE was ordained to the priesthood March 30th by Bishop Roberts of South Dakota in the Chapel of Our Most Merciful Saviour, Santee, Neb. He was presented by the Rev. Frank M. Thorburn. The Rev. H. H. Whipple preached the sermon. The Rev. Mr. Whipple is to be associate priest on Pine Ridge Mission. Address: Porcupine, S. D.

VIRGINIA—The Rev. PALMER CAMPBELL was ordained to the priesthood on March 29th in St. James' Church, Richmond, Va., by Bishop Goodwin, Ccadjutor of Virginia. He was presented by the Rev. Samuel B. Chilton. The Rev. Churchill J. Gibson preached the sermon. The Rev. Mr. Campbell is to be rector of the Church of Our

Saviour, Sandston, Va., and the Church of the Messiah, Highland Springs, Va. Address: Sandston, Va.

Western Massachusetts—The Rev. Elbert Kyle St. Clair was ordained to the priesthood by Bishop Lawrence of Western Massachusetts in Christ Church, Fitchburg, Mass., on March 25th. He was presented by the Rev. Dr. A. Vincent Bennett. The Rev. E. Kingsland Van Winkle preached the sermon. The Rev. Mr. St. Clair is assistant minister at Christ Church, Fitchburg.

The Rev. Robert S. S. Whitman was ordained to the priesthood by Bishop Lawrence of Western Massachusetts in St. Martin's Church, Pittsfield, Mass., on March 26th. He was presented by the Rev. William B. Sperry. The Rev. G. Gardner Monks preached the sermon. The Rev. Mr. Whitman is at St. Martin's Church, Pittsfield.

The Rev. LEMUEL J. WINTERBOTTOM was ordained to the priesthood by Bishop Lawrence of

### CLASSIFIED

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THE LIVING CHURCH

Western Massachusetts on April 16th in Trinity Church, New Haven, Conn. He was presented by the Rev. C. Lawson Willard. The Rev. Richard G. Preston preached the sermon. The Rev. Mr. Winterbottom is a curate at Trinity Church, New

WESTERN MICHIGAN-The Rev. WENDELL M. WESTERN MICHIGAN—The Rev. WENDELL M.
Pasco was ordained to the priesthood February
24th by Bishop Whittemore of Western Michigan
in St. Philip's Church, Grand Rapids, Mich. He
was presented by the Rev. H. Ralph Higgins.
The Rev. Charles D. Braidwood preached the
sermon. The Rev. Mr. Pasco will continue at
St. Philip's Church, Grand Rapids, and as priestincharge of St. Staphan's Church, Beaton Harber in-charge of St. Stephen's Church, Benton Harbor,

West Virginia—The Rev. Wade Hampton was ordained to the priesthood April 8th in Grace Church, Eckman, W. Va., by Bishop Strider of West Virginia. He was presented by the Rev. E. W. Hughes. The Rev. J. W. Hobson preached the sermon. The Rev. Mr. Hampton is to be priest-in-charge of Grace Church, Eckman, and Holy Trinity Church, Bramwell, W. Va. Address: Bramwell, W. Va.

The Rev. WILLIAM C. Bowie was ordained to the priesthood April 4th by Bishop Strider of West Virginia in St. Mark's Church, St. Albans, W. Va. He was presented by the Rev. Frank T. Cady. The Rev. Frederick G. Weber preached the sermon. The Rev. Mr. Bowie is to be priest-in-charge of St. Mark's Church, St. Albans, W. Va. Address: St. Albans, W. Va.

DEACONS

LONG ISLAND-JAMES ADOLPHUS PORTER WAS ordained to the diaconate April 25th in Christ Chapel, Brooklyn, N. Y., by Bishop De Wolfe of Ung Island. He was presented by the Rev. J. H. W. Rhys. The Rev. Dr. A. Edward Saunders W. Rhys. The Rev. Dr. A. Edward Saunders preached the sermon, The Rev. Mr. Porter is to be deacon-in-charge of Christ Chapel, Brooklyn. Address: 500 Cathedral Parkway, New York City.

Los Angeles-Alfred Norman was ordained to the diaconate by Bishop Stevens of Los Angeles at St. Philip's Church, Los Angeles, on April 14th. He was presented by the Rev. H. Randolph Moore. The sermon was preached by the Rev. H. Vernon Harris. This was the first ordination of a colored candidate in this diocese.

MILWAUKEE—The following candidates were ordained to the diaconate April 12th in All Saints' Cathedral, Milwaukee, Wis., by Bishop Ivins of

PETER FRANCIS, presented by the Rev. V. A. Menard, will return to Nashotah House to study. FREDERICK LUDTKE, presented by the Very Rev. Malcolm D. Maynard, will return to Na-

shotah House to study. BRUCE ROBINSON, presented by the Rev. L. B. Hastings, will return to the General Theological

Seminary to study.

CHARLES WASHBURN, presented by the Rev. Dan Corrigan, will return to Nashotah House to study.

CARL F. WILKE, presented by the Rev. Killian

A. Stimpson, D.D., will return to General legical Seminary to study.

Western Michigan—Louis Basso, Jr. ordained to the diaconate in St. Thomas' C Battle Creek, Mich., on March 26th by Whittemore of Western Michigan. He wa sented by the Rev. William Simms. The Elawrence E. Midworth preached the se Early in June the Rev. Mr. Basso will the his duties at Grace Church, Traverse City, and St. Paul's Church, Elk Rapids, Mich.

MICHAEL KUNDRAT was ordained to th conate by Bishop Whittemore of Western igan March 5th in St. Paul's Church, Mus Mich. He was presented by the Rev. Reeves, jr., and the Rev. E. J. Templeton pr the sermon. The Rev. Mr. Kundrat, a gr of Seabury Western Seminary and former assistant at St. Paul's, will continue as as

WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA-DUDL STROUP was ordained to the diaconate Apri by Bishop Gribbin of Western North C in the Church of the Ascension, Hickory, He was presented by the Rev. S. B. Stroug Rev. Gale D. Webbe preached the sermon Rev. Mr. Stroup will be at the General logical Seminary.

### Correction

The Rev. ELMER M. LOFSTROM has a cepted a position at Sauk Center, Minn., as in The LIVING CHURCH of April 9th.



## CHURCH SERVICES



TO TO CHURCH! That slogan, sounded round the world, might well put an end to the world's chaos. The rectors of leading churches listed here urge you to put the slogan to work in your own personal world. Use it on your friends.

Whether as a traveler in a strange city, or as a local resident, you are always welcome to come into these leading churches for the services or for quiet moments of prayer. And you are urged to bring with you your friends. Accept the cordial invitation!

CHICAGO—Rt. Rev. Wallace E. Conkling, D.D., Bishop; Rt. Rev. Edwin J. Randall, D.D., Suf-fragan Bishop

Church of the Atonement, 5749 Kenmore Avenue, Chicago 40

Rev. James Murchison Duncan, Rector Sun.: 8 & 11 A.M. H.C.; Daily: 7 A.M. H.C.

ELAWARE-Rt. Rev. Arthur R. McKinstry, D.D., Bishop

St. Peter's Church, Lewes Rev. Nelson Waite Rightmyer Sun.: 11:00 A.M. All Saints', Rehoboth Beach, 9:30 A.M.

LOS ANGELES—Rt. Rev. W. Bertrand Stevens, D.D., Bishop; Rt. Rev. Robert Burton Gooden. D.D., Suffragan Bishop

St. Mary of the Angels, Hollywood's Little Church Around the Corner, 4510 Finley Ave. Rev. Neal Dodd. D.D. Sunday Masses: 8, 9:30 and 11.

LOUISIANA-Rt. Rev. John Long Jackson, D.D., Bishop

George's Church, 4600 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans
Rev. Alfred S. Christy, B.D.
Sun.: 7:30, 9:30, 11; Fri. & Saints' Days: 10

MAINE-Rt. Rev. Oliver Leland Loring, Bishop Cathedral Church of St. Luke, Portland Very Rev. P. M. Dawley, Ph.D.; Rev. G. M. MICHIGAN-Rt. Rev. Frank W. Creighton, D.D., Bishop

Church of the Incarnation, 10331 Dexter Blvd., Church of the Incarnation, 1965.

Detroit
Rev. Clark L. Attridge
Weekday Masses: Wed., 10:30; Fri., 7; Sun.
Masses: 7, 9 & 11

NEW YORK-Rt. Rev. William T. Manning, D.D., Bishop; Rt. Rev. Charles K. Gilbert, D.D., Suffragan Bishop

D.D., Sunragan Bishop
Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York
Sun.: 8, 9, 11, Holy Communion; 10, Morning
Prayer; 4, Evening Prayer; 11 and 4, Sermons;
Weekdays: 7:30, 8 (also 9:15 Holy Days & 10
Wed.), Holy Communion; 9 Morning Prayer; 5
Evening Prayer (Sung); Open daily 7 A.M. to
6 P.M.

Church of the Ascension, Fifth Ave. & 10th St., New York

Rev. Donald B. Aldrich, D.D., rector (on leave; Chaplain Corps, U. S. Navy) Rev. Vincent L. Bennett, associate rector in charge Sun.: 8, 11; Daily: 8 Communion; 5:30 Vespers, Tuesday through Friday

Church of the Heavenly Rest, 5th Ave. at 90th St.. New York

Rev. Henry Darlington, D.D., Rector; Rev. Herbert J. Glover, Rev. George E. Nichols Sun.: 8, 10 (H.C.), 11, M.P. & S.; 4, Healing Service. Weekdays: Thurs. & Saints' Days, 11 H.C.; Prayers daily 12-12:10; Tues., 12 Intercession for the sick

Chapel of the Intercession, 155th St. and Broadway, New York

Rev. Joseph S. Minnis, Vicar Sun.: 8, 9:30, 11 & 8; Weekdays: 7, 9:40. 10. 5:00 P.M.

Bartholomew's Church, Park Ave. & 51st St., New York

School; 11 Morning Service and Sermon; 4 P.M., Evensong, Special Music. Weekdays: 8 Holy Communion; 9:30 and 11 Church School; 11 Morning Service and Sermon; 4 P.M., Evensong, Special Music. Weekdays: 8 Holy Communion; also 10:30 on Thurs. & Saints' Days. The Church is open daily for prayer.

James' Church, Madison Ave. at 71st St., New

Rev. H. W. B. Donegan, D.D., Rector Sun.: 8 Holy Communion: 9:30 Church School: 11 Morning Service and Sermon; 4:30 P.M. Victory Service; Holy Communion Wed., 8

NEW YORK-Cont.

St. Mary the Virgin, 46th St. bet. 6th Aves., New York Rev. Grieg Taber Sun. Masses: 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 (High)

Thomas' Church, 5th Ave. and 53rd S York Rev. Roelif H. Brooks, S.T.D., Rector Sun.: 8, 11 A.M. & 4 P.M.; Daily Service Holy Communion; 12:10 Noonday S Thurs.: 11 Holy Communion

Little Church Around the Corner Transfiguration, One East 29th St., New 'Rev. Randolph Ray, D.D. Sun.: Communions 8 and 9 (Daily 8); Eucharist and Sermon, 11; Vespers, 4

Trinity Church, Broadway and Wall St., No Rev. Frederic S. Fleming, D.D. Sun.: 8, 9, 11 & 3:30; Weekdays: 8, 12 Saturdays), 3

Saturdays), 3
PENNSYLVANIA—Rt. Rev. Oliver J. D.D., Bishop
St. Mark's Church, Locust St. between 17th Sts., Philadelphia
Rev. Frank L. Vernon, D.D., Rector
Rev. Fenk L. Vernon, D.D., Rector
Rev. Wm. H. Dunphy. Associate Rector
Rev. Felix L. Cirlot, Th.D.
Sun.: Holy Eucharist, 8 and 9 A.M.;
10:30 A.M.; Sung Eucharist & Sern
A.M.; Evensong & Instruction, 4 P.M.
Daily: Matins, 7:15 A.M.; Eucharist Da:
A.M. Also Wednesday at 7 and Thurs
Saints' Days, 9:30 A.M. Evensong, 5:5
Contessions: Saturdays 4 to 5 and 8 to

SPRINGFIELD-Rt. Rev. John Chanler D.D., Bishop

St. Paul's Pro-Cathedral, Springfield Rev. George W. Ridgway Sundays: Mass, 7:30 and 10:45 A.M. Daily: 7:30 A.M.

WASHINGTON-Rt. Rev. Angus Dun Bishop

St. Agnes' Church, 46 Que St., N.W., Wa Rev. A. J. Dubois (on leave—U. S. Arm-William Eckman, SSJE, in charge Sun. Masses: 7, 9:30, 11: Vespers and Be 7:30

Mass daily: 7; Fri. 8 Holy Hour; Con Sat. 4:30 and 7:30

Church of the Epiphany, Washington Rev. Charles W. Sheerin, D.D.; Rev. Hi Lewis; Rev. Francis Yarnell, Litt.D. Sun.: 8 H.C.; 11 M.P.; 6 P.M. Y.P.F. E.P.; 1st Sun, of month, H.C. also at

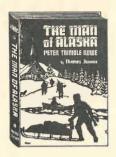
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